& BENEFITS THREATS

Benefits of Urban Trees

- clean air
- produce oxygenstormwater
- management
- city cooling
- reduce asthma rates
- reduce stress
- increase property values
- protect biodiversity
- increase recreation rates
- beautification

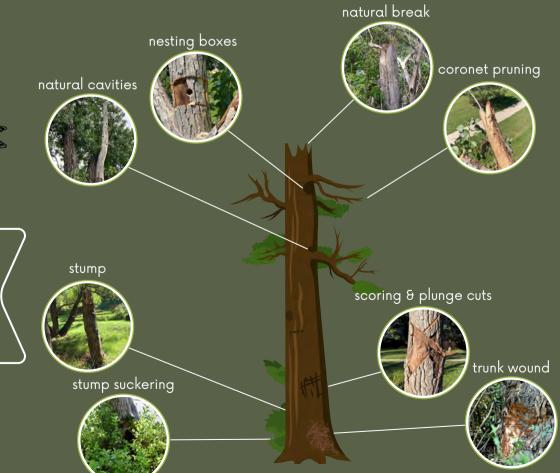
Benefits of Urban Birds

- control pests
- encourage native plantings
- promote conservation
 - practices
- promote outdoor hobbies
- support economy
- connect people to nature

REPURPOSING HAZARD FOR HABITAT ON THE FRONT RANGE:

A GUIDE TO PROMOTING BIRD ACTIVITY IN URBAN ENVIRONMENTS THROUGH HAZARDOUS TREE MITIGATION

www.littletonco.gov/habitat



Threats to Cavity Dwellers in Urban Environment:

- removal of natural habitat- dead trees
 improper use of pesticides
- improper use of pesticides
 urbanization/ destruction of native habitat
- reduced plant diversity
- competition for cavities with invasive species





PRUNING TECHNIQUES: Methods of Urban Wildlife Habitat Promotion







PASSIVE

be aware of preexisting habitat. as safety allows, advocate to leave them be!

examples: stump suckering, snag, natural fracture, stump

INTERMEDIATE

all you need is a chainsaw! potentially utilize climbing gear

examples: boring/ plunge cuts, scoring/ hashing, trunk wounding, coronet cuts (cuts made to mimic natural breaks)

INVOLVED

requires additional expertise, gear, and tools (ex: drill with spade bit attachments)

examples: drill cavity holes, mimic spiral fractures, bird house, nesting box installation

Common Cavity Nesters within the Urban Front Range

TALL NESTERS/ HUNTERS

<u>30+ ft. Perches, Platforms,</u> and Nesting <u>Sites</u>

- Hawks
 - Cooper's Hawk
 - Sharp-shinned Hawk



- Owls
- Great-horned Owls
- Eastern Screech Owls

LOW NESTERS

~4-10ft. Nesting Cavities

~4 inch diameter entrances: • Wood Duck

~1.125 inch diameter entrances: • House Wren WIDE RANGE NESTERS

~5-30ft. Nesting Cavities

- ~3 inch diameter entrances:
- American Kestrel



~4-15ft. Nesting Cavities

- ~1.125 inch diameter entrances:
- Black-capped Chickadee



~1.25 inch diameter entrances:

- Downy Woodpecker
- White-breasted Nuthatch



~1.5 inch diameter entrances: • Hairy Woodpecker

Tree Swallow



~3 inch diameter entrances • Northern Flicker



note: this graphic is an approximationcavities will be used anywhere on the tree that accommodates entry size and space for enlargement In most cases: the higher the nesting site, the better