

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the fiscal year ended **December 31**, 2017

City of Littleton, Colorado

Photo by Rosanne Juergens



Littleton, Colorado

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017

Prepared by the Department of Finance

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> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

CITY OF LITTLETON, COLORADO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017

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2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado



2017 CAFR

Introductory Section

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado



Finance Department 2255 West Berry Avenue Littleton, Colorado 80120 303-795-3765 303-795-3815

June 27, 2018

Members of City Council and the Citizens of the City of Littleton:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Littleton, Colorado for the year ended December 31, 2017. State law requires that all local governments publish, within seven months of the close of each year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent certified public accountant.

This report is published to provide the city council, city staff, citizens, and other readers with detailed information concerning the financial position and activities of the city. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed report is accurate in all material respects and is organized in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the city. The accompanying disclosures are necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the city's financial affairs.

Anton Collins Mitchell LLP has issued an unmodified opinion on the City of Littleton's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Independent Auditor's Report is at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the government

The City of Littleton was incorporated on March 8, 1890 with its Home-Rule Charter adopted July 28, 1959. Littleton is a second tier suburb of Denver, Colorado. It is approximately 13.5 square miles with the borders near Belleview Avenue on the north, S. Broadway on the east, County Line Road on the south and Platte Canyon Road/Lowell Blvd. on the west.

The City provides a full range of services. These services include: police and fire protection; emergency medical services; storm drainage utilities; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; library; and museum. The city jointly manages a regional wastewater treatment plant with the City of Englewood, a neighboring city to the north.

The City functions under a council-manager form of government. The city council comprises seven members elected by the citizens of Littleton, three at-large and four from districts. This seven member city council serves as the policy-making body of the city.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Littleton (the primary government), as well as its component unit. The blended component unit, the Littleton Colorado Municipal Building Authority, is presented as a proprietary fund type. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Littleton Colorado Municipal Building Authority. Although Littleton Riverfront Authority dba Littleton Invests for Tomorrow is a legally separate entity, separate financial statements are not issued and it is included in the City's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The city manager is required by the city charter to submit a budget to city council by September 15 of each year. The council must hold public hearings and the final budget must be adopted by December 1 of each year. The city manager and finance director have authority to transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof from one classification of expenditure to another within the same department, office or agency, in accordance with the city charter; provided that such transfers over \$100,000 per transaction require formal council consent.

Local economy

The City has many amenities to offer its citizens. Arapahoe Community College in the downtown area of Littleton serves 18,000 students on a 51-acre campus. South Platte Park is one of the largest suburban parks in the United States with over 880 acres of open space along the South Platte River. The City provides a museum which is one of two Smithsonian Affiliated museums in Colorado. Littleton is also home to two light rail train locations which provide commuter rail service to other areas within the Denver Metro area.

The City of Littleton's revenues reflected an improved economy as compared to 2016. General Fund revenues, excluding transfers in, were higher than 2016 by 13%. Sales and use taxes represented approximately 50% of total General Fund revenue and were 6% higher than 2016. In 2018, the city has budgeted a 3% increase in sales and use tax revenues over the 2017 adopted budget largely due to new business growth.

Colorado's economy is on solid footing with strong employment growth and expectations of an ongoing expansion. New business formation continues to grow, while Colorado oil production is at record levels. Although much of the state's economic growth has occurred along the Front Range, stabilizing farmland values and increases in energy prices and production have recently supported rural areas as well. Looking forward, higher costs of living and tight labor market conditions are expected to constrain further growth throughout 2018. The tax changes enacted at the federal level are expected to bolster business investment in the near term with slight increases to overall economic growth. Recent price data indicate possible inflation risk as tight labor markets and strong stock market returns may begin to overheat the economy, which could trigger the Federal Reserve to tighten monetary policy more than currently expected (Governor's Office of State Planning and Budgeting).

Long term financial planning

At the end of the year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,997,666, or 15% of total General Fund revenues. The 2018 General Fund budget is projecting a surplus of \$933,082, after transfers to other funds. Total 2018 General Fund revenues, before transfers, are estimated at \$64,879,694 or \$251,314 (less than 1%) under 2017 actual revenues. Total 2018 General Fund expenditures are budgeted at \$63,541,870 before transfers or \$4,605,607 over 2017 actual expenditures, an 8% increase.

Like most municipalities, Littleton faces challenges to sustainability and strategic growth. Staff and council members have embraced change, completed several initiatives and are moving forward with major improvements in processes and service delivery. The Economic Plan has been adopted and the Comprehensive Plan has been updated. There has been scenario planning for economic sustainability and growth within the city.

The city operates a "One Stop Shop" for building permits and plan reviews that includes all decisionmaking departments involved in the plan submittal process. The City also provides high end, no cost resources for business attraction, development retention and expansion. There has been significant analysis of retail opportunities and strategic planning while being proactive in recruitment of businesses and development.

Many efforts have been put forth in connecting with the community through transparent government platforms such as the "Community Scorecard Annual Report" and numerous social media forums. New branding – updated boundary and street signage has been added to give Downtown Littleton a distinctive identity with new signage, wayfinding and gateway improvements.

The Littleton Village community, coupled with several other developments throughout the City, is bringing new vitality to the city. The newly opened Staybridge Suites and Residence Inn near County Line Road provide additional hotel options for visitors. A new commercial building is under construction on Main Street and is designated in the Main Street Historic District. South Suburban Parks and Recreation is busy with park improvements at Writer's Vista Park and Bowles Grove Park which will improve existing community recreational opportunities.

Awards and Acknowledgements. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements, and are submitting it to the Government Finance Officers Association to determine its eligibility for another certificate. The GFOA has also awarded the City its Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the fiscal year 2017. This is the ninth consecutive year for this award.

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department appreciates the contributions made to prepare this report. We also would like to thank the mayor and city council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City.

Sincerely,

Mark Relph City Manager

Tiffany Hooten, CPA Finance Director



1. 1.

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Littleton Colorado

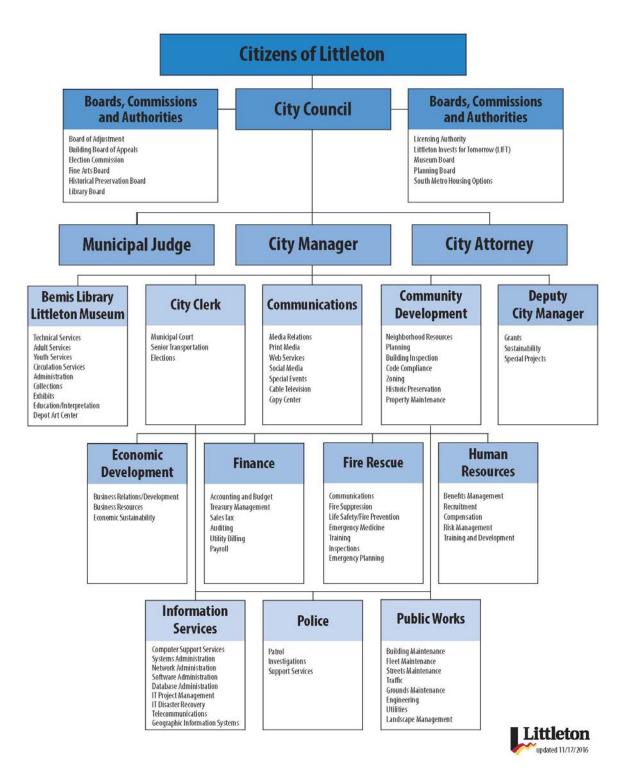
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Littleton Organizational Chart



List of Principal Officials December 31, 2017

MEMBERS OF 2017 CITY COUNCIL

		Term Expires
Mayor – District IV	Debbie Brinkman	2019
Mayor Pro-Tem – District II	Jerry Valdes	2019
City Council Member at large	Peggy Cole	2019
City Council Member at large	Karina Elrod	2021
City Council Member District III	Carol Fey	2021
City Council Member District I	Patrick Driscoll	2021
City Council Member at large	Kyle Schlachter	2019

CITY OFFICIALS

City Manager
Deputy City Manager
City Attorney
City Clerk
Communications
Community Development
Economic Development
Finance
Fire
Human Resources
Information Services
Library and Museum
Police
Public Works

Mark Relph G. Randolph Young Steve Kemp Wendy Heffner Kelli Narde Jocelyn Mills Denise Stephens Tiffany Hooten Christopher Armstrong Noel Mink Kenneth Price Timothy Nimz Douglas Stephens Keith Reester

SEPARATE AUTHORITIES

Littleton Municipal Building Authority Littleton Invests for Tomorrow (LIFT) Carle Zimmerman, President Kevin Seiler, Chairperson

Littleton 2017 City Council

Debbie Brinkman Mayor *District IV* Term expires 2019





Jerry Valdes Mayor Pro-Tem *District II* Term expires 2019

Peggy Cole City Council Member *at large* Term expires 2019



Karina Elrod City Council Member *at large* Term expires 2021

Carol Fey City Council Member *District III* Term expires 2021



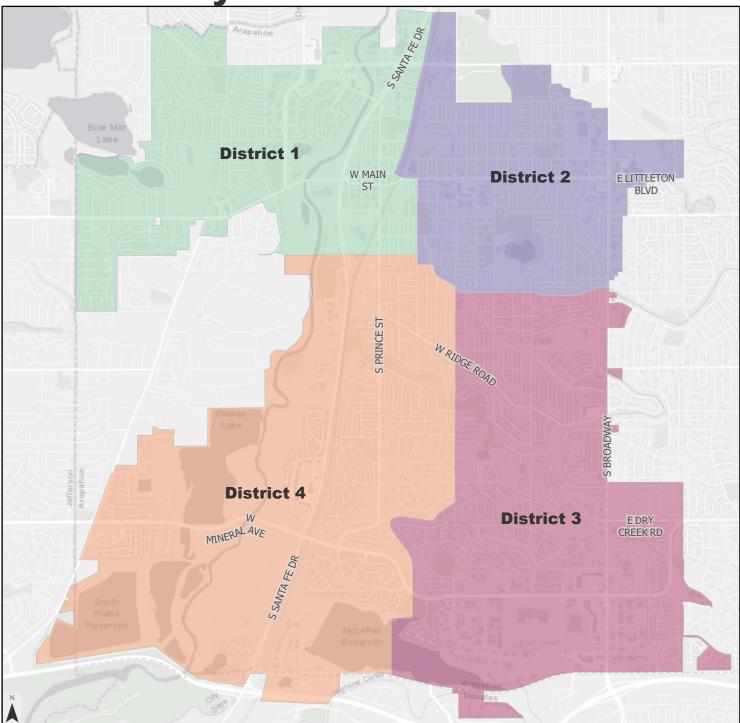


Patrick Driscoll City Council Member *District I* Term expires 2021

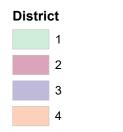
Kyle Schlachter City Council Member *at large* Term expires 2019



City Council Districts







These map products and all underlying data were developed for use by the City of Littleton for its internal purposes only, and were not designed or intended for general use by members of the public. The city makes no representation or warranty as to its accuracy, timeliness, or completeness, and in particular, its accuracy in labeling or displaying dimensions, contours, property boundaries, or placement or location of any map features thereon. THE CITY OF LITTLETON MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY FOR FITNESS OF USE FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THESE MAP PRODUCTS OR THE UNDERLYING DATA.

Littleton

City of Llttleton 2255 W Berry Ave Littleton, CO 80120 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado



2017 CAFR

Financial Section

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Littleton, Colorado (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plant Joint Venture, a joint venture of the City, which represents 19 percent and 56 percent, respectively, of the assets, and 21 percent and 27 percent, respectively, of the revenues of the business-type activity and Sewer Utility Fund (a major enterprise fund). Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plan Joint Venture, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plant Joint Venture were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund



information of the City of Littleton, Colorado as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 12 through 20 and the budgetary comparison information on page 63, and the pension related schedules on pages 64 through 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Local Highway Finance Report and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of expenditures of federal awards and Local Highway Finance Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Collins Mikhall LCP

Denver, Colorado June 27, 2018

This section of the City of Littleton's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) offers readers a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2017. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements, contained in this report.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the year, the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$203,714,688 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$80,310,126 (*unrestricted net position*) may meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Additionally, a 3% reserve, \$2,155,723, for emergencies required by Colorado statute is restricted in the General Fund, \$2,582,992 is restricted for open space and parks, \$5,582,534 is restricted for employee benefits (pension, city-wide) and \$3,000,000 is restricted for rate stabilization in the Sewer Fund. Other restrictions of \$1,230,679 are imposed for the Bi-city joint venture, maintenance of a museum collection and debt.

- The net position of the City increased by \$13,568,178, or approximately 7% as compared to 2016. In the governmental activities, revenues exceeded expenses by \$7,821,326 and revenues exceeded expenses by \$5,746,852 in the business-type activities.
- As of December 31, 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,179,780, while the City's proprietary funds reported a combined net position of \$75,014,622.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report comprises four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental and proprietary funds and internal service funds.

This discussion and analysis should serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information besides the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* provide readers with a broad overview of the city's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between these categories reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the city is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of when cash is received or paid*. Revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the city principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the city include general government, public safety, public works, welfare, culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the city include the Sewer Utility, Storm Drainage, Emergency Medical Transport, South Metro Area Communications Center, Geneva Village, and Building Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate building authority and a legally separate urban development authority. Although legally separate, these entities function as agencies of the city, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government. These entities do not issue separate financial statements.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Littleton, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by state law and bond covenants. The city council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as the Capital Projects Fund or the Geneva Village Fund, or to show that the City is properly using certain taxes and grants, such as open space monies or federal grants. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *current inflows and outflows of available resources*, and on *balances of unrestricted resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, both of which are major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains eight proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Sewer Utility, Storm Drainage, Emergency Medical Transport, South Metro Area Communications Center, Geneva Village, and Building Authority. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employee benefits and property and liability insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Sewer Utility, Storm Drainage, Emergency Medical Transport, South Metro Area Communications Center, Geneva Village, and Building Authority. The Sewer Utility, Storm Drainage, and Emergency Medical Transport enterprise funds are major funds. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. With the City of Littleton, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$203,714,688 at the close of the most recent fiscal year (see Table A-1.)

		nmental ivities		ess-type ivities	1	Fotal	Total Percentage Change
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016 - 2017
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 45,299,278 93,019,439	\$ 48,843,705 96,365,471	\$ 81,676,665 17,303,855	\$ 80,420,743 21,887,656	\$ 126,975,943 110,323,294	\$ 129,264,448 118,253,127	1.80% 7.19%
Total assets	138,318,717	145,209,176	98,980,520	102,308,399	237,299,237	247,517,575	4.31%
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,938,645	4,963,633	745,174	905,777	4,683,819	5,869,410	25.31%
Long-term liabilities	9,562,366	10,210,844	28,080,017	25,391,192	37,642,383	35,602,036	-5.42%
Other liabilities	6,731,597	5,069,253	2,323,771	2,710,147	9,055,368	7,779,400	-14.09%
Total liabilities	16,293,963	15,280,097	30,403,788	28,101,339	46,697,751	43,381,436	-7.10%
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,084,659	6,192,646	54,136	98,215	5,138,795	6,290,861	22.42%
Net investment in capital assets	85,040,318	88,309,978	15,793,855	20,542,656	100,834,173	108,852,634	7.95%
Restricted	9,011,471	9,507,638	5,027,661	5,044,290	14,039,132	14,551,928	3.65%
Unrestricted	26,826,951	30,882,450	48,446,254	49,427,676	75,273,205	80,310,126	6.69%
Total net position	\$ 120,878,740	\$ 128,700,066	\$ 69,267,770	\$ 75,014,622	\$ 190,146,510	\$ 203,714,688	7.14%

Table A-1City of Littleton's Net Position

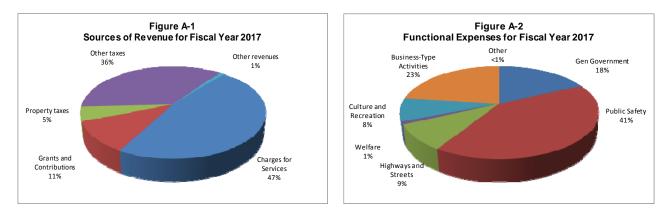
Capital assets reflect the City's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

The largest portion of the City's net position is invested in capital assets, which represents \$108,852,634 or 53% of total net position.

Of the City's \$203,714,688 net position, \$14,551,928 is restricted for various purposes including the emergency reserves as required by the Colorado Constitution, open space for parks, rate stabilization and operating expenses of the Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plant joint venture, employee benefits, maintenance of a museum collection and debt.

Changes in Net Position. The City's total revenues were higher than the prior year by \$5,004,125 or 5%. Revenues in 2017 were \$104,218,809 as compared to \$99,214,684 in 2016. Operating and capital grants increased by \$391,081 or 3%. Sales, general use and building use tax revenues were \$1.8 million higher than 2016. Charges for services increased by \$215,225. Almost half of total revenues are received from charges for services which includes fire department contracted reimbursements and impact fees. For business-type activities, sewer operating revenues increased 3% compared to 2016. Approximately 41% of the City's total revenues come from property and other types of taxes (see Figure A-1).

The total cost of all programs and services, \$90,650,631, increased by 6% from 2016. The City's expenses cover a range of services, of which more than half is related to public safety and business-type activities (Figure A-2).



Governmental Activities

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Revenues. Total revenues for all governmental activities were \$77,341,948. This is an increase from 2016 of \$4,924,257 or 7%. The following depicts the major revenue sources for the governmental activities:

- The fire department contracted reimbursements were \$16,393,693.
- Additional charges for services were \$10,762,762 which includes fire department contracted administration fees, court costs, Littleton Public Schools officers, Littleton VALE, building permits, impact fees, highway users tax, open space, county road and bridge, plans checking, lottery funds and other miscellaneous revenues.
- Grants and contributions related to public safety, highways and streets, welfare and culture and recreation were \$5,471,873.
- Tax related revenues were \$41,965,487.
- The total for interest and miscellaneous revenues is \$810,229.

Expenses. Expenses were higher in 2017 as compared to 2016 by \$3,363,686 or 5% and is mostly related to personnel cost increases.

		nmental		ness-type			Total Percentage
	2016	2017	Activities 2016 2017		2016	2017	Change 2016 - 2017
Revenues:	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2010 - 2017
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 27,408,959	\$ 27,156,455	\$ 20,059,127	\$ 20,526,856	\$ 47,468,086	\$ 47,683,311	0.45%
Operating grants and contributions	451,102	373,617		• 20,020,000	451,102	373,617	-17.18%
Capital grants and contributions	4,291,367	5,098,256	6,577,884	6,239,561	10,869,251	11,337,817	4.31%
General revenues:	1,201,007	0,000,200	0,077,001	0,200,001	10,007,201	11,007,017	110170
Property taxes	4.602.678	4,712,762	-	-	4,602,678	4,712,762	2.39%
Other taxes	36,797,417	37,252,725	-	-	36,797,417	37,252,725	1.24%
TABOR revenue refund	(1,937,904)	1,937,904	-	-	(1,937,904)	1.937.904	200.00%
Other	804,072	810,229	159,982	110,444	964,054	920,673	-4.50%
Total revenues	72,417,691	77,341,948	26,796,993	26,876,861	99,214,684	104,218,809	5.04%
Expenses:							
General government	15,642,309	15,549,725			15,642,309	15,549,725	-0.59%
Public safety	34,709,838	37,100,415	-	-	34,709,838	37,100,415	6.89%
Highways and streets	8,112,334	8,958,729	-	-	8,112,334	8,958,729	10.43%
Welfare	445,663	375,201	-	_	445.663	375.201	-15.81%
Culture and recreation	6,659,154	6,961,335	-	-	6,659,154	6,961,335	4.54%
Interest	239,314	226,893	-	-	239,314	226,893	-5.19%
Sewer Utility			12.856.629	13.506.699	12,856,629	13,506,699	5.06%
Storm Drainage	-	-	808,619	837,033	808,619	837,033	3.51%
Emergency Medical Transportation	-	-	4,482,429	5,514,890	4,482,429	5,514,890	23.03%
South Metro Comm Center	-	-	1,225,387	1,314,496	1,225,387	1,314,496	7.27%
Geneva Village	-	-	148,263	190,090	148,263	190,090	28.21%
Building Authority	-	-	122,842	115,125	122,842	115,125	-6.28%
Total expenses	65,808,612	69,172,298	19,644,169	21,478,333	85,452,781	90,650,631	6.08%
Increase in net position	6,609,079	8,169,650	7,152,824	5,398,528	13,761,903	13,568,178	-1.41%
before transfers							
Transfers	(344,166)	(348,324)	344,166	348,324	-	-	N/A
Increase in net position	6,264,913	7,821,326	7,496,990	5,746,852	13,761,903	13,568,178	-1.41%
Net position - beginning - restated	114,613,827	120,878,740	61,770,780	69,267,770	176,384,607	190,146,510	7.80%
Net position - ending	\$ 120,878,740	\$ 128,700,066	\$ 69,267,770	\$ 75,014,622	\$ 190,146,510	\$ 203,714,688	7.14%

 Table A-2

 City of Littleton's Changes in Net Position

Business-type Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities increased by \$79,868 or less than 1% and expenses increased by \$1,834,164 or 9% (see Table A-2). Factors contributing to these results include:

- Sewer utility and storm drainage charges for services revenue increased \$408,453 (3%) due to user rate increases.
- Sewer utility and storm drainage capital contributions decreased by \$338,323 due to a slight decrease in tap fee connections and infrastructure capital contributions in 2017.
- Sewer utility operating expenses increased by \$683,393 or 8% due to increased costs related to the sewer plant and maintenance costs.
- Storm drainage operating expenses increased by \$28,414 or 4% due to increases in personnel expenses as well as repair and maintenance costs.
- Emergency medical transport revenues decreased \$220,208 (5%) and expenses increased \$1,032,461 (23%).
- Other business-type activity revenues and expenses were consistent as compared to the prior year.

Fund Financial Analysis

Governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements focus on *current inflows and outflows of available resources*, and on *balances of unassigned resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term requirements.

At the end of 2017, the combined ending fund balances of the governmental funds were \$33,179,780. This is an increase of \$3,780,469 from 2016. The unassigned fund balance was \$9,997,666 or 30% of the total fund balances. The remaining fund balance of \$23,182,114 is classified:

\$ 596,556
4,759,299
 17,826,259
\$ 23,182,114
-

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the city and its ending fund balance on December 31, 2017 was \$13,058,890. Of this amount, \$340,654 was nonspendable in the form of inventories and prepaid items; \$2,155,723 restricted for TABOR emergencies; \$564,847 was assigned and \$9,997,666 was unassigned. The fund balance increased by \$3,908,517 from 2016.

As compared to 2016, total revenues (excluding transfers in) increased by \$7,395,254 or 13% and expenditures (excluding transfers out) increased by \$2,265,478 or 4%. Excluding the TABOR revenue refund, 2017 revenues exceeded the prior year by \$3,519,446 or 6%. Key factors are:

- An increase in sales and use tax revenues of \$1,765,220 or 6%.
- An increase in intergovernmental revenues (mostly reimbursement for fire services) of \$2,223,848 or 15%.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$110,084 or 2%.
- Charges for services decreased \$165,892 or 6%.
- In November 2017, the voters approved the City to retain the \$1,937,904 TABOR refund to be spent on capital projects.
- Public safety costs increased by \$1,736,570 or 5% primarily due to completing the first full operational year for Fire Station #19.
- City-wide expenditures were higher due to overall increased personnel costs.
- The General Fund had an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$6,194,745 prior to other financing uses. Net transfers between the General Fund and all other funds were negative \$2,286,228.

Other Governmental Funds. The Capital Projects Fund ending fund balance was \$14,098,782. The fund balance decreased by \$1,705,071 from 2016 due to several factors including a decrease in building use tax revenues of approximately \$1.4 million. Revenues (excluding transfers in) were lower than the prior year by \$2,082,143 due mainly to the decrease in building use taxes and a decrease in proceeds from capital leases of approx. \$0.5 million. Expenditures were lower than the prior year by \$815,727 (8%); however, \$1,400,000 in capital proceeds were received to offset the purchase of a fire platform truck.

The Conservation Trust Fund ending fund balance decreased by \$218,091 due to signage improvements along the Mary Carter Greenway Trail and lighting efficiency improvements at Edwin A. Bemis Public Library. Lottery revenues were \$26,308 (11%) lower in 2017 than 2016, with expenditures being lower in 2017 by \$105,158 (significant improvements were completed at the Edwin A. Bemis Public Library in 2016 resulting in higher expenditures that year).

The city's Open Space Fund ending fund balance increased by \$656,360 due to a decrease in expenditures as compared to 2016.

The city's Impact Fee Fund ending fund balance increased by \$1,107,470 in 2017. Impact fee revenues were significantly lower than 2016 by \$2,033,908. This is due primarily to the development of Littleton Village in 2016 and fewer large developments completing the permitting stage in 2017. Expenditures decreased as compared to 2016 as no new improvements were completed with impact fees in 2017.

Proprietary Funds. Sewer Utility Fund ending net position was \$59,097,471 which was \$5.8 million or 11% higher than the 2016 ending net position. The increased ending net position is the result of infrastructure capital contributions and tap fee connections. Operating revenues were higher by \$422,103 (3%) than 2016. Operating expenses were 8% higher in 2017 as repair and maintenance expenses were higher in 2017.

The Storm Drainage Fund reported an increase in net position of \$915,872 due to infrastructure capital contributions.

The Emergency Medical Transport Fund's net position was \$1,645,147 which was lower than 2016 by \$1,143,428. An increase in operating expenses of \$1,032,461 is the result of increased medical transport services provided in 2017 as compared to 2016.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund accounts for all of the general services provided by the city. At the end of 2017, differences between the original budgeted expenditures and the final amended budgeted expenditures, including transfers, were an additional \$3,783,664 or 6% of the original budget. This difference was the result of encumbered purchase orders from fiscal year 2016 that were not fulfilled in that year and were carried forward into the 2017 fiscal year as well as budget amendments totaling \$2,634,104 including increases for transfer of the TABOR refund to the Capital Projects Fund, property & liability expenses, contracting services for city attorney, roof inspections, engineering and development review services.

Intergovernmental revenues were \$392,026 higher than budgeted due to reimbursements through fire partner contracts. License and permits were \$97,619 lower and charges for services were \$55,643 lower than budgeted amounts, mainly due to decreased building permit and plans checking fees. The reversal of the 2016 TABOR revenue refund of \$1,937,904 adds to the already positive revenue budget variance in the General Fund for a total budget variance of \$2,421,778.

Actual expenditures were lower from the final budget by \$4,235,847 or 7% lower than the final budget due to position vacancies, professional services, and grants and incentives savings. Total budget variance for the General Fund, excluding transfers, was \$6,657,625.

During the current fiscal year, fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$3,908,517. The original budget for fund balance showed an increase for 2017 of \$106,190 and the final budget included a decrease of \$3,677,474 creating a positive budget variance of \$7,585,991. This variance is mainly due to expenditures being lower than budgeted as described above.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The city's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2017, amounts to \$108,852,634 (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, see Table A-1). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, bridges, including construction work in progress. More detailed information about the city's capital assets is presented in Note IV to the financial statements.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included:

- Completion of a new traffic signal and addition of a left-hand turn lane at County Line and Broadway intersection using federal funds.
- Enhanced security features at the Littleton Center, Courthouse and Belleview Service Center including new entry gates for the police parking lot and the service center.
- Several roads were resurfaced and improvements were made to neighborhood curbs, gutters, and sidewalks.
- The fire department replaced one fire engine and purchased a new platform truck. In addition, the department purchased two new extractors and dryers for bunker gear, and replaced several lifepaks and one LUCAS device.
- Seventeen city vehicles were replaced with newer vehicles.
- Several signs were installed as part of the Wayfinding plan on the Mary Carter Greenway Trail which runs alongside South Platte River.
- Recreational projects were completed including the Ketring Lake Well, Little's Creek Park Playground, the Highline Canal Pedestrian Bridge at Bannock Street and improvements along the South Platte River at Reynolds Landing.

Debt Administration

The City of Littleton's total debt outstanding for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2017 was \$33,308,808 (see Table A-3). This comprises capital leases of \$8,055,493, an assignment certificate of \$1,345,000 and revenue loans and premiums of \$23,908,315. More detailed information about the city's debt is presented in Notes V and VI to the financial statements.

		Governmental Activities		ess-type vities	Te	otal	Percentage Change
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016 - 2017
Capital Leases	\$ 7,979,121	\$ 8,055,493	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,979,121	\$ 8,055,493	0.96%
Assignment Certificate Revenue Bonds	-	-	1,510,000 26,570,017	1,345,000 23,908,315	1,510,000 26,570,017	1,345,000 23,908,315	-10.93% -10.02%
	\$ 7,979,121	\$ 8,055,493	\$ 28,080,017	\$ 25,253,315	\$ 36,059,138	\$ 33,308,808	-7.63%

Table A-3 City of Littleton's Outstanding Debt

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

A recent pullback in the economic outlook and a tight labor market in Colorado have led to a more conservative revenue outlook in 2018. The 2018 Budget is one of financially constrained action and investment. In 2018, budgeted operating revenues are estimated to decrease by less than 1% from 2017's actual operating revenues. The city's sales and use tax revenues, which comprise 52% of the 2018 General Fund revenues, are estimated to rise by 1.5% to \$33,233,530. The city's property tax mill levy remains the same at 6.662 mills.

The city council discussed 14 policy questions when adopting the 2018 budget. These issues included adding 4.5 full-time employee positions to improve the city's current levels of service, including three patrol officers.

The 2018 appropriation in the General Fund is \$63,946,612, a decrease of \$2,440,092, or 4% below the 2017 final budget of \$66,386,704. The decrease is a direct result of the elimination of the annual transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund in 2018. Council's policy that the budget should be balanced with expected revenues was adhered to as the 2018 General Fund revenues were adopted at \$64,879,694.

If the 2018 budget is realized in the General Fund, the city's budgetary fund balance is expected to be \$13,991,972, which equals an ending fund balance reserve of 22% of 2018 operating expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report provides a general overview of the city's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning the information in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Littleton, 2255 West Berry Avenue, Littleton, CO 80120, or to thooten@littletongov.org, or 303-795-3765.

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado



2017 CAFR

Basic Financial Statements 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

City of Littleton, Colorado Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

Governmental Activities Busines-type Activities Total Function resists Activities Activities Total For Tomorrow ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 35,028,859 \$ 26,791,943 \$ 61,820,802 \$ 391,558 Readvables for of allowance for uncollectibles 11,827,580 2,078,723 13,706,303 164 Due from component unit 152,534 - 152,534 - 152,534 - Cash and investments 226,260 4,210,065 4,126,55 - 244,426,55 - - Cash and investments 220,260 4,210,009 30,994,966 - - Non-doprocipide assets 69,377,604 17,280,577 87,258,161 - - Deference botween projected and actual experiance between projected and actual experiance due ecrows 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - - - - - - - - - - <			Primary Government		Component Unit	
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Cash and investments \$ 35,022,859 \$ 26,791,943 \$ 61,820,802 \$ 391,559 Reevicubics (red allowance for uncollectibles) 11,827,500 2,078,723 13,706,303 164 Internal balances 334,107 (334,107) - 152,634 - Due from component unit 152,534 - 152,634 - - Restricted assets: 201,01,65 4,210,005 4,412,655 - - Cash and investments 202,560 4,210,005 4,412,655 - - Caphal assets 69,377,607 102,308,399 247,517,575 391,722 Depreschale assets 163,270,0176 102,308,399 247,517,575 391,722 Depreschale assets 11,38,675 207,789 1,346,464 - - Differences between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - - Changes in person plan investments 2,294,409 408,653 2,644,062 - - - - <t< th=""><th></th><th>Activities</th><th>Activities</th><th>Total</th><th>For Tomorrow</th></t<>		Activities	Activities	Total	For Tomorrow	
Cash and investments \$ 35,022,869 \$ 26,791,943 \$ 61,820,802 \$ 391,558 Receivables (red allowance for uncollectibles) 11,627,580 2,078,723 13,706,303 164 Internal balances 334,107 (334,107) - 152,634 - Due from component unit 152,634 - 152,634 - - Restricted assets: 201,01,05 4,412,655 - 244,986 -	ASSETS					
Receivables (not of allowance for uncollectibes) 11.627.580 2.078.723 13.706.303 144 Internal balances 334.107 (334.107) - - Due from component unit 152.534 - 15.2534 - Inventories 284.986 - 284.986 - 284.986 - Cash and investments 202.560 4.210.095 4.412.655 -		\$ 35.028.859	\$ 26.791.943	\$ 61.820.802	\$ 391.558	
uncelletibles) 11.627.580 2.078.723 13.706.303 164 Internal balances 334.107 (334.107) - 152.534 - Due from component unit 152.534 - 152.534 - Inventories 284.986 - 284.986 - 284.986 - Restricted assets: 202.560 4.210.097.979 4.75.50.579 -		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• -, - ,	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	
Due from component unit 152,534 - 152,534 Inventories 284,986 - 284,986 - Prepaid lams 311,570 - 311,570 - Restricted assets 202,560 4,210,085 4,412,655 - Cash and investments 202,560 4,210,085 4,412,655 - Cash and investments 202,560 4,200,085 4,412,655 - Cash and investments 26,987,867 4,007,093 30,994,966 - Cash assets 63,377,604 17,800,657 07,258,161 391,722 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension-related: 164,867,577 391,722 DEFERRED outprected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Net difference between expected and actual experience 1,946 355 2,301 - Changes in assumptions 1,946 355 2,301 - - City corticutions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 - <t< td=""><td></td><td>11,627,580</td><td>2,078,723</td><td>13,706,303</td><td>164</td></t<>		11,627,580	2,078,723	13,706,303	164	
Inventories 224.986 - 284.986 - Prepaid lems 311.570 - 311.570 - Cash and investments 202.560 4.210.095 4.412.655 - Equity in Bi-City joint venture - 47.509.579 47.509.579 - Capital assets (not of accumulated depreciation): - 47.509.579 47.509.579 - Non-depreciable assets 69.977.604 17.880.557 67.258.161 - Depreciable assets 69.977.604 17.880.557 67.258.161 - Depreciable assets 69.977.604 17.880.557 67.258.161 - Depreciable assets 69.977.604 17.880.557 67.258.161 - Difference between respected and actual 1.138.675 207.789 1.346.464 - Net difference between respected and actual 1.027.406 187.500 1.214.998 - Charges in proportion 1.946 35 2.301 - - Total defered outflows of resources 4.963.633 90.5777 <t< td=""><td>Internal balances</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Internal balances			-	-	
Prepaid lems 311,570 - 311,570 Restricted assets: 202,560 4,210,095 4,412,665 - Cash and investments 202,560 4,510 1,066,019 - Capital assets (not of accumulated depreciation): Non-depreciable assets 26,987,867 4,007,099 30,984,966 - Non-depreciable assets 26,987,867 4,007,099 30,984,966 - - Total assets 145,203,176 102,306,339 247,517,575 391,722 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Parsion-related: - - - 314,646 - Differences between projected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,779 1,346,464 - - Not difference between projected and actual experience 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 - - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - - 150,000 City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,503 6,744,603 152,338 - 313,18	Due from component unit	152,534	-	152,534	-	
Prestricted assets: 202,560 4,210,095 4,412,655 - Equity in BI-City joint venture - 47,509,579 47,509,579 - Nor-depreciable assets 901,509 164,510 1,060,019 - Nor-depreciable assets 26,987,867 4,007,099 30,994,966 - Depreciable assets 145,209,176 102,308,399 247,517,575 391,722 DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Persion-related: - 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Persion-related: Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension phain investments 2,239,409 408,653 2,648,062 - Changes in person phain phain investments 2,239,409 408,653 2,648,062 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1027,496 187,500 1,214,996 - Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,744,003 152,239 Accounts payable and other current liabilities	•		-	284,986	-	
Cash and investments 202,560 4.210,095 4.412,655 Capity in EVicy joint venture - 47,509,579 47,509,579 Non-depreciable assets 901,509 164,510 1,066,019 Capital assets (rist of accumulated depreciation): Non-depreciable assets 69,377,604 17,880,557 87,258,161 Non-depreciable assets 69,377,604 17,880,557 87,258,161 991,722 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Persion-related: 102,306,399 247,617,755 391,722 Differences between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Nat difference between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Changes in proportion 1,438,675 207,789 1,346,464 - - City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 - Total deferred outflows of resources - - - - - Accounds payable and other current liabilities 6,2495 260,399 322,884 2,533	Prepaid Items	311,570	-	311,570	-	
Equity in Bi-City joint venture 47,509,579 47,509,579 Net pension assat 901,509 164,510 1,066,019 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 26,987,867 4,007,099 30,994,966 Depreciate assets 145,209,176 102,308,399 247,517,575 391,722 DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Net differences between projected and actual examings on pension phain investments 2,239,409 408,653 2,648,062 - Changes in assumptions 556,107 101,480 657,587 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - LABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,003 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,003 152,338 Noncurrent liabilities 4,525,641 -	Restricted assets:					
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Net pension asset 901,509 164,510 1,066,019 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 26,987,867 4,007,099 30,994,966 37,258,161 301,722 Depreciable assets 26,97,867 17,880,557 37,258,161 301,722 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 11,38,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Differences between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - Total assumptions 566,107 152,438 - - - Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,794,603 152,338 Accrued interg payable and other current liabilities - - - - 150,000 Deposits and exerows 381,318 - 381,318 - 381,318 - Due in more than one year 1,474,869 2,2,87,673 30,3	Equity in Bi-City joint venture	-	47,509,579	47,509,579	-	
Non-depreciable assets 26,387,867 4,077,099 30,994,966 Depreciable assets 117,880,557 67,288,161 247,517,575 391,722 DEFERRED OUTLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension-related: 1138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Net difference between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - - LIABILITIES 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - - - - - 150,000 Due intrang government - - - 2,365,642 4,305,511 - 30,348,644 - - - - 150,000 - - - - - - -		901,509	164,510	1,066,019	-	
Non-depreciable assets 26,387,867 4,077,099 30,994,966 Depreciable assets 117,880,557 67,288,161 247,517,575 391,722 DEFERRED OUTLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension-related: 1138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Net difference between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - - LIABILITIES 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - - - - - 150,000 Due intrang government - - - 2,365,642 4,305,511 - 30,348,644 - - - - 150,000 - - - - - - -	Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Depreciable asets 69.377,604 17,800,557 87,258,161			4.007.099	30.994.966	-	
Total assets 145,209,176 102,308,399 247,517,575 391,722 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension-related: Differences 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Net differences between projected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Changes in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 2,239,409 408,663 2,648,062 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - - City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 - Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,388 Accrued interest payable 62,495 260,389 322,884 2,534 Due to primary government - - 301,318 - 301,318 Uneamed revenues - 290,595 - 290,595 - Due to primary government - 3,477,893,441 - - Due to more than one year 7,586,4431 -					-	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension-reliated: Differences between expected and actual experience experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plani investments 2,239,409 408,653 2,648,062 Changes in assumptions 556,107 101,480 667,587 Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Due to primary government - - - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 - Due within one year 1,474,469 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Due within one year 7,980,411 22,807,673 30,340,084 - Due in more than one year 7,980,411 22,807,673 30,342,084 -	•				391,722	
Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 2,239,409 408,653 2,648,062 - Changes in assumptions 556,107 101,480 657,587 - Changes in assumptions 1,946 355 2,301 - City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 - Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accrued interest payable 62,495 260,389 322,884 2,534 Due to primary government - - - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 - Due within one year 1,474,669 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Due within one year 1,528,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 Due within one year 1,647,669 2,885,642 1,629,0861 164						
Differences between expected and actual experience 1,138,675 207,789 1,346,464 - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 2,239,409 408,653 2,648,062 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - LABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Due to primary government - - - 15,000 Due to primary government - - 290,595 290,595 Net revenues - 290,595 290,595 - Due in more than one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
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earnings on persion plan investments 2,239,409 408,653 2,648,062 Changes in assumptions 556,107 101,480 657,587 Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,764,603 152,388 Accrued interest payable 62,495 260,389 322,884 2,534 Due to primary government - - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 Due within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 Due within one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DefFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Persion-related: Differences between expected and actual	experience	1,138,675	207,789	1,346,464	-	
Changes in assumptions 556,107 101,480 657,887 Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - Changes in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 - Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Due to primary government - - - 150,000 - 150,000 Due within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 - - - 152,80,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 Due in more than one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 - -	Net difference between projected and actual					
Charges in proportion 1,946 355 2,301 City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 - Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Due to primary government - - - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 - Noncurrent liabilities: 1 220,595 290,595 - Due within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Noncurrent liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 Due in more than one year 7,980,411 2,2,67,677 30,344,084 - Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 Deference barbices 6,192,64	earnings on pension plan investments	2,239,409	408,653	2,648,062	-	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 - Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - - LIABILITIES Accrued interest payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,388 Due to primary government - - - 150,000 Depositis and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 - 150,000 Due inprimary government - - - 150,000 - 150,000 Due within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 - - - 150,000 Due within one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 - - - - 160,000 - - 164,005,11 - - - - - - - - 150,000 - 30,348,064 - - - - - - - - - - <	Changes in assumptions	556,107	101,480	657,587	-	
measurement date 1,027,496 187,500 1,214,996 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 - LABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Due to primary government - - - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 - 150,000 Due on more than one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 - - 150,000 Due within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 -	Changes in proportion	1,946	355	2,301	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources 4,963,633 905,777 5,869,410 LABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accounts payable and other current liabilities 62,495 260,389 322,884 2,534 Due to primary government - - - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 - Unearned revenues - 290,595 290,595 - Noncurrent liabilities: - 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Due in more than one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 - Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 - Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Net investment in capital assets 88,309,978 20,542,656 108,852,634 - Net investment in capital	City contributions subsequent to the					
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Accounts payable and other current liabilities 4,625,440 2,159,163 6,784,603 152,338 Accoued interest payable 62,495 260,389 322,884 2,534 Due to primary government - - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 - Uneamed revenues - 290,595 290,595 - Noncurrent liabilities: - 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Due within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Total liabilities 152,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 - Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 - Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION - 2,155,723 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
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Due to primary government - - - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 381,318 - 150,000 Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 290,595 290,595 - Noncurrent liabilities: - 290,595 290,595 - - Due within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 - - Due in more than one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 - - Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION - 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Restricted for: - 2,0542,656 108,852,634 - - <t< td=""><td>Accounts payable and other current liabilities</td><td>4,625,440</td><td>2,159,163</td><td>6,784,603</td><td>152,338</td></t<>	Accounts payable and other current liabilities	4,625,440	2,159,163	6,784,603	152,338	
Deposits and escrows 381,318 - 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 290,595 200,511 200,596 20,544,613 20,554 20,554,431 20,554,431 20,542,656 108,852,634 20,542,656 108,852,634 20,542,656 108,852,634 20,542,656 108,852,634 20,562,534 20,582,992 2,562,992 2,562,992 2,562,992 2,562,523	Accrued interest payable	62,495	260,389	322,884	2,534	
Uneamed revenues 290,595 290,595 - Noncurrent liabilities: - 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Due within one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 - Net pension liability 755,564 137,877 893,441 - Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 - Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION - 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Emergencies 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,534 - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 </td <td>Due to primary government</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>150,000</td>	Due to primary government	-	-	-	150,000	
Noncurrent liabilities: Jue within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Due in more than one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 - Net pension liability 755,564 137,877 893,441 - Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,165,723 - Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,682,992 - 2,582,634 - Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,652,534 - - Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,6	Deposits and escrows	381,318	-	381,318	-	
Due within one year 1,474,869 2,885,642 4,360,511 - Due in more than one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 - Net pension liability 755,564 137,877 893,441 - Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 <	Unearned revenues	-	290,595	290,595	-	
Due in more than one year 7,980,411 22,367,673 30,348,084 Net pension liability 755,564 137,877 893,441 - Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - 5,654,431 -	Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net pension liability 755,564 137,877 893,441 - Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Restricted for: - 2,155,723<	Due within one year		2,885,642	4,360,511	-	
Total liabilities 15,280,097 28,101,339 43,381,436 304,872 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - 164 NET POSITION 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 Net investment in capital assets 88,309,978 20,542,656 108,852,634 - Restricted for: Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Employee benefits 4,748,339 834,195 5,582,534 - - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - Rate stabilization - 3,000,000 3,000,000 - - 3,000,000 - Bi-city joint ventur	Due in more than one year	7,980,411	22,367,673	30,348,084	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Restricted for: - 2,0542,656 108,852,634 - Changes and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Copen space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Emergencies 2,0584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 -	Net pension liability	755,564	137,877		-	
Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Restricted for: - 2,155,723 - 2,15	Total liabilities	15,280,097	28,101,339	43,381,436	304,872	
Property tax 5,654,431 - 5,654,431 164 Pension-related: Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Restricted for: - 2,155,723 - 2,15	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
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Differences between expected and actual experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 - Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION -		0,001,101		0,001,101		
experience 38,428 7,012 45,440 Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Restricted for: 7,012 4,540 164 Den space and parks 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Employee benefits 4,748,339 834,195 5,582,534 - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - Bi-city joint venture - 1,210,000 3,000,000 - Bi-city joint venture - 95 95 - Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,666						
Changes in proportion 499,787 91,203 590,990 - Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Restricted for: 20,542,656 108,852,634 - Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Emergencies 4,748,339 834,195 5,582,534 - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - Rate stabilization - 3,000,000 3,000,000 - Bi-city joint venture - 1,210,000 1,210,000 - Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,666	•	38 428	7 012	45 440	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources 6,192,646 98,215 6,290,861 164 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 88,309,978 20,542,656 108,852,634 - Restricted for: Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - 20,584 - Bi-city joint venture - 3,000,000 3,000,000 - - 1,210,000 - Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,686 86,686			<i>)</i> -	-, -	-	
Net investment in capital assets 88,309,978 20,542,656 108,852,634 - Restricted for: - - 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Employee benefits 4,748,339 834,195 5,582,534 - - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - - 20,584 - Rate stabilization - 3,000,000 3,000,000 -					164	
Net investment in capital assets 88,309,978 20,542,656 108,852,634 - Restricted for: - - 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Employee benefits 4,748,339 834,195 5,582,534 - - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - - 20,584 - Rate stabilization - 3,000,000 3,000,000 -						
Restricted for: 2,155,723 2,2582,992 2		<u></u>	<u></u>	100 000 000		
Emergencies 2,155,723 - 2,155,723 - Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - Employee benefits 4,748,339 834,195 5,582,534 - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - Rate stabilization - 3,000,000 3,000,000 - Bi-city joint venture - 1,210,000 1,210,000 - Debt service - 95 95 - Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,686	•	88,309,978	20,542,656	108,852,634	-	
Open space and parks 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - 2,582,992 - - 2,582,992 - - - - - - - - 2,582,534 -						
Employee benefits 4,748,339 834,195 5,582,534 - Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - Rate stabilization - 3,000,000 3,000,000 - Bi-city joint venture - 1,210,000 1,210,000 - Debt service - 95 95 - Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,686	5		-		-	
Museum collection maintenance 20,584 - 20,584 - Rate stabilization - 3,000,000 3,000,000 - Bi-city joint venture - 1,210,000 1,210,000 - Debt service - 95 95 - Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,686			-		-	
Rate stabilization - 3,000,000 3,000,000 - Bi-city joint venture - 1,210,000 1,210,000 - Debt service - 95 95 - Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,686			834,195		-	
Bi-city joint venture - 1,210,000 1,210,000 - Debt service - 95 - <td< td=""><td></td><td>20,584</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>		20,584	-		-	
Debt service - 95 95 Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,686		-	, ,	, ,	-	
Unrestricted 30,882,450 49,427,676 80,310,126 86,686	Bi-city joint venture	-	1,210,000	1,210,000	-	
		-	95	95	-	
Total net position \$ 128,700,066 \$ 75,014,622 \$ 203,714,688 \$ 86,686					86,686	
	Total net position	\$ 128,700,066	\$ 75,014,622	\$ 203,714,688	\$ 86,686	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

City of Littleton, Colorado

Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

					Prog	ram Revenue	es		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government:									
Government activities:									
General government	\$	15,549,725	\$	4,390,875	\$	21,000	\$	-	
Public safety		37,100,415		19,268,570		99,480		178,781	
Highways and streets		8,958,729		1,813,495		45,240		740,178	
Welfare		375,201		37,868		29,344		-	
Culture and recreation		6,961,335		1,645,647		178,553		4,179,297	
Interest on long-term debt		226,893		-		-		-	
Total government activities		69,172,298	_	27,156,455		373,617		5,098,256	
Business-type activities:									
Sewer Utility		13,506,699		13,810,641		-		5,282,947	
Storm Drainage		837,033		787,950		-		956,614	
Emergency Med. Trans		5,514,890		4,371,462		-		-	
So. Metro Area Comm. Center		1,314,496		1,218,206		-		-	
Geneva Village		190,090		121,473		-		-	
Building Authority		115,125		217,124		-		-	
Total business-type activities		21,478,333		20,526,856		-		6,239,561	
Total primary government	\$	90,650,631	\$	47,683,311	\$	373,617	\$	11,337,817	
Component unit:									
Littleton Invests for Tomorrow	\$	4,689	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total component unit	\$	4,689	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

General revenues: Taxes: Property Sales and use Building use Franchise Other Investment earnings Miscellaneous Loss on sale of capital assets TABOR revenue refund Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			Changes in	Position	
		Prin	nary Governmen	Contern	Component Unit
	Governmental		Business-type		Littleton Invests
	Activities		Activities	Total	For Tomorrow
\$	(11,137,850)	\$	-	\$ (11,137,850)	\$-
	(17,553,584)		-	(17,553,584)	-
	(6,359,816)		-	(6,359,816)	-
	(307,989)		-	(307,989)	-
	(957,838)		-	(957,838)	-
	(226,893)		-	 (226,893)	-
	(36,543,970)		-	 (36,543,970)	-
			5 500 000	5 500 000	
	-		5,586,889	5,586,889	-
	-		907,531	907,531	-
	-		(1,143,428)	(1,143,428)	-
	-		(96,290)	(96,290)	-
	-		(68,617) 101,999	(68,617) 101,999	-
			5,288,084	 5,288,084	
			5,200,004	 3,288,084	
	(36,543,970)		5,288,084	 (31,255,886)	-
	-		-	-	(4,689)
_	-		-	 -	(4,689)
	4,712,762		-	4,712,762	156
	32,749,360		-	32,749,360	50,758
	1,616,507		-	1,616,507	-
	2,281,822		-	2,281,822	-
	605,036		-	605,036	-
	357,797		260,624	618,421	4,008
	452,432		-	452,432	-
	-		(150,180)	(150,180)	-
	1,937,904		-	1,937,904	-
	(348,324)		348,324	 -	
	44,365,296		458,768	 44,824,064	54,922
	7,821,326		5,746,852	13,568,178	50,233
	120,878,740		69,267,770	 190,146,510	36,453
\$	128,700,066	\$	75,014,622	\$ 203,714,688	\$ 86,686

City of Littleton, Colorado Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2017

		General		Capital Projects		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	^	0.000.407	•	44444004	^	0 070 007	•	00 504 400
Cash and investments	\$	8,680,167	\$	14,441,634	\$	6,379,307	\$	29,501,108
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible	is)	10,699,838		214,624		713,118		11,627,580
Due from other funds		944,813		72,000		-		1,016,813
Due from component unit		152,534		-		-		152,534
Inventories		284,986		-		-		284,986
Prepaid items		55,668		255,902				311,570
Restricted cash and investments	•	-	•	-	_	25,584	-	25,584
Total assets	\$	20,818,006	\$	14,984,160	\$	7,118,009	\$	42,920,175
LIABILITIES								
Contracts and accounts payable	\$	838,965	\$	835,378	\$	387,483	\$	2,061,826
Due to other funds	•	-	•	-	•	682,706	•	682,706
Deposits and escrows		331,318		50,000				381,318
Unearned revenue						19,390		19,390
Other liabilities		934,402		-		6,322		940,724
Total liabilities		2,104,685		885,378	_	1,095,901		4,085,964
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property Tax		5,654,431		-		-		5,654,431
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,654,431		-		-		5,654,431
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories		284,986		-		-		284,986
Prepaid items		55,668		255,902		-		311,570
Restricted:						000 044		000 044
Conservation Trust		-		-		239,811		239,811
Museum collection maintenance		-		-		20,584		20,584
Open Space		-		-		2,343,181		2,343,181
Emergencies		2,155,723		-		-		2,155,723
Assigned:								
Purchases on order		564,847				-		564,847
Capital Projects		-		13,842,880		-		13,842,880
Consolidated Special Revenues		-		-		398,330		398,330
Impact Fees		-		-		3,020,202		3,020,202
Unassigned		9,997,666		-		-		9,997,666
Total fund balances		13,058,890		14,098,782		6,022,108		33,179,780
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	20,818,006	\$	14,984,160	\$	7,118,009		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	\$ 96,365,471
The net pension asset, net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and	
inflows of resources will not be paid in the current period and therefore, are	
not reported in the funds.	4,571,363
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures	
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	19,390
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various	
insurance funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are	
included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	4,081,837
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases of \$8,055,493; accrued interest of	
\$62,495; and compensated absences of \$1,399,787 are not due and	
payable from current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (9,517,775)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 128,700,066

City of Littleton, Colorado Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	 	 		-	
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 4,712,762	\$ -	\$-	\$	4,712,762
Sales and use	32,749,360	-	-		32,749,360
Building use	-	1,616,507	-		1,616,507
Specific ownership	416,734	-	-		416,734
Cigarette	188,302	-	-		188,302
Franchise	2,226,655	-	55,167		2,281,822
Licenses and permits	1,400,381	-	-		1,400,381
Intergovernmental	17,181,566	2,199,451	2,681,049		22,062,066
Charges for services	2,473,567	77,634	1,101,036		3,652,237
Fines and forfeitures	698,551	-	77,171		775,722
Investment earnings	109,341	152,293	54,865		316,499
Miscellaneous	1,035,885	2,475	11,543		1,049,903
TABOR revenue refund	1,937,904	-	-		1,937,904
Total revenues	 65,131,008	 4,048,360	3,980,831		73,160,199
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	14,546,538	494,744	23,452		15,064,734
Public safety	34,276,896	1,306,091	160,437		35,743,424
Highway and streets	4,535,440	1,123,249	-		5,658,689
Welfare	350,236	-	-		350,236
Culture and recreation	5,111,272	49,456	823,385		5,984,113
Debt service:					
Principal	-	1,287,089	-		1,287,089
Interest	-	212,240	-		212,240
Capital outlay	 115,881	 4,721,876	1,396,534		6,234,291
Total expenditures	 58,936,263	 9,194,745	2,403,808		70,534,816
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 6,194,745	 (5,146,385)	1,577,023		2,625,383
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		1 027 004			1 027 004
Transfers out	(2,286,228)	1,937,904	-		1,937,904
	(2,200,220)	402.440	-		(2,286,228)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	103,410	-		103,410
Proceeds from capital lease	 -	 1,400,000			1,400,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,286,228)	 3,441,314			1,155,086
Net change in fund balance	3,908,517	(1,705,071)	1,577,023		3,780,469
Fund balance - beginning	 9,150,373	 15,803,853	4,445,085		29,399,311
Fund balance - ending	\$ 13,058,890	\$ 14,098,782	\$ 6,022,108	\$	33,179,780

City of Littleton, Colorado Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (pages 22 and 23) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which contributed capital of \$3,937,104 and capital outlays of \$6,234,291 exceeded depreciation of \$6,680,179 and capital disposals of \$145,184.3,346,032Under the accrual basis, an adjustment is needed to reflect the change in unearned revenues which is a change in revenues in the statement of activities.(6,201)The cumulative effects of the total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits is the pension expense reported in the statement of activities. These effects result in a decrease to pension expense.91,331The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position. This amount is the net effect of the issuance of debt of \$1,400,000 and the repayment of \$1,287,089 in principal of long-term debt ansentization of \$36,539.(76,372)Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of governmental funds. This amount represents the decrease in compensated absences of \$183,458 and increase in interest expense of \$14,653.168,805Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various insurance to individual funds.517,262Change in net position of governmental activities (page 23)\$3,242,326	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 25)	\$ 3,780,469
revenues which is a change in revenues in the statement of activites.(6,201)The cumulative effects of the total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits is the pension expense reported in the statement of activities. These effects result in a decrease to pension expense.91,331The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current 	statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which contributed capital of \$3,937,104 and capital outlays of \$6,234,291 exceeded	3,346,032
net position available to pay pension benefits is the pension expense reported in the statement of activities. These effects result in a decrease to pension expense. 91,331 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position. This amount is the net effect of the issuance of debt of \$1,400,000 and the repayment of \$1,287,089 in principal of long-term debt and amortization of \$36,539. (76,372) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the decrease in compensated absences of \$183,458 and increase in interest expense of \$14,653. 168,805 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various insurance to individual funds. 517,262		(6,201)
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position. This amount is the net effect of the issuance of debt of \$1,400,000 and the repayment of \$1,287,089 in principal of long-term debt and amortization of \$36,539. (76,372) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the decrease in compensated absences of \$183,458 and increase in interest expense of \$14,653. 168,805 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various insurance to individual funds. 517,262	net position available to pay pension benefits is the pension expense reported in the	91,331
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the decrease in compensated absences of \$183,458 and increase in interest expense of \$14,653. 168,805 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various insurance to individual funds. 517,262	funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position. This amount is the net effect of the issuance of debt of \$1,400,000 and the repayment of \$1,287,089 in principal of long-term debt	(76,372)
insurance to individual funds. 517,262	current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the decrease in compensated	168,805
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 23) \$ 7,821,326	, , ,	517,262
	Change in net position of governmental activities (page 23)	\$ 7,821,326

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

City of Littleton, Colorado

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2017

	Sewer	DUS	siness-Type Act Storm	111162 -	Emergency
				Me	dical Transpol
_	Fund		Fund		Fund
\$	25,983,281	\$	444,907	\$	-
	759,445		50,409		1,258,507
_	26,742,726		495,316		1,258,507
	4,210,000		-		-
	47,509,579		-		-
	-		-		164,510
	255,815		1,982,652		-
	18,820,701		19,362,249		-
	-		-		-
	392,553		3,148		371,715
	217,561		1,100,000		-
	(12,794,157)		(10,140,717)		(280,596)
	6,892,473		12,307,332		91,119
	58,612,052		12,307,332		255,629
	85,354,778		12,802,648		1,514,136
	-		-		207,789
	-		-		408,653
	-		-		101,480
	-		-		355
	-		-		187,500
	-		-		905,777
	05 05 4 770		40.000.040		0.440.040
\$	85,354,778	\$	12,802,648	\$	2,419,913
\$	1,810,905	\$	117,152	\$	204,567
	-		-		334,107
	-		-		-
	283,313		7,282		-
	254,774		-		-
	2,710,642		-		-
	5,059,634		124,434		538,674
	-		-		137,877
	21,197,673		-		-
	21,197,673		-		137,877
	26,257,307		124,434		676,551
					7 0/ 0
	-		-		7,012
	-		-		91,203
	-		-		98,215
	6,892,473		12,307,332		91,119
	3,000,000		-		-
	1,210,000		-		-
			-		834,195
	-				,
	-		-		-
	- - 47,994.998		- 370.882		- 719.833
	- 47,994,998 59,097,471		- 370,882 12,678,214		- 719,833 1,645,147
	\$ 	 \$ 25,983,281 759,445 26,742,726 4,210,000 47,509,579 255,815 18,820,701 392,553 217,561 (12,794,157) 6,892,473 58,612,052 85,354,778 \$ 85,354,778 \$ 1,810,905 283,313 254,774 2,710,642 5,059,634 	Fund \$ 25,983,281 \$ 759,445 26,742,726 4,210,000 47,509,579 - - 255,815 18,820,701 - - 392,553 217,561 (12,794,157) - 6,892,473 58,612,052 85,354,778 - - - 283,313	Fund Fund \$ 25,983,281 \$ 444,907 759,445 50,409 26,742,726 495,316 4,210,000 - 47,509,579 - 255,815 1,982,652 18,820,701 19,362,249 392,553 3,148 217,561 1,100,000 (12,794,157) (10,140,717) 6,892,473 12,307,332 58,612,052 12,307,332 58,612,052 12,307,332 85,354,778 12,802,648 \$ 1,810,905 \$ 117,152 - - - - 283,313 7,282 254,774 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fund Fund \$ 25,983,281 \$ 444,907 \$ 759,445 50,409 \$ 26,742,726 495,316 \$ 4,210,000 - \$ 47,509,579 - \$ 255,815 1,982,652 \$ 18,820,701 19,362,249 \$ 392,553 3,148 \$ 217,561 1,100,000 \$ (12,794,157) (10,140,717) \$ 6,892,473 12,307,332 \$ 58,612,052 12,307,332 \$ 85,354,778 12,802,648 \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

 Non-Major Proprietary Funds	. <u> </u>	Totals	 Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds	
\$ 363,755	\$	26,791,943	\$ 5,527,751	
10,362		2,078,723	-	
 374,117		28,870,666	5,527,751	
95		4,210,095	176,976	
-		47,509,579	-	
-		164,510	-	
451,071		2,689,538	-	
3,394,606		41,577,556	-	
65,740		65,740	-	
166,690		934,106	-	
-		1,317,561	-	
 (1,481,375)		(24,696,845)	 -	
2,596,732		21,887,656	_	
 2,596,827		73,771,840	 176,976	
 2,970,944		102,642,506	 5,704,727	
 <u> </u>			 	
-		207,789	-	

 - - -	 408,653 101,480 355 187,500 905,777	 -
 	 903,777	 -
\$ 2,970,944	\$ 103,548,283	\$ 5,704,727
\$ 26,539	\$ 2,159,163	\$ 163,132
-	334,107	-
-	-	1,459,758
-	290,595	-
5,615 175,000	260,389	-
 207,154	 2,885,642 5,929,896	 1,622,890
 207,134	 5,529,690	 1,022,090
-	137,877	-
1,170,000	22,367,673	-
 1,170,000	 22,505,550	 -
 1,377,154	 28,435,446	 1,622,890

	- - -	 7,012 91,203 98,215	. <u> </u>	- - -
1,2	51,732	20,542,656		-
	-	3,000,000		-
	-	1,210,000		-
	-	834,195		176,976
	95	95		-
3	41,963	49,427,676		3,904,861
1,5	93,790	 75,014,622		4,081,837
\$ 2,9	70,944	\$ 103,548,283	\$	5,704,727

City of Littleton, Colorado Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fi				
	Sewer	Storm	Emergency		
	Utility	Drainage	Medical Transport		
	Fund	Fund	Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services (net of contractual adjustments					
of \$3,313,109 in the Emergency Medical Transport Fund)	\$ 13,646,641	\$ 778,156	\$ 4,233,381		
Employer/employee contributions		φ //0,100 -	- -		
Rental payments	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	164,000	9,794	138,081		
Total operating revenues	13,810,641	787,950	4,371,462		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services	337,165	207,666	3,579,491		
Supplies	15,621	1,462	348,794		
Bi-City operating costs	7,024,570	-	-		
Contractual services	39,466	21,127	129,907		
Services by General Fund	510,000	-	-		
Insurance	-	-	-		
Benefits and claims	-	-	-		
Other services and charges	953,078	57,376	301,239		
Bad debt expense	-	-	1,118,707		
Amortization	15,344	-	-		
Depreciation	384,607	549,402	36,752		
Total operating expenses	9,279,851	837,033	5,514,890		
Operating income (loss)	4,530,790	(49,083)	(1,143,428)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment earnings	251,170	8,341	-		
Debt administration costs	(249,282)	-	-		
Change in Bi-City joint venture equity	(3,378,955)	-	-		
Insurance recovery	-	-	-		
Loss on sale of capital assets	-	-	-		
Interest charges	(598,611)		-		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(3,975,678)	8,341	-		
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	555,112	(40,742)	(1,143,428)		
Transfers in	-	-	-		
Capital contributions	5,282,947	956,614	-		
Total capital contributions and transfers	5,282,947	956,614	-		
Change in net position	5,838,059	915,872	(1,143,428)		
Net position - beginning	53,259,412	11,762,342	2,788,575		
Net position - ending	\$ 59,097,471	\$ 12,678,214	\$ 1,645,147		

 Non-Major Proprietary Funds	 Totals	 Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
\$ 1,085,220	\$ 19,743,398	\$ 845,508
-	-	9,096,321
337,046	337,046	-
132,986	132,986	-
 1,551	 313,426	 64,675
 1,556,803	 20,526,856	 10,006,504
1,216,811	5,341,133	-
15,509	381,386	-
-	7,024,570	-
45,940	236,440	-
-	510,000	-
-	-	1,994,691
-	-	7,323,795
187,013	1,498,706	561,286
-	1,118,707	-
-	15,344	-
 102,919	 1,073,680	 -
 1,568,192	 17,199,966	 9,879,772
 (11,389)	 3,326,890	 126,732
1,113	260,624	41,298
(1,774)	(251,056)	
-	(3,378,955)	-
-	-	349,232
(150,180)	(150,180)	-
(49,745)	(648,356)	-
 (200,586)	 (4,167,923)	 390,530
 (211,975)	 (841,033)	 517,262
348,324	348,324	-
 -	 6,239,561	 -
 348,324	 6,587,885	 -
136,349	5,746,852	517,262
 1,457,441	 69,267,770	 3,564,575
\$ 1,593,790	\$ 75,014,622	\$ 4,081,837

City of Littleton, Colorado Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

For the	e rear E	naea Decen	iber	31, 2017		
		Sewer Utility Fund	Bus	iness-Type Activit Storm Drainage Fund		terprise Funds Emergency dical Transport Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers	\$	13,783,211	\$	738,172	\$	4,604,765
Cash received from interfund services provided Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to other funds for services		(7,682,612) (347,701) (510,000)		- 10,739 (214,676) - -		- (1,856,161) (3,516,891) - -
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		5,242,898		534,235		(768,287)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments from other funds Transfers in		-		-		334,107
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-		-	·	334,107
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Investment in Bi-City joint venture		(1,053,036)		_		
Purchase of capital assets Principal paid on debt		(1,033,030) (217,561) (2,646,358)		(620,365)		(30,903)
Interest paid on debt		(629,299)		-		-
Insurance proceeds Debt administration costs Contributed capital		- (249,282) 1,441,976		-		-
Net cash provided by (used by) capital and related financing activities		(3,353,560)		(620,365)		(30,903)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment earnings Net cash provided by investing activities		251,170 251,170		8,341 8,341		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,140,508		(77,789)		(465,083)
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		28,052,773		522,696		465,083
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	30,193,281	\$	444,907	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used by) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	4,530,790	\$	(49,083)	\$	(1,143,428)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used by) operating activities:						
Depreciation expense Bad debt expense		384,607		549,402		36,752 1,118,707
Amortization expense (Increase) decrease in current assets:		15,344		-		-
Receivables Prepaid expenses Pension expense		(27,430)		(49,778) - -		(885,404) 28,560 13,407
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Claims and judgments payable		339,587	_	83,694	_	63,119
Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	712,108 5,242,898	\$	583,318 534,235	\$	375,141 (768,287)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted	\$	25,983,281	\$	444 007	\$	
Restricted	۶ ۶	4,210,000		444,907	ъ \$	-
Total cash and cash equivalents Noncash, investing, capital, and financing activities	<u> </u>	30,193,281	\$	444,907	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>
Contribution of capital assets	\$	3,840,971	\$	956,614	\$	-

Non-Major Proprietary				Governmental Activities- Internal Service
Funds		Totals		Funds
\$ 1,546,44	1 \$ -	20,672,589	\$	845,508 9,096,321
(295,87 (1,268,73		(9,823,905) (5,348,005) (510,000)		(9,509,992)
(18,16	67)	4,990,679		431,837
		334,107		
348,32	24	348,324		-
348,32		682,431		-
		(1,053,036)		
(141,24	17)	(1,010,076)		-
(165,00		(2,811,358)		-
(50,43	34)	(679,733)		-
(1,77	-	- (251,056)		349,232
(1,77	-	1,441,976		-
(358,45	55)	(4,363,283)		349,232
<u>1,11</u> 1,11		260,624 260,624		41,298
	3	200,024		41,290
(27,18	35)	1,570,451		822,367
391,03	35	29,431,587		4,882,360
\$ 363,85	50 \$	31,002,038	\$	5,704,727
<u>\$ (11,38</u>	<u>39) </u> \$	3,326,890	\$	126,732
102,91	9 - -	1,073,680 1,118,707 15,344		- -
(10,36	62) - -	(972,974) 28,560 13,407		- 113,613 -
(99,33	35)	387,065		(7,007) 198,499
(6,77	78)	1,663,789		305,105
\$ (18,16		4,990,679	\$	431,837
\$ 363,75		26,791,943	\$	5,527,751
\$ 363,85	95 50 \$	4,210,095 31,002,038	\$	<u>176,976</u> 5,704,727
Ψ 000,00	<u>,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	01,002,000	Ψ	0,104,121
\$	- \$	4,797,585	\$	-

City of Littleton, Colorado Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2017

	Private - Purpos Trust Fund				
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	30,644			
Cash and investments with trustee, at fair value		233,276			
Total assets		263,920			
LIABILITIES Contract and accounts payable Total liabilities		-			
NET POSITION Held in trust for specific purposes	\$	263,920			

City of Littleton, Colorado Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

ADDITIONS	Private - P Trus Fund	t
Interest	\$	2,938
Total additions	<u></u>	2,938
DEDUCTIONS Culture and recreation Total deductions		7,960 7,960
Change in net position		(5,022)
Net position - beginning	26	8,942
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 26</u>	3,920

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Littleton, Colorado (the City) was incorporated in 1890. On July 28, 1959, the citizens voted to become a Home Rule City, as authorized by Article 20 of the Colorado State Constitution (Home Rule Cities and Towns). The City operates under a council-manager form of government with the City council consisting of seven members, four elected by district and three at large. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: administration, finance, city attorney, planning and zoning, economic development, public safety (police, fire and emergency medical), highway, street and building maintenance, sewer, storm drainage utilities, public housing, welfare (free senior citizen transportation), culture and recreation, and municipal court services.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the City and organizations for which the City is financially accountable. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the City. In addition, any legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization provides benefits to, or imposes financial burdens on the City.

Based on the application of these criteria, the component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the City. Separate financial statements are not issued for these component units.

Blended Component Unit

The Littleton Colorado Municipal Building Authority – The Littleton Colorado Municipal Building Authority (LCMBA) is governed by a Board of Directors which was originally appointed by the City Council. Subsequent board members have been and will be appointed by the LCMBA. Created in 1976, the LCMBA constructs and acquires buildings solely for the City's use under lease agreements. The buildings will be deeded to the City once the debt is retired. Activities of the LCMBA are reported as a proprietary fund type. The LCMBA does not prepare separate financial statements.

Discrete Component Unit

The Littleton Riverfront Authority dba Littleton Invests for Tomorrow Urban Renewal Authority – The Littleton Riverfront Authority was created in 1980 by the City Council to acquire land for a redevelopment project for the benefit of the City. In 2008, the authority to receive tax increment expired (limited to 25 years) and all debt owing on the bonds and City notes were discharged and deemed cancelled by the Trustee. Littleton Riverfront Authority remained dormant from 2009-2013.

In 2013, the Littleton Riverfront Authority was renamed Littleton Invests for Tomorrow Urban Renewal Authority (LIFT) to provide additional investment options for property owners not just along the Riverfront area, but the broader community as well. LIFT is a legally separate entity from the city and is governed by a board of commissioners who are appointed by the City Council. LIFT's annual budget is approved only by the authority. LIFT is authorized to collect incremental sales and property taxes from designated graphical areas as defined in the urban renewal plans. In 2014, four urban renewal areas were approved by the City Council; Columbine Urban Renewal Area, Littleton Boulevard Urban Renewal Area, North Broadway Urban Renewal Area and Santa Fe Urban Renewal Area.

In December 2016, the City Council repealed three of the four urban renewal areas consisting of Littleton Boulevard Urban Renewal Area, North Broadway Urban Renewal Area and Santa Fe Urban Renewal Area; thus ending incremental sales and property taxes for these areas. Columbine Urban Renewal Area remains the only urban renewal area as of December 31, 2017.

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule include charges between the General Fund and the Sewer Utility Enterprise for administrative costs substantially equal to the value of the services. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include, 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major funds are those funds whose activities are considered significant to the City based on economic and other factors and are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying statement of net position. The statement of activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes, and investment earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers or other funds for sales and services. The City also recognizes tap fees as capital contribution revenue. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, the City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include retail sales and use taxes, property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financing, acquisition and construction of capital improvements and various special projects throughout the City. These projects include public facilities, new street construction, parks and open space, information technology, public safety capital items and cultural and recreational improvements. Major revenue sources include building use taxes and highway users taxes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Sewer Utility Fund* accounts for sewer services to the residents of the City and several sewer districts located outside the City. The cities of Littleton and Englewood jointly own the Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plant located in Englewood. This treatment plant is operated by the City of Englewood under a joint supervisory committee. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collection.

The *Storm Drainage Fund* accounts for construction and maintenance of storm water facilities and detention ponds within the City limits.

The *Emergency Medical Transport Fund* accounts for revenue and expenditures for emergency transport service and patient care en route to local hospitals. The service is provided to residents of the City of Littleton as well as the Littleton Fire Protection District and Highlands Ranch Metro District.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City and to other entities, on a cost reimbursement basis. This category consists of the *Employee Insurance Fund*, and the *Property and Liability Insurance Fund*.

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for gifts and bequests for specific purposes. Included in this fund are the *P. Lyn White, Sophie Bramley, J. E. Hockaday, Patricia Braem*, and *South Platte Park Irrigation* trusts.

Cash and Investments

The City pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as part of the City's investments.

The City considers cash and cash equivalents in proprietary funds to be cash on hand and demand deposits. In addition, because pooled cash is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Certain investments are reported using net asset value (NAV) or amortized cost. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Receivables

Receivables consist primarily of sales and use tax, charges for emergency medical transports, and other miscellaneous receivables and are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The City has determined that \$1,997,671 of the Emergency Medical Transport Fund receivables is uncollectible.

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Receivables/Payables and Advances

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/due from other funds". If transactions are not due within the next fiscal year, it is an "advance to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are initially recorded as a receivable and as deferred inflow of resources when levied in both the funds and the government-wide reporting. Revenue is recognized when collected in the following year.

Property taxes are collected and remitted monthly to the City by Arapahoe, Jefferson and Douglas Counties, Colorado. The property tax calendar is detailed below:

Lien date		January - 1
City certifies mill levies to County		December - 15
Levy date		January - 1
Collection/due dates:	First half	February - 28
	In full	April - 30
	Second half	June - 15
	Delinquent notices	August - 15
	Taxsale	November - 15

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory in the General Fund consists of items for the Littleton Historical Museum gift store and vehicle parts and fuel used for maintaining the City's fleet. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items, and equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds. Prepayments are recorded using the consumption method where services are allocated over appropriate service periods.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) purchased since 1980 are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are stated at actual cost for purchased and constructed assets, estimated historical cost for older assets for which actual cost was not determinable, and estimated acquisition value at the time of receipt for donated or contributed items and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement. Expenditures incurred during the construction phase are recorded as construction in progress. These amounts are transferred from construction in progress to the appropriate classification (land, building improvements, etc.) upon completion of the project.

Salvage value is not material and is therefore not computed. Accordingly, assets are completely depreciated if retained for their total estimated useful life. Assets recorded under capital lease agreements are amortized over either the term of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever period is shorter.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings & Improvements	10 - 50
Equipment	3 - 10
Infrastructure	10 - 50

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize long-term liabilities only when payment is due. Payments of long-term debt are reported as current expenditures. Proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Colorado Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA) Statewide Defined Benefit and Statewide Hybrid Plans and additions to/deductions from FPPA's plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FPPA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period. Both deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the statement of net position but are not recognized in the financial statements as revenues and expenses until the period(s) to which they relate. The City's deferred inflows and outflows of resources primarily relate to pensions.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues and other fund financial resources are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available. Assets recorded in the fund financial statements for which the revenues are not available are reported as a deferred inflow of resources. In addition, property tax receivables are reported as a deferred inflow of resources when levied in the fund financial statements.

Net Position/Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

- <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.
- <u>Restricted Net Position</u> This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> This category represents the net position of the City, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances based on financial reporting standards that establish criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications to make the nature and extent of constraints more useful and understandable. The classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances may be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples are items that are not expected to be converted to cash including inventories and prepaids.
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. The spending constraints placed on the use of fund balance amounts are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation that are legally enforceable.
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u> amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council by ordinance. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. This classification also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are
 neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by City Council through an informal action or City Council can
 delegate the authority to express intent to a committee, the city manager or other city official on a case by case basis.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> the remaining fund balance after amounts are set aside for other classifications. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance.

The City has not established a formal policy for its use of restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, unassigned) fund balance; however, when expenditures are incurred, the City uses restricted fund balance first if the expenditure meets the restricted purpose, followed by committed amounts, assigned amounts, and lastly, unassigned amounts. The City Council did, however, approve Resolution #11 in 2012 to authorize the City Manager or designee to designate "Assigned" fund balance based on the intended use of such resources.

City Council adopted Resolution #8 in 2011 that includes a minimum fund balance of 8% of approved General Fund operating expenditures along with a maximum amount not to exceed 18%. This amount is included in Unassigned Fund Balance in the financial statements.

As part of net position, the City reports the following balances as net investment in capital assets:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Capital lease obligation (current and non-current)	\$ 96,365,471 (8,055,493)	\$	21,887,656 (1,345,000)	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 88,309,978	\$	20,542,656	

NOTE II – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Primary Government

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to Financial Statements

Cash and investments	\$ 61,820,802
Restricted cash and investments	4,412,655
Fiduciary cash and investments	 263,920
Total	\$ 66,497,377
Petty cash	\$ 2,895
Deposits with financial institutions	5,109,486
Cash and investments held by third party	1,575,039
Investments	 59,809,957
Total	\$ 66,497,377

NOTE II – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Component Unit

At December 31, 2017, the component unit cash and investments consisted of the following:

Total Cash and Investments	\$ 391,558
Cash	\$ 29,279
Local government investment pool	 362,279
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 391,558

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2017, the City had bank deposits of \$4,361,122 collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent but not in the City's name. In July 2010, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act became law which permanently raised the standard maximum deposit insurance amount to \$250,000. The City does not have a deposit policy.

Investments

The City's investment policy is more restrictive than the Colorado State Statutes. The City's policy allows investments of city funds in the following types of securities:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U. S. Agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certificates of deposit of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Specific federal instrumentality securities
- Corporate debt (highly rated)

Fair Value of Investments

The City measures and records it investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs.

<u>NOTE II – CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the City had the following fair value measurements.

			Fair V	alue	Measurements	Using	
		12/31/2017	 Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments by fair value level							
U.S. Agencies	\$	30,640,822	\$ -	\$	30,640,822	\$	-
Corporate Bonds		6,829,101	-		6,829,101		-
Municipal Bonds		12,407,352	-		12,407,352		-
Certificates of Deposit		6,282,656	 -		6,282,656		-
Total investments by fair value level		56,159,931	\$ -	\$	56,159,931	\$	-
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) or a	mortized cost					
ColoTrust		3,338,787					
CSAFE (amortized cost)		311,239					
Total Investments	\$	59,809,957					

Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U. S. Agencies: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Corporate and municipal bonds: quoted prices for similar securities in active markets; and,
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposits: matrix pricing based on securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

At December 31, 2017, the City's investments consisted of the following:

Investments	 Fair Value	% to Total
U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 30,640,822	51%
Corporate Bonds	6,829,101	11%
Municipal Bonds	12,407,352	21%
Certificates of Deposit	 6,282,656	11%
Subtotal investments at fair value	 56,159,931	94%
Local government investment pools	 3,650,026	6%
Total Investments	\$ 59,809,957	100%

As of December 31, 2017 the City had the following investments and maturities:

	S & P			Investment Maturities					
Investments	Rating	<u> </u>	Fair Value	_	Less than 1 yr		1-5 yrs		5+ yrs
U.S. Agency Securities	AA+	\$	30,640,822	\$	2,997,519	\$	27,643,303	\$	-
Corporate Bonds	AAA		999,075		999,075		-		-
Corporate Bonds	AA+		1,994,927		-		1,994,927		-
Corporate Bonds	AA		2,013,216		1,512,152		501,064		-
Corporate Bonds	AA-		999,901		999,901		-		-
Corporate Bonds	A+		821,982		821,982		-		-
Municipal Bonds	AAA		3,893,455		-		3,893,455		-
Municipal Bonds	AA+		1,533,590		741,336		792,254		-
Municipal Bonds	AA		4,771,697		1,024,960		3,746,737		-
Municipal Bonds	AA-		1,234,340		249,760		984,580		-
Municipal Bonds	A+		974,270		-		974,270		-
Certificates of Deposit	AAA		6,282,656		1,982,026		4,300,630		-
Subtotal Investments		\$	56,159,931	\$	11,328,711	\$	44,831,220	\$	-

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to losses arising from changing interest rates, the City's investment policy requires all investments to mature within five years or less from date of trade settlement.

<u>NOTE II – CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Credit Risk. State statutes limit investments in U. S. Agency securities to the highest rating issued by two or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). State statutes also limit investments in money market funds to those that maintain a constant share price, with a maximum remaining maturity in accordance with Rule 2a-7, and either have assets of one billion dollars or the highest rating issued by a NRSRO. Funds invested in money market funds have a Standard and Poor's rating of AAA for the primary government.

Custodial Credit Risk. At December 31, 2017, the City had deposits held by third parties. The City of Englewood holds \$1,210,000 as required by the operating agreement for the Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plant Joint Venture. In addition, \$175,244 is held by Deutsche Bank in escrow for the fire platform truck lease, \$167,000 is held by CIGNA Insurance Company as required minimum balances for healthcare costs, \$17,795 is held by 24 Hour Flex Retirement Services Planning Inc. as required for flex spending accounts and \$5,000 is held by the State Land Board related to a lease agreement.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy requires that investments be diversified to reduce the concentration of credit risk. The City may invest up to 10% of the book value of its investment portfolio in commercial paper or corporate debt as long as the aggregate investment in commercial paper and corporate debt does not exceed 20% of the City's investment portfolio, and no more than 10% of the City's investment portfolio may be invested in the obligations of any one issuer. The City may invest up to 20% of the City's investment portfolio in municipal bonds, and no more than 10% of the City's investment portfolio in municipal bonds, and no more than 10% of the City's investment portfolio and 21% of the fair value of the portfolio.

Local Government Investment Pools

Colotrust – At December 31, 2017, the City had \$3,338,787 and LIFT had \$362,279 invested in Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust). Colotrust is not a 2a7-like external investment pool. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables. This investment is valued using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments.

Colotrust is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes and are registered with the State Securities Commissioner. The pools operate similarly to money market funds and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of each pooled investment. Securities owned by the pools are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments. Investments of the pools consist of US Treasury bills, notes and note strips, commercial paper allowed by state statute and repurchase agreements collateralized by US Treasury securities and or US Instrumentalities. ColoTrust is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Information regarding Colotrust's financial statements is available at their website www.colotrust.com.

CSAFE – At December 31, 2017, the city had \$311,239 in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE). CSAFE is considered to be a 2a7-like investment and is valued at amortized cost. The 2a7-like investments to not have any unfunded commitments, redemption restrictions or redemption notice periods.

The 2a7-like investments conform to Colorado Statutes CRS 24-75-601 et. Seq. and therefore invests primarily in securities of the Unites States Treasury, United States Agencies, Primary Dealer Repurchase Agreements, highly rated commercial paper, highly rated corporate bonds, Colorado Depositories collateralized at 102% of market value investments will conform to its Permitted Investments and will meet Standard & Poor's investment guidelines to achieve a AAAm rating, the highest attainable rating for a Local Government Investment Pool. Information regarding CSAFE's financial statements is available at their website www.csafe.org.

<u>NOTE II – CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Restricted Cash and Investments

At December 31, 2017, the City's restricted cash and investments consisted of the following:

Rate Stabilization	\$ 3,000,000
Joint venture deposit	1,210,000
Employee benefit funds	176,976
Other	 25,679
Total restricted cash and investments	\$ 4,412,655

NOTE III – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Advances To/From Other Funds. City Council approved an interfund loan from the Capital Projects Fund to the Impact Fee Fund related to the Fire Station 19 project. The loan amount is \$72,000 payable over the next two years at 1.20% annual interest.

Due to/from other funds		
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Grant Fund	\$ 610,706
Purpose: City utilizes pooled cash. At December 31, 2017	7 the fund was overdrawn.	
General Fund	EMT Fund	334,107
Purpose: City utilizes pooled cash. At December 31, 2017	7 the fund was overdrawn.	
Capital Projects	Impact Fees	72,000
Purpose: An interfund loan approved for construction o	f Fire Station 19.	
		\$ 1,016,813

The following interfund transfers occurred during 2017 for the purposes stated below:

Transfers Out	Transfer In	Amount
General Fund Purpose: Transfer TABOR excess funds as approved by citize	Capital Projects Fund ens during Nov. 2017 election.	\$ 1,937,904
General Fund Purpose: City's portion of funding operations	South Metro Comm Center	348,324
		\$ 2,286,228

<u>NOTE IV – CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	12/31/2016 Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	12/31/2017 Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 24,583,062	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,583,062
Construction in progress	3,585,651	1,274,341	(2,455,187)	2,404,805
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	28,168,713	1,274,341	(2,455,187)	26,987,867
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	35,315,625	612,298	-	35,927,923
Machinery and equipment	21,109,390	2,227,321	(1,144,488)	22,192,223
Infrastructure	96,869,420	8,512,622	(891,133)	104,490,909
Total capital assets, being depreciated	153,294,435	11,352,241	(2,035,621)	162,611,055
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(13,896,052)	(1,050,936)	-	(14,946,988)
Machinery and equipment	(13,941,814)	(1,967,825)	999,304	(14,910,335)
Infrastructure	(60,605,843)	(3,661,418)	891,133	(63,376,128)
Total capital assets, being depreciated	(88,443,709)	(6,680,179)	1,890,437	(93,233,451)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	64,850,726	4,672,062	(145,184)	69,377,604
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 93,019,439	\$ 5,946,403	\$ (2,600,371)	\$ 96,365,471

	2/31/2016 Beginning Balance	I	ncreases	De	ecreases	1	2/31/2017 Ending Balance
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 2,689,538	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,689,538
Construction in progress	 772,578		842,561		(297,578)		1,317,561
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 3,462,116		842,561		(297,578)		4,007,099
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and systems	36,495,578		5,081,978		-		41,577,556
Other improvements	65,740		-		-		65,740
Machinery and equipment	1,153,838		180,700		(400,432)		934,106
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 37,715,156		5,262,678		(400,432)		42,577,402
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and systems	(22,993,804)		(989,798)		-		(23,983,602)
Other improvements	(65,740)		-		-		(65,740)
Machinery and equipment	(813,873)		(83,882)		250,252		(647,503)
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 (23,873,417)		(1,073,680)		250,252		(24,696,845)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 13,841,739		4,188,998		(150,180)		17,880,557
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,303,855	\$	5,031,559	\$	(447,758)	\$	21,887,656

NOTE IV - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capitalized interest of \$156,690, net of accumulated depreciation of \$53,672, is included in the Littleton Colorado Municipal Building Authority Fund.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs for the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 761,926
Public safety	1,520,456
Highways and streets, including depreciation	
of general infrastructure assets	3,323,031
Welfare	39,526
Culture and recreation	 1,035,240
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 6,680,179
Business-type activities:	
Sewer Utility Fund	\$ 384,607
Storm Drainage Fund	549,402
EMT Fund	36,752
So. Metro. Area Comm. Center Fund	22,200
Geneva Village Fund	17,113
Building Authority Fund	 63,606
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,073,680

<u>NOTE V – CAPITAL LEASES</u>

During 2012, 2016 and 2017, the City acquired capital assets using leases as an alternate method of financing for governmental activities. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the lower of the cost of the asset or present value of the future minimum lease payments. Capital lease payments are funded by capital projects fund revenues.

Museum Building – In 2012, the City of Littleton issued Certificates of Participation to refund the 2003 Certificates of Participation of the Littleton Building Corporation. In turn, the City entered into a Master Lease Purchase Agreement to lease the museum property from the Trustee, UMB Bank, for a twenty year term pursuant to the site lease agreement. The net present value benefit to the City was \$1,374,807 with a total debt service savings of \$1,477,592. All financial obligations of the City under the lease, including the City's obligation to pay base rentals, are subject to annual appropriation by the City Council. The museum is recorded in the City's capital assets at \$10,077,338 with accumulated depreciation of \$956,696. Annual payments range from \$1,086,350 to \$1,092,550, including principal and interest accruing at 2.00% to 3.00%, payable semi-annually beginning in December 2013 through December 2022.

Communications Equipment – In 2016, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee to finance the acquisition of communications equipment for police, fire and public works. The equipment is recorded in the City's capital assets at \$1,383,879 with accumulated depreciation of \$314,154. Annual payments of \$255,902 (subject to appropriation by the city council), including principal and interest accruing at an imputed rate of 1.751%, are due in annual installments beginning in January 2017 through January 2024.

<u>NOTE V – CAPITAL LEASES</u> (Continued)

Fire Platform Truck – In 2017, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee to purchase a fire platform truck. The equipment is recorded in the City's capital assets at \$1,320,594 with no accumulated depreciation as of the end of 2017. Annual payments of \$187,476 (subject to appropriation by the city council), including principal and interest accruing at a rate of 1.951%, are due in annual installments beginning in February 2017 through February 2024.

The following table presents minimum future payments for governmental activities capital leases as of December 31, 2017:

Year Ending December 31,	-	Governmental Activities
2018	\$	1,532,929
2019		1,529,728
2020		1,530,778
2021		1,535,928
2022		1,530,028
2023-2024		886,756
Total minimum lease payments	\$	8,546,147
Less: amount representing interest	-	(673,349)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	7,872,798

<u>NOTE VI – LONG-TERM DEBT</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Capital leases payable						
Communications Equipment	\$	1,894,887 \$	- 5	\$ (222,723) \$	1,672,164 \$	226,623
Fire Platform Truck		-	1,400,000	(184,366)	1,215,634	163,759
Museum Building		5,865,000	-	(880,000)	4,985,000	940,000
Museum Building premium		219,234	-	(36,539)	182,695	
Total capital leases		7,979,121	1,400,000	(1,323,628)	8,055,493	1,330,382
Compensated absences		1,583,245	2,783,351	(2,966,809)	1,399,787	144,487
Governmental activity						
Long-term liabilities	\$	9,562,366 \$	4,183,351	\$ (4,290,437) \$	9,455,280 \$	1,474,869
Business-type Activities:						
Assignment Certificate, 2011	\$	1,510,000 \$	- 5	\$ (165,000) \$	1,345,000 \$	175,000
Revenue loan payable, 2004		26,442,152	-	(2,646,358)	23,795,794	2,710,642
Revenue loan premium	_	127,865	-	(15,344)	112,521	-
Business-type activity						
Long-term liabilities	\$	28,080,017 \$	- 5	\$ (2,826,702) \$	25,253,315 \$	2,885,642

<u>NOTE VI – LONG-TERM DEBT</u> (Continued)

2011 Assignment Certificate

Certificates of participation are assignments of proportionate interests in the right to receive certain payments under an annually terminable Master Lease Purchase Agreement by and between the City of Littleton as lessee and the Littleton Colorado Municipal Building Authority (LCMBA) as lessor. On June 8, 1999, the LCMBA issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$3,385,000 to finance the renovation and equipping of the City of Littleton courthouse. The LCMBA holds title to the courthouse and the City is not obligated for repayment of the certificates. The City has entered into an agreement to lease the courthouse from the LCMBA. The lease payments are equivalent to the amounts required to meet the interest and principal obligations on the certificates. Upon repayment of all lease obligations, title to the project will be transferred to the City.

Because the LCMBA is part of the City's reporting entity, the LCMBA's debt and assets have been included as part of the City's debt and assets for financial reporting purposes. The issuance of the certificates of participation for the renovation costs have been accounted for in the LCMBA fund.

In May 2011, LCMBA certificates of participation, Series 1999 outstanding in the amount of \$2,345,000, were refinanced by the 2011 Assignment Certificate issued by LCMBA and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A in the amount of \$2,390,000. The refinancing resulted in a net present value benefit to the LCMBA of \$214,100 and total debt service payment savings of \$318,683 through 2024.

The certificate bears an interest rate of 3.34%, payable semi-annually. Principal and interest on this certificate is due in annual installments through November 15, 2024.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the LCMBA's certificate of assignment are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-type activities				
December-31		Principal	Interest	_	Total
2018	\$	175,000 \$	44,923	\$	219,923
2019		180,000	39,078		219,078
2020		185,000	33,066		218,066
2021		190,000	26,887		216,887
2022		200,000	20,541		220,541
2023-2024		415,000	20,875		435,875
Total	\$	1,345,000 \$	185,370	\$	1,530,370

2004 Revenue Loans

On May 1, 2004, the City, acting by and through the City of Littleton, Colorado Sewer Utility Enterprise, borrowed money from the Colorado Water Resources & Power Development Authority (CWRPDA) for expansion and upgrade to the wastewater treatment plant owned and operated with the City of Englewood. The borrowing consisted of two loans, \$19,695,000 in Water Resources Revenue Bonds payable through 2015 and \$29,677,780 in Clean Water Revenue Bonds payable through 2025, both underlying issues sold at a premium of \$1,308,177 and \$322,220, respectively. The state provided matching funds to the CWRPDA; therefore, the proceeds received by the City were \$21,000,000 and \$30,000,000 respectively.

Principal and interest are payable semi-annually through August 1, 2025, with an effective interest rate ranging from 3.70% to 3.82%. The City has the option to prepay the loan which is subject to prepayment penalty of certain administrative fees and a redemption premium as defined in the loan agreement.

NOTE VI - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Due to a re-financing by CWRPDA in January 2013, debt service payments were reduced. Annual debt service to maturity for these revenue loans are as follows:

	Business-type activities				
Year Ending		Int	erest & Admin		
December-31		Principal	Fees	Total	
2018	\$	2,710,642 \$	841,742 \$	3,552,384	
2019		2,796,354	758,802	3,555,156	
2020		2,882,066	673,612	3,555,678	
2021		2,967,778	585,922	3,553,700	
2022		3,064,204	493,927	3,558,131	
2023-2025		9,374,750	646,691	10,021,441	
Total	\$	23,795,794 \$	4,000,696 \$	27,796,490	

The 2004 revenue loans are payable solely from the net revenues of the wastewater utility system, after deduction of operating expenses.

Littleton Invests for Tomorrow Debt

In December 2014, the city authorized a loan of up to \$200,000 to LIFT. Interest accrues at a rate equal to the 2-year treasury rate at the time of the advance, but no less than 0.51% per annum. Repayments shall be made annually before December 31 of each year, or by mutual agreement, with final payment of loan balance is to be paid to the City on or before December 16, 2019. No payments have been made by LIFT to the City as of December 31, 2017.

Advances of \$50,000 each were made December 2014, March 2015 and October 2015. Interest rates on these advances are 0.56%, 0.70%, and 0.65%, respectively. At December 31, 2017, total accrued interest was \$2,534 and the principal amount was \$150,000.

Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences of the governmental activities are expected to be liquidated primarily with revenues of the General Fund.

Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has participated in the issuance of industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon payment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

The principal amount payable for the bonds issued prior to December 31, 1995 could not be determined. The City authorized tax exempt bonds for the Colorado Mental Health Facilities Development in December 2013. The principal amount payable for these bonds as of December 31, 2017 was \$8,150,035.

<u>NOTE VII – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS</u>

The City's employees are covered under or may participate in various retirement plans.

Money purchase pension plan – general employees

All full time regular city employees (except fire fighters and police officers) are required to participate in a defined contribution money purchase plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). Under this plan, 5% of the employee's regular salary was withheld and contributed to the plan. The City contributes 7%. The employee is 100% vested in his or her contribution and earns a 100% vested right to the City contributions after five years of service at the rate of 20% per year. This plan is governed by a four member Board of Trustees, and employees may choose from various investment options offered by ICMA, the plans administrator. The City Council has authority to change the contributions and other provisions. The employee's contributions to this plan for December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were \$602,076 and \$598,988, with the City's contributions being \$842,907 and \$836,584, respectively.

City contributions and interest forfeited by employees who leave employment before five years of service are used first for administrative charges and second to reduce the City's current period contribution requirement.

Money purchase pension plans – police employees

The City provides pension benefits for paid police officers hired on and after April 8, 1978 and active duty police officers who were hired prior to April 8, 1978 through defined contribution money purchase plans. Commissioned police personnel are required to participate in the plans from the date of employment and are fully vested after five years of continuous service at the rate of 20% per year. Both the City and the covered employees contribute an amount equal to 10% of the covered employee's base salary. Trustees govern the plan, but record keeping and asset management are performed by ICMA for the Police Department. The City has no liability for these plans beyond its current annual contributions. The City Council has authority to establish contribution requirements and other provisions. The employee and employer contributions to this plan for December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were \$624,597 and \$596,122, respectively.

City contributions and interest forfeited by employees who leave employment before five years of service are used first for administrative charges and second to reduce the City's current period contribution requirement.

Defined benefit pension plans – fire employees

In November 2008, voters approved the City to move the fire employees' money purchase pension plan to a defined benefit plan. Fire employees became members of the FPPA pension group effective April 1, 2009. Prior to that date, fire employees were included in the money purchase pension plan along with police employees. Fire employees' participate in two plans: The Statewide Defined Benefit Plan and the Statewide Hybrid Plan.

Statewide Defined Benefit Plan

Plan description. The Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB) is a cost-sharing multiple – employer defined benefit pension plan. The SWDB plan became effective January 1, 1980 and as of December 31, 2016 has 216 participating employer fire and police departments. The SWDB plan is administered by FPPA.

Employers once had the option to elect to withdraw from the SWDB plan, but a change in state statutes permitted no further withdrawals after January 1, 1988.

Colorado Revised Statutes, Title 31, Article 31 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado Board of Directors. FPPA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.fppaco.org.

<u>NOTE VII – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

Benefits provided. A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed 25 years of credited service and has attained the age of 55.

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the SWDB Plan. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be redetermined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the SWDB plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

A member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) after reaching eligibility for normal retirement, early retirement, or vested retirement at age 55. A member can continue to work while participating in the DROP, but must terminate employment within 5 years of entry into DROP. The member's participating percentage of retirement benefit is determined at the time of entry into the DROP. The monthly payments that begin at the entry into the DROP are accumulated in a DROP account until the member terminates service, at which time the DROP accumulated benefits can be paid as periodic installments, a lump sum, or if desired, a member may elect to convert the DROP to a lifetime monthly benefit with survivor benefits. While participating in the DROP, the member continues to make pension contributions that are credited to the DROP. Effective January 1, 2003, the member shall self-direct investments of their DROP funds. The DROP balance invested with the asset custodian at December 31, 2016 was \$61,543,732. This amount was not included in the SWDB Plan net position.

Contributions. The SWDB plan sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for the SWDB plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership.

Members of the SWDB plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 9 percent and 8 percent, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 17 percent through 2016. In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 8 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 20 percent in 2022. The member contribution rate as of December 31, 2017 for members hired prior to April 1, 2009 was 11.0% and the City's contribution rate was 10%. For members hired after April 1, 2009 the member contribution rate as of December 31, 2017 was 9.5% and the City's contribution rate as of December 31, 2017 was 8%. Contributions to the SWDB plan from the City were \$1,097,687 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Contributions from members and employers of departments re-entering the system are established by resolution and approved by the FPPA Board of Directors. The re-entry group has a combined contribution rate of 20.5 percent of base salary through 2015. It is a local decision as to whether the member or employer pays the additional 4 percent contribution. Per the 2014 member election, the re-entry group will also have their required member contribution rate increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 for a total combined member and employer contribution rate of 24 percent in 2022.

<u>NOTE VII – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$893,441 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial calculation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined at December 31, 2016. At December 31, 2016, the City's proportion was 2.47 percent, which was an increase of 0.18 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,353,184. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 797,738	\$	45,440	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments	2,411,589		-	
Changes in assumptions	610,295		-	
Changes in proportion	2,301		230,641	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,097,687		-	
	\$ 4,919,610	\$	276,081	

The \$1,097,687 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,		mortization
2018	\$	882,267
2019		882,267
2020		831,673
2021		356,345
2022		135,241
2023-2026		458,049
	\$	3,545,842

<u>NOTE VII – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016. The valuations used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

	Total Pension Liability	Actuarially Determined Contribution
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2017	January 1, 2016
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	30 Years	30 Years
Long-term Investment Rate of Return *	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary Increases	4.0% - 14.0%	4.0% - 14.0%
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)	0.0%	0.0%
* Includes Inflation at	2.5%	2.5%

For determining the total pension liability, the RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Employees, projected with Scale BB, 55 percent multiplier for off-duty mortality is used in the valuation for off-duty mortality of active members. On-duty related mortality is assumed to be 0.00020 per year for all members. The RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Employees, projected with Scale BB is used in the projection of post-retirement benefits for members under the age 55. For post-retirement members ages 65 and older, the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants, projected with scale BB is used. For post-retirement members ages 55-64, a blend of the previous table is used.

For determining the actuarially determined contributions, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected with Scale AA, 40 percent multiplier for off-duty mortality is used in the valuation for off-duty mortality of active members. On-duty related mortality if assumed to be 0.00020 per year for all members. The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected with Scale AA is used in the projection of post-retirement benefits.

At least every five years the Fire & Police Pension Association's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2015 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the Fire & Police Pension Association's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future.

Effective with the January 1, 2013 valuations, the Board adopted a five-year smoothing methodology in the determination of the actuarial value of assets. Beginning in the January 1, 2014 valuations, the married assumption for active members was increased from 80% to 85% to reflect the passage of the Colorado Civil Union Act.

The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2016 and were used in the determination of the actuarially determined contributions as of December 31, 2016. The actuarial assumptions impacted actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

<u>NOTE VII – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	36.0%	9.3%
Equity Long/Short	10.0%	7.4%
Illiquid Alternatives	23.0%	10.8%
Fixed Income	15.0%	4.1%
Absolute Return	10.0%	6.6%
Managed Futures	4.0%	5.5%
Cash	2.0%	0.0%
Total	100.0%	

* While the expected inflation exceeds the expected rate of return for cash, a 0.0 percent real rate of return is utilized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the FPPA's Board of Director's funding policy, which established the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1	% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,601,750	\$	893,441	\$	(4,678,140)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FPPA financial report.

Statewide Hybrid Plan

Plan description. The Statewide Hybrid Plan (SWH) is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan covering full-time firefighters and police officers from departments that elect coverage. The SWH plan may also cover clerical staff or other fire district personnel whose services are auxiliary to fire protection. The SWH plan is comprised of two components: Defined Benefit and Money Purchase. With the latter component, employees have the option of choosing among various mutual funds offered by an outside investment manager. As of December 31, 2016, the SWH plan has 37 participating employer departments. Employers may not withdraw from the SWH plan once affiliated.

Colorado Revised Statutes, Title 31, Article 31 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado Board of Directors. FPPA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.fppaco.org.

<u>NOTE VII – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

Benefits provided. The SWH plan document states that any member may retire from further service and become eligible for a normal retirement pension at any time after age 55, if the member has at least 25 years of service.

The annual normal pension of the Defined Benefit Component is 1.5 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service. Benefits paid to retired members of the Defined Benefit Component are evaluated and may be re-determined annually on October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to 3 percent.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Defined Benefit Component of the SWH plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 1.5 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service. In addition, upon termination, the vested account balance within the Money Purchase Component becomes available to the member.

A member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) after reaching eligibility for normal retirement, early retirement, or vested retirement at age 55. A member can continue to work while participating in the DROP, but must terminate employment within 5 years of entry into DROP. The member's participating percentage of retirement benefit is determined at the time of entry into the DROP. The monthly payments that begin at the entry into the DROP are accumulated in a DROP account until the member terminates service, at which time the DROP accumulated benefits can be paid as periodic installments, a lump sum, or if desired, a member may elect to convert the DROP to a lifetime monthly benefit with survivor benefits. While participating in the DROP, the member continues to make pension contributions that are credited to the DROP. Effective January 1, 2003, the member shall self-direct investments of their DROP funds. The DROP balance invested with the asset custodian at December 31, 2016 was \$706,120. This amount was not included in the SWH Plan net position.

Contributions. The SWH plan sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for the SWH plan and their employers are currently each contributing at the rate determined by the individual employer, however, the rate for both the employer and members must be at least 8 percent of the member's base salary. The amount allocated to the Defined Benefit Component is set annually by the Fire & Police Pension Association Board of Directors. Excess contributions fund the Money Purchase Component of the SWH plan. The Defined Benefit Component contribution rate from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017 was 13.5 percent. The Defined Benefit Component contribution rate from July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 was 12.6 percent.

Within the Money Purchase Component, members are always fully vested in their own contributions, as well as the earnings on those contributions. Vesting in the employer's contributions within the Money Purchase Component, and earnings on those contributions occurs according to the vesting schedule set by the SWH plan document at 20 percent per year after the first year of service to be 100 percent vested after 5 years of service. Employer and member contributions are invested in funds at the discretion of members.

Unvested department contributions and earnings thereon are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the pension plan's administrative expenses. Any administrative expenses not covered by forfeitures are charged directly to member accounts.

A member may elect to make voluntary after-tax contributions to the Money Purchase Component of the SWH plan.

Contributions to the SWH plan from the City were \$117,309 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

NOTE VII - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016, the City reported an asset of \$1,066,019 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial calculation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined at December 31, 2016. At December 31, 2016, the City's proportion was 9.79 percent, which was an increase of 0.83 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the city recognized a pension credit of \$216,114. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	548,726	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		236,473		-	
Change in assumptions		47,292			
Changes in proportion		-		360,349	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		117,309		-	
	\$	949,800	\$	360,349	

The \$117,309 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Amo	Amortization		
2018	\$	107,533		
2019		107,533		
2020		104,558		
2021		57,523		
2022		35,168		
2023-2024		59,827		
	\$	472,142		

Actuarial assumptions. The actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016. The valuations used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

	Total Pension Liability	Actuarially Determined Contribution
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2017	January 1, 2016
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	30 Years	30 Years
Long-term Investment Rate of Return *	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary Increases	4.0% - 14.0%	4.0% - 14.0%
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)	0.0%	0.0%
* Includes Inflation at	2.5%	2.5%

NOTE VII - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

For determining the total pension liability, the RP-2014 Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Employees, projected with Scale BB, 55 percent multiplier for off-duty mortality is used in the valuation for off-duty mortality of active members. On-duty related mortality is assumed to be 0.00020 per year for all members. The RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Employees, projected with Scale BB is used in the projection of post-retirement benefits for members under the age 55. For post-retirement members ages 65 and older, the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants, projected with scale BB is used. For post-retirement members ages 55-64, a blend of the previous table is used.

For determining the actuarially determined contributions, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected with Scale AA, 40 percent multiplier for off-duty mortality is used in the valuation for off-duty mortality of active members. On-duty related mortality if assumed to be 0.00020 per year for all members. The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected with Scale AA is used in the projection of post-retirement benefits.

At least every five years the Fire & Police Pension Association's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2015 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the Fire & Police Pension Association's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future.

The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2016 and were used in the rollforward calculation of total pension liability as of December 31, 2016. Actuarial assumptions effective for actuarial valuations prior to January 1, 2016 were used in the determination of the actuarially determined contributions as of December 31, 2015. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

Effective with the January 1, 2013 valuations, the Board adopted a five-year smoothing methodology in the determination of the actuarial value of assets. Beginning in the January 1, 2014 valuations, the married assumption for active members was increased from 80% to 85% to reflect the passage of the Colorado Civil Union Act.

The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2016 and were used in the determination of the actuarially determined contributions as of December 31, 2016. The actuarial assumptions impacted actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	36.0%	9.3%
Equity Long/Short	10.0%	7.4%
Illiquid Alternatives	23.0%	10.8%
Fixed Income	15.0%	4.1%
Absolute Return	10.0%	6.6%
Managed Futures	4.0%	5.5%
Cash	2.0%	0.0%
Total	100.0%	

* While the expected inflation exceeds the expected rate of return for cash, a 0.0 percent real rate of return is utilized.

NOTE VII – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the FPPA's Board of Director's funding policy, which established the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWH plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset), calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	Decrease 6.50%)			1% Increase (8.50%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (566,869)	\$	(1,066,019)	\$	(1,482,437)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FPPA financial report.

Statewide Money Purchase plan – fire employees

FPPA offers a statewide money purchase plan for fire employees. This plan is a defined contribution plan. Title 31, Article 30 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS), as amended, assigns the authority to establish benefit provisions to the state legislature. Under this plan, 10% of the employee's regular salary was withheld and contributed to the plan. The City contributes 10%. The employee is 100% vested in his or her contribution and earns a 100% vested right to the City contributions after five years of service at the rate of 20% per year. The employee's contributions to this plan for December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were \$76,114 and \$73,384, with the City's contributions and pension expense being \$76,114 and \$73,384, respectively.

City contributions forfeited by employees who leave employment before five years of service are reserved in a forfeiture account to pay the administrative expenses of the plan. Forfeitures may be carried forward from one plan year to the next for up to five years. After five years, forfeitures not used to pay the administrative expenses of the plan must be used to reduce the employers' required contributions.

FPPA issues a publicly available financial report that includes the statewide money purchase plan. The report may be obtained by writing to FPPA of Colorado, 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 100, Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 or by calling FPPA at 303-770-3772 or 1-800-332-3772.

Deferred compensation

A deferred compensation plan under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code is available for voluntary employee contributions. Under this plan, all employees may make voluntary contributions in accordance with Internal Revenue Service limitations. In July 2014, an amendment to the plan was made to allow for a city match of the employee's contribution, limited to 2% of the employee's regular salary. In accordance with the plan, distribution is not available to employees until termination, retirement, disability, death or unforeseen emergency. All assets are held for the exclusive benefit of the employees. This plan is administered by ICMA. The employee's contributions to this plan for December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were \$1,561,671 and \$1,577,064, with the City's contribution being \$374,469 and \$469,106, respectively. The City Council has authority to establish contribution requirements and other provisions.

Aggregate Pension Expenditures/Expenses

The City's aggregate pension expenditures/expenses associated with the net pension liabilities for all plans for the year ended December 31, 2017 are \$1,137,070.

<u>NOTE VIII – JOINT VENTURE</u>

The City participates with the City of Englewood in a joint venture for the construction and operation of a wastewater treatment facility. Control of the joint venture is vested in a four-member committee, with two members appointed by each city.

Oversight responsibilities are divided equally between the two cities and ownership is held 50 percent by each city. Variable operating expenses are shared based on actual plant usage. The City's investment in this joint venture is accounted for on the equity method in the Sewer Utility Fund.

The depreciation on joint venture assets is equal to the depreciation expense plus any loss on disposal of capital assets recorded on behalf of the joint venture. The joint venture, as of year-end, had no long-term obligations and the current liabilities, which are all related to operations, will be funded by the separate cities based on the actual usage of the plant. Complete audited financial statements are available at the City of Littleton's finance office.

<u>NOTE IX – RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; health costs of employees; and natural disasters. These risks are financed and funded through the Property and Liability Insurance Fund, the Employee Insurance Fund (Internal Service Funds) and through participation in the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA).

The Property and Liability Insurance Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$50,000 for each general liability claim and \$5,000 for each property damage claim. The City purchases insurance from CIRSA for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Property and Liability Insurance Fund and for all other risks of loss. All city funds participate in the insurance program. There have been no significant changes in insurance coverage in 2017 as compared to prior periods.

CIRSA is an independent, public entity risk pool whose general objectives are to provide member municipalities' defined property and liability and/or workers' compensation coverage through joint self insurance and excess insurance. It is financed by annual contributions and interest earnings on the contributions. The contributions are used, in part, to establish loss funds from which member claims and associated costs are paid. Excess reinsurance coverage is also purchased. Certain surplus funds are used to the benefit of members and may include reductions in future contributions. Although none have occurred to date, additional member contributions may be required if necessary. The City is unaware of any excess losses which may have been incurred by CIRSA, and there have been no settled claims which exceed insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

The Employee Insurance Fund includes Accidental Death and Dismemberment, Long-Term Disability and Life Insurance coverage provided by commercial carriers as well as self insurance plans for health, workers compensation and unemployment coverage. Outside administrators monitor individual employee claims and negotiate excess coverage insurance policies. Excess coverage health insurance policies are purchased to cover individual incident claims in excess of \$150,000. The City pays all unemployment insurance claims as a reimbursable employer with the State of Colorado. The city provides compensation for work-related injuries and disabilities as mandated by federal law through self-funded workers compensation coverage. The City is self-insured for Workers Compensation and has a stop loss limit of \$500,000. Settled benefit claims did not exceed the individual yearly claims limit for the last three years. Liabilities are reported when it is possible that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities, as provided by outside administrators, during the year ended December 31, 2017 are as follows:

		Employ Insurance		Property and Liability Insurance Fund		
		2017	2016	2017	2016	
Unpaid claims and reserve for incurred but	-					
not reported claims-beginning of year	\$	1,194,823 \$	1,371,751 \$	66,436 \$	57,619	
Incurred claims and reserve estimates		6,828,327	6,541,832	426,499	414,058	
Claim payments		(6,660,282)	(6,718,760)	(396,045)	(405,241)	
Unpaid claims and reserve for incurred but	-					
not reported claims-end of year	\$	1,362,868 \$	1,194,823 \$	96,890 \$	66,436	

<u>NOTE X – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plant Joint Venture/Lowry Landfill

In an agreement reached in February 1994, Littleton paid the City and County of Denver, Waste Management of Colorado, Inc. and Chemical Waste Management of Colorado, Inc. in exchange for a release of claims against the City of Littleton and the City of Englewood and for holding the cities harmless of claims from other parties involved in the Lowry landfill.

While it currently appears unlikely that future clean up costs will exceed the amount available, the City is unable to predict, with certainty, the extent and probability of its share of future clean up costs.

Fire Protection Agreements

The City has agreements through which the City provides fire protection services outside of its boundaries to the Littleton Fire Protection District and the Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District (Districts). The agreements provide for the joint use of personnel, certain equipment and facilities. The City incurs normal operating expenditures for the fire protection operations such as salaries, fringe benefits and other operation/maintenance expenses. The City bills the districts for their share of the actual costs based on a predetermined allocation formula combining fire calls made and assessed valuation on a five-year moving average. Both Districts provided notice to the City of their intent to terminate the agreements effective December 2018 (see note on Subsequent Events). For 2017, the Littleton Fire Protection District's share was \$8,855,083 and the Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District's share was \$9,212,326.

Litigation

Various suits and claims are pending against the City as of December 31, 2017. Although the outcome of such suits and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, the City believes that adequate insurance coverage exists in situations where monetary damages are claimed and that the final settlements of these matters will not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

In November 1992, the voters of Colorado approved Amendment 1, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which added Section 20 to Article X of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR contains tax spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The TABOR Emergency Reserve at December 31, 2017 was \$2,155,723. The City's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

Voter-approved revenue changes are dollar amounts that are exceptions to, and not part of, the City's base for purposes of calculating fiscal year spending under TABOR. In order to collect, retain, and spend revenues in excess of the above-referenced limit in 1994, 2000, 2002, 2008 and 2016, the City submitted to its electors, and received voter approval, to retain and spend certain revenues received during 1994 and 1995, 1999 through 2001, 2002 through 2004, 2008, and 2016 respectively, for specific purposes as set forth in the approved election questions. There was no TABOR excess in 2017.

NOTE X – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Construction contracts

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2017. The projects include street rehabilitation, street reconstruction and traffic signal crosswalk improvements. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Expend	litures-to-Date	Remaining Commitment		
2017 Street Rehabilitation Mill and Overlay	\$	888,302	\$	80,138	
Bemis Street Reconstruction		431,967		71,527	
2017 Traffic Signal Crosswalk Improvements		-		63,888	
Totals	\$	1,320,269	\$	215,553	

Encumbrances

Encumbrance commitments for the City at year-end total \$1,280,328. Encumbrances were formally adopted by the City Council as carryforward appropriations into the 2018 Budget in March 2018.

Fund	Encumbrances					
General	\$	564,847				
Capital Projects		326,003				
Conservation Trust		24,000				
Grants		119,610				
Open Space		165,421				
Sewer Utility		19,040				
Storm Drainage		5,525				
Property & Liability		55,882				
Totals	\$	1,280,328				

<u>NOTE XI – PLEDGED REVENUES</u>

The City has pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$23,795,794 in outstanding sewer system revenues bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the expansion and upgrade to the wastewater treatment plant owned and operated with the City of Englewood. The bonds are payable solely from the sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2025. The total pledged revenue cannot be estimated in comparison to pledged debt in that revenues are uncertain as to future amounts. In the event that annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require more than available net revenues of which, cash reserve will be used. The total principal and interest paid for the current year (net of refunding credits) and total customer net revenues were \$3,525,000 and \$10,465,000, respectively.

NOTE XII- TAX ABATEMENTS

Economic Development Agreements

The City has entered into certain agreements in an effort to attract and retain high quality development, to provide employment opportunities, and community service delivery. The City has three agreements as of December 31, 2017.

Restaurant - Abatement of sales tax above an annual minimum amount, for a period of the earlier of five years (beginning May 2015) or \$212,500, whichever occurs first.

Grocery store chain - Abatement of sales tax of 50% over minimum annual amount for a period of the earlier of six years (beginning January 2015) or \$500,000, whichever occurs first.

NOTE XII- TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

Energy corporation - Abatement of use tax of 50%, provided certain employment criteria are met, beginning 2015 through 2022 upon request from company.

Due to the confidential nature of tax information and pursuant the Littleton City Code, the aggregated amount of sales and use tax abatements during the fiscal year was \$77,314.

Littleton Invests for Tomorrow Urban Renewal Authority Agreement

Littleton Invests for Tomorrow Urban Renewal Authority (LIFT) is authorized according to Colorado statutes to receive revenue from incremental sales and property taxes that are collected from designated geographical areas as defined in the urban renewal plans. Incremental sales taxes represent the increase in municipal sales taxes collected within the same area for each twelve-month period beginning on the date the urban renewal plan is approved. Incremental sales taxes are collected by the City and remitted to LIFT. Property tax revenue is earned from the same geographical area based upon the increase in assessed valuation of taxable property, attributable to redevelopment, within the area. Incremental property taxes are collected by Arapahoe County and remitted to LIFT.

The incremental sales tax revenue remitted to LIFT by the City in fiscal year December 31, 2017, for the four urban renewal areas of Columbine URA, Littleton Blvd URA, North Broadway URA and Santa Fe URA was \$50,758 collectively.

<u>NOTE XIII – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Primary Government

In November 2017, the City received notice from the Littleton Fire Protection District and the Highlands Ranch Metro District (the Districts) of their intent to terminate the fire services agreement effective December 31, 2018. Voters in both Districts approved inclusion with South Metro Fire Rescue District effective January 1, 2019 at an election held May 8, 2018. On April 17, 2018 the Littleton City Council approved a pre-unification agreement between Littleton Fire Rescue and South Metro Fire Rescue (SMFR) for fire services beginning January 1, 2019. SMFR will hold an election on November 6, 2018 to ask voters to consider including the City of Littleton in the SMFR service area. If voters approve the question, a portion of the current property tax assessed by the City would be reduced to 2.0 mills and SMFR's mill levy of 9.25 mills would be applied across the entire City effective for property taxes collected in 2020.

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado



2017 CAFR

Required Supplementary Information (RSI) 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

City of Littleton, Colorado Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget	t Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 4,823,000	\$ 4,823,000	\$ 4,712,762	\$ (110,238)		
Sales and use	32,162,980	32,162,980	32,749,360	586,380		
Specific ownership tax	340,000	340,000	416,734	76,734		
Cigarette Tax	207,000	207,000	188,302	(18,698)		
Franchise	2,257,500	2,257,500	2,226,655	(30,845)		
Licenses and permits	1,498,000	1,498,000	1,400,381	(97,619)		
Intergovernmental	16,789,540	16,789,540	17,181,566	392,026		
Charges for services	2,529,210	2,529,210	2,473,567	(55,643)		
Fines and forfeitures	780,000	780,000	698,551	(81,449)		
Investment earnings	115,000	115,000	109,341	(5,659)		
Miscellaneous	1,207,000	1,207,000	1,035,885	(171,115)		
TABOR revenue refund	-	-	1,937,904	1,937,904		
Total revenues	62,709,230	62,709,230	65,131,008	2,421,778		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government:						
City council	258,760	335,260	320,202	15,058		
City attorney	543,940	678,140	586,588	91,552		
City manager	666,600	726,600	585,346	141,254		
Communications and marketing	1,229,940	1,229,940	1,049,013	180,927		
Economic development	573,830	685,020	539,968	145,052		
Finance	1,111,600	1,111,600	973,886	137,714		
Information services	1,941,240	1,956,650	1,893,047	63,603		
City clerk	958,880	958,880	977,724	(18,844)		
Human resources	1,090,550	1,143,350	880,081	263,269		
Public works	2,605,250	2,603,370	2,197,480	405,890		
Community development	2,632,890	2,959,580	2,514,216	445,364		
General operations	2,103,940	2,458,070	2,028,987	429,083		
Public Safety:						
Police	12,325,240	12,575,240	12,233,800	341,440		
Fire	22,752,130	22,898,890	22,043,096	855,794		
Highways and Streets:						
Public works	4,794,950	4,960,870	4,535,440	425,430		
Welfare:						
City clerk	236,210	236,210	240,950	(4,740)		
Library and museum	190,470	189,470	109,286	80,184		
Culture and Recreation:						
Public works	1,072,660	1,080,000	1,068,975	11,025		
Library and museum	4,227,270	4,305,130	4,042,297	262,833		
Total current expenditures	61,316,350	63,092,270	58,820,382	4,271,888		
Capital outlay Total expenditures	10,000 61,326,350	79,840	<u>115,881</u> 58,936,263	(36,041) 4,235,847		
Total experiditures	01,320,330	03,172,110	56,950,205	4,235,647		
Excess of revenues over						
expenditures	1,382,880	(462,880)	6,194,745	6,657,625		
		<u>.</u>				
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	(1,276,690)	(3,214,594)	(2,286,228)	928,366		
Total other financing uses	(1,276,690)	(3,214,594)	(2,286,228)	928,366		
Net change in fund balance	106,190	(3,677,474)	3,908,517	7,585,991		
Fund balances - beginning	9,948,370	9,150,373	9,150,373			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 10,054,560	\$ 5,472,899	\$ 13,058,890	\$ 7,585,991		

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Statewide Defined Benefit Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017		2016		_	2015	2014	
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		2.47%		2.29%		2.27%		2.28%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	893,441	\$	(40,340)	\$	(2,566,775)	\$	(2,855,133)
City's covered payroll	\$	10,956,124	\$	9,385,746	\$	8,541,294	\$	8,139,582
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		8.15%		0.43%		30.05%		35.08%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		98.21%		100.10%		106.80%		105.80%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date.

Note: Information presented since inception of GASB 68. As information becomes available, each subsequent year will be added until a full 10-year trend is compiled.

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

City of Littleton, Colorado Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Contributions Statewide Defined Benefit Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

2015 2017 2016 2014 2013 Statutorily required contribution \$ 1,097,687 \$ 1,012,342 \$ 887,449 \$ 818,224 \$ 791,524 Contributions in relation to the (81<u>8,224)</u> statutorily required contribution (1,097,687) (1,012,342) (887,449) (791,524) Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ ---City's covered payroll \$ 11,957,103 \$ 10,956,124 \$ 8,541,294 \$ 8,139,582 \$ 9,385,746 Contributions as a percentage of 9.18% 9.46% 9.58% 9.72% covered payroll 9.24%

Note: Fiscal year 2008 is not present. Fire employees became members of the FPPA pension group effective April 1, 2009.

2012	2011	2010	2009
\$ 761,088	\$ 770,419	\$ 795,747	\$ 596,273
(761,088)	(770,419)	(795,747)	(596,273)
\$-	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 7,749,807	\$ 7,788,961	\$ 8,019,030	\$ 5,996,834
9.82%	9.89%	9.92%	9.94%

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Statewide Hybrid Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	-	2017		2016	-	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		9.79%		8.96%		6.47%	6.43%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(1,066,019)	\$	(958,990)	\$	(766,863)	\$ (736,130)
City's covered payroll	\$	1,266,456	\$	1,179,941	\$	800,410	\$ 832,125
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a		84.17%		81.27%		95.81%	88.46%
percentage of the total pension liability		127.50%		129.44%		140.60%	139.00%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date.

Note: Information presented since inception of GASB 68. As information becomes available, each subsequent year will be added until a full 10-year trend is compiled.

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

City of Littleton, Colorado Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Contributions Statewide Hybrid Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 117,309 (117,309)	\$	126,646	\$	117,994 (117,994)	\$	80,041 (80,041)	\$	83,213 (83,213)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,173,082	\$	1,266,456	\$	1,179,941	\$	800,410	\$	832,125	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%		10.00%		10.00%		10.00%		10.00%	

Note: Fiscal year 2008 is not present. Fire employees became members of the FPPA pension group effective April 1, 2009.

 2012 2011		_	2010			2009			
\$ 81,286	\$	88,382		\$	88,552	\$	65,055		
 (81,286)		(88,382)	_		(88,552)		(65,055)		
\$ -	\$	-	=	\$	-	\$	-		
\$ 812,856	\$	883,205		\$	885,524	\$	650,549		
10.00%		10.01%			10.00%		10.00%		

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>NOTE I – BUDGETARY INFORMATION</u>

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to September 15, the city manager submits to the city council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures of all funds and the means of financing them, except the Fiduciary Fund. The Littleton Colorado Municipal Building Authority approve their own budgets on a Non-GAAP basis, which is not adopted or approved by the city and are not presented in the financial statements.

Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.

Prior to December 1 of the preceding year, the budget is legally enacted through the adoption of an appropriations ordinance for all city funds. The budget is appropriated at the fund level, which is the legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations).

The city manager and finance director have authority to transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof from one classification of expenditure to another within the same department, office or agency, in accordance with the city charter; provided that such transfers over \$100,000 per transaction would require formal council consent. Per state statute, budgetary control is based on total appropriated expenditures at the fund level.

At the request of the city manager, the council may, by resolution and five affirmative council votes, transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof from one fund to another.

Appropriations which are in addition to those contained in the budget may be made to satisfy emergency situations or to appropriate unanticipated revenue by the city.

Any annual appropriation remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of the budget year shall lapse and revert to the General Fund, or to a special fund, as council may direct, except that transfers from the sewer or utility funds are not authorized except by approval of four fifths of the council present.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Project, Internal Service and Enterprise Funds.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities for either budgetary or financial statement reporting purposes and are therefore reappropriated in the ensuing year's budget. Prior year encumbrances are included with and considered part of the original budget.

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Project and Internal Service Funds are adopted and presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The budgets for the enterprise funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except that bond proceeds are treated as other financing sources, capital outlay and debt service are treated as expenditures, and depreciation and capital contributions are not budgeted. This is in accordance with Colorado budget law.

The Emergency Medical Transport Fund was in excess of appropriated expenditures in 2017. This may be in violation of state statutes and of the city ordinance.



2017 CAFR

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

City of Littleton, Colorado Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

ASSETS	C	onservation Trust Fund	-	onsolidated cial Revenue Fund	 Grants Fund	 Open Space Fund
Cash and investments	\$	375,819	\$	385,976	\$ -	\$ 2,525,310
Receivables		-		26,758	670,243	16,117
Restricted cash and investments		-		20,584	 -	 5,000
Total assets	\$	375,819	\$	433,318	\$ 670,243	\$ 2,546,427
LIABILITIES						
Contracts and accounts payable	\$	136,008	\$	10,196	\$ 38,033	\$ 203,246
Due to other funds		· -		· -	610,706	-
Unearned revenue		-		-	19,390	-
Other liabilities		-		4,208	2,114	-
Total liabilities		136,008		14,404	 670,243	 203,246
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		239,811		20,584	-	2,343,181
Assigned		-		398,330	-	-
Total fund balances	_	239,811		418,914	 -	 2,343,181
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	375,819	\$	433,318	\$ 670,243	\$ 2,546,427

			Total
	Impact		Nonmajor
	Fee	C	Governmental
	Fund		Funds
\$	3,092,202	\$	6,379,307
	-		713,118
	-		25,584
\$	3,092,202	\$	7,118,009
\$	-	\$	387,483
	72,000		682,706
	-		19,390
	-		6,322
	72,000		1,095,901
	-		2,603,576
	3,020,202		3,418,532
	3,020,202		6,022,108
\$	3,092,202	\$	7,118,009
_		<u> </u>	, ,

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	C	onservation	-	onsolidated				Open
		Trust	Spe	ecial Revenue		Grants		Space
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	55,167	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		221,189		35,465		948,041		1,476,354
Charges for services		-		200		15,585		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		77,171		-		-
Investment earnings		4,538		3,959		-		21,674
Miscellaneous		-		4,414		-		7,129
Total revenues		225,727		176,376	_	963,626	_	1,505,157
EXPENDITURES								
General government		-		20,997		2,455		-
Public safety		-		103,428		54,534		-
Culture and recreation		150,000		1,070		182,332		489,983
Capital outlay		293,818		19,597		724,305		358,814
Total expenditures		443,818		145,092		963,626	_	848,797
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(218,091)		31,284		-		656,360
Fund balances - beginning		457,902		387,630				1,686,821
Fund balances - ending	\$	239,811	\$	418,914	\$		\$	2,343,181

	Total
Impact	Nonmajor
Fee	Governmental
Fund	Funds
\$ -	\$ 55,167
-	2,681,049
1,085,251	1,101,036
-	77,171
24,694	54,865
-	11,543
1,109,945	3,980,831
-	23,452
2,475	160,437
-	823,385
-	1,396,534
 2,475	2,403,808
 1,107,470	1,577,023
 1,912,732	4,445,085

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Capital Projects Fund

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual Amounts	/ariance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,680,000	\$ 1,680,000	\$	1,616,507	\$ (63,493)
Intergovernmental	2,276,460	2,276,460		2,199,451	(77,009)
Charges for services	-	-		77,634	77,634
Investment earnings	138,000	138,000		152,293	14,293
Miscellaneous	8,780	8,780		2,475	(6,305)
Total revenues	 4,103,240	 4,103,240		4,048,360	 (54,880)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	496,180	497,880		494,744	3,136
Public safety	1,547,040	1,594,540		1,306,091	288,449
Highways and streets	1,180,000	1,180,000		1,123,249	56,751
Culture and recreation	50,000	50,000		49,456	544
Debt Service:					
Principal	1,287,090	1,287,090		1,287,089	1
Interest	212,260	212,260		212,240	20
Capital outlay	 4,256,840	 5,505,980		4,721,876	 784,104
Total expenditures	 9,029,410	 10,327,750		9,194,745	 1,133,005
Deficiency of revenues under					
expenditures	 (4,926,170)	 (6,224,510)		(5,146,385)	 1,078,125
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	925,000	925,000		1,937,904	1,012,904
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	130,000	130,000		103,410	(26,590)
Proceeds from capital lease	1,400,000	1,400,000		1,400,000	-
Total other financing sources	 2,455,000	 2,455,000	_	3,441,314	 986,314
Net change in fund balance	(2,471,170)	(3,769,510)		(1,705,071)	2,064,439
Fund balances - beginning	 13,636,900	 15,803,853		15,803,853	 -
Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,165,730	\$ 12,034,343	\$	14,098,782	\$ 2,064,439

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Conservation Trust Fund

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	220,000	\$	220,000	\$	221,189	\$	1,189
Investment earnings		4,500		4,500		4,538		38
Total revenues		224,500		224,500		225,727		1,227
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation		150,000		150,000		150,000		-
Capital outlay		40,000		392,950		293,818		99,132
Total expenditures		190,000		542,950		443,818		99,132
Net change in fund balance		34,500		(318,450)		(218,091)		100,359
Fund balances - beginning		209,590		457,902		457,902		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	244,090	\$	139,452	\$	239,811	\$	100,359

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Consolidated Special Revenue Fund

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		-	ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 54,000	\$	54,000	\$	55,167	\$	1,167
Intergovernmental	500,000		500,000		35,465		(464,535)
Charges for services	2,500		2,500		200		(2,300)
Fines and forfeitures	73,000		73,000		77,171		4,171
Investment earnings	6,060		6,060		3,959		(2,101)
Miscellaneous	3,500		3,500		4,414		914
Total revenues	 639,060		639,060		176,376		(462,684)
EXPENDITURES							
General government	16,000		20,120		20,997		(877)
Public safety	617,350		617,350		103,428		513,922
Culture and recreation	5,000		5,000		1,070		3,930
Capital outlay	39,000		39,000		19,597		19,403
Total expenditures	 677,350		681,470		145,092		536,378
Net change in fund balance	(38,290)		(42,410)		31,284		73,694
Fund balances - beginning	 396,720		387,630		387,630		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 358,430	\$	345,220	\$	418,914	\$	73,694

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Grants Fund

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,071,750	\$ 1,071,750	\$ 948,041	\$ (123,709)
Charges for services	14,000	14,000	15,585	1,585
Total revenues	1,085,750	1,085,750	963,626	(122,124)
EXPENDITURES				
General government	100,000	229,000	2,455	226,545
Public safety	151,000	151,000	54,534	96,466
Culture and recreation	214,000	214,000	182,332	31,668
Capital outlay	620,750	1,165,800	724,305	441,495
Total expenditures	1,085,750	1,759,800	963,626	796,174
Net change in fund balance	-	(674,050)	-	674,050
Fund balances - beginning	-			
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (674,050)	\$-	\$ 674,050

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Open Space Fund

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		/ariance with Final Budget
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,125,000	\$	1,125,000	\$	1,476,354	\$	351,354
Investment earnings	10,400		10,400		21,674		11,274
Miscellaneous	6,520		6,520		7,129		609
Total revenues	 1,141,920		1,141,920		1,505,157		363,237
EXPENDITURES							
Culture and recreation	306,570		315,740		489,983		(174,243)
Capital outlay	1,193,200		2,272,280		358,814		1,913,466
Total expenditures	 1,499,770		2,588,020		848,797		1,739,223
Net change in fund balance	(357,850)		(1,446,100)		656,360		2,102,460
Fund balances - beginning	 586,970		1,686,821		1,686,821		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 229,120	\$	240,721	\$	2,343,181	\$	2,102,460

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Impact Fees Fund

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Charges for services Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 1,132,240 25,500 1,157,740	\$	1,132,240 25,500 1,157,740	\$	1,085,251 24,694 1,109,945	\$	(46,989) (806) (47,795)
EXPENDITURES Public safety	 8,780		8,780		2,475		6,305
Net change in fund balance	1,148,960		1,148,960		1,107,470		(41,490)
Fund balances - beginning	 1,948,050		1,912,732		1,912,732		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,097,010	\$	3,061,692	\$	3,020,202	\$	(41,490)

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

Combining Statement of Net Position

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2017

	So. Metro Area Comm. Center Fund			Geneva Village Fund	Building Authority Fund			Totals
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	292,053	\$	71,702	\$	-	\$	363,755
Receivables		-		10,362		-		10,362
Total current assets		292,053		82,064		-		374,117
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments		-		-		95		95
Capital assets:								
Land		-		70,408		380,663		451,071
Buildings and systems		-		429,318		2,965,288		3,394,606
Improvements other than buildings		-		-		65,740		65,740
Machinery and equipment		-		-		166,690		166,690
Less accumulated depreciation		-		(183,183)		(1,298,192)		(1,481,375)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated								
depreciation)		-		316,543		2,280,189		2,596,732
Total noncurrent assets	<u></u>	-	•	316,543	<u>_</u>	2,280,284	<u></u>	2,596,827
Total assets	\$	292,053	\$	398,607	\$	2,280,284	\$	2,970,944
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	-	\$	26,539	\$	-	\$	26,539
Accrued interest payable		-		-		5,615		5,615
Long-term debt payable - current		-		-		175,000		175,000
Total current liabilities				26,539		180,615		207,154
Noncurrent liabilities:						4 470 000		1 170 005
Long-term debt payable				-		1,170,000		1,170,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		-		1,170,000	-	1,170,000
Total liabilities				26,539		1,350,615		1,377,154
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		-		316,543		935,189		1,251,732
Restricted for:								
Debt service		-		-		95		95
Unrestricted		292,053		55,525		(5,615)		341,963
Total net position		292,053		372,068		929,669		1,593,790
Total liabilities and net position	\$	292,053	\$	398,607	\$	2,280,284	\$	2,970,944

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	So. Metro Area Comm. Center Fund		Geneva Village Fund		Building Authority Fund	 Totals
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	1,085,220	\$	-	\$-	\$ 1,085,220
Rental payments		-		119,922	217,124	337,046
Intergovernmental		132,986		-	-	132,986
Miscellaneous		-		1,551	-	 1,551
Total operating revenues		1,218,206		121,473	217,124	 1,556,803
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		1,216,811		-	-	1,216,811
Supplies		15,509		-	-	15,509
Contractual services		12,323		33,617	-	45,940
Other services and charges		47,653		139,360	-	187,013
Depreciation		22,200		17,113	63,606	102,919
Total operating expenses		1,314,496		190,090	63,606	 1,568,192
Operating income (loss)		(96,290)		(68,617)	153,518	 (11,389)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment earnings		-		993	120	1,113
Debt administration costs		-		-	(1,774)	(1,774)
Loss on sale of capital assets		(150,180)		-	-	(150,180)
Interest charges		-		-	(49,745)	(49,745)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(150,180)		993	(51,399)	 (200,586)
Income (loss) before transfers		(246,470)		(67,624)	102,119	(211,975)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		348,324		-		 348,324
Change in net position		101,854		(67,624)	102,119	136,349
Total net position - beginning		190,199		439,692	827,550	 1,457,441
Total net position - ending	\$	292,053	\$	372,068	\$ 929,669	\$ 1,593,790

City of Littleton, Colorado Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		o. Metro. Area omm. Center Fund		Geneva Village Fund	Building Authority Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		i una		1 dild	 i una		Totalo
Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	1,218,206 (120,643) (1,268,737)	\$	111,111 (175,228) -	\$ 217,124 - -	\$	1,546,441 (295,871) (1,268,737)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(171,174)		(64,117)	217,124		(18,167)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in		348,324		-	 -		348,324
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		348,324		-	 -	-	348,324
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets		(141,247)			-		(141,247)
Principal paid on debt		-		-	(165,000)		(165,000)
Interest paid on debt		-		-	(50,434)		(50,434)
Debt administration costs		-		-	 (1,774)		(1,774)
Net cash used by capital and related		(4 44 0 47)			(047.000)		(250,455)
financing activities		(141,247)		-	 (217,208)		(358,455)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Investment earnings		-		993	 120		1,113
Net cash provided by investing activities		-		993	 120		1,113
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		35,903		(63,124)	36		(27,185)
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		256,150		134,826	 59		391,035
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	292,053	\$	71,702	\$ 95	\$	363,850
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(96,290)	\$	(68,617)	\$ 153,518	\$	(11,389)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	<u> </u>	(00,200)	<u> </u>	(00,011)	 	<u> </u>	(1,000)
Depreciation expense Increase in current assets		22,200		17,113	63,606		102,919
Receivables Decrease in current liabilities		-		(10,362)	-		(10,362)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(97,084)		(2,251)	 -		(99,335)
Total adjustments		(74,884)		4,500	 63,606		(6,778)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(171,174)	\$	(64,117)	\$ 217,124	\$	(18,167)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted	\$	292,053	\$	71,702	\$ -	\$	363,755
Restricted		-		-	 95		95
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	292,053	\$	71,702	\$ 95	\$	363,850

City of Littleton, Colorado Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sewer Utility Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES Charges for services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	Original Budget \$ 13,937,800 210,000 195,000	Final Budget \$ 13,937,800 210,000 195,000	Actual Amounts \$ 13,646,641 251,170 164,000	Variance with Final Budget \$ (291,159) 41,170 (31,000)
Total revenues	14,342,800	14,342,800	14,061,811	(280,989)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel services	390,200	390,200	337,165	53,035
Supplies	20,560	20,560	15,621	4,939
Bi-City operating costs	9,471,550	9,471,550	7,024,570	2,446,980
Contractual services	314,000	423,060	39,466	383,594
Services by General Fund	491,000	491,000	510,000	(19,000)
Other services and charges	3,227,750	3,443,086	953,078	2,490,008
Debt - Principal	2,646,360	2,646,360	2,646,358	2
Debt - Interest	655,170	655,170	598,611	56,559
Debt - Administration Costs	249,280	249,280	249,282	(2)
Capital outlay	205,000	212,524	217,561	(5,037)
Total expenditures	17,670,870	18,002,790	12,591,712	5,411,078
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,328,070)	(3,659,990)	1,470,099	5,130,089
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Capital contributions	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,441,976	(258,024)
Change in net position	\$ (1,628,070)	\$ (1,959,990)	2,912,075	\$ 4,872,065
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS Capital outlay Capital contributions Change in Bi-City joint venture equity Debt - Principal Amortization Depreciation			217,561 3,840,971 (3,378,955) 2,646,358 (15,344) (384,607)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GAAP BASIS			\$ 5,838,059	

City of Littleton, Colorado Budgetary Comparison Schedule Storm Drainage Fund

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES	_		_		_				
Charges for services	\$	779,820	\$	779,820	\$	778,156	\$	(1,664)	
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000		8,341		3,341	
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		9,794		(206)	
Total revenues		794,820		794,820		796,291		1,471	
EXPENDITURES									
Personnel services		261,700		261,700		207,666		54,034	
Supplies		8,570		6,420		1,462		4,958	
Contractual services		10,000		24,000		21,127		2,873	
Other services and charges		108,760		110,910		57,376		53,534	
Capital outlay		260,000		652,100		620,365		31,735	
Total expenditures		649,030		1,055,130		907,996		147,134	
Change in net position	\$	145,790	\$	(260,310)		(111,705)	\$	148,605	
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS									
Capital outlay						620,365			
Capital contributions						956,614			
Depreciation						(549,402)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GAAP BASIS					\$	915,872			

City of Littleton, Colorado Budgetary Comparison Schedule Emergency Medical Transport Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES	 Original Final Budget Budget			Actual Amounts	F	Variance with Final Budget	
Charges for services (net of contractual adjustments of \$3,313,109)	\$ 3,697,950	\$	3,697,950	\$	4,233,381	\$	535,431
Miscellaneous	150,000		150,000		138,081		(11,919)
Total revenues	 3,847,950		3,847,950		4,371,462		523,512
EXPENDITURES							
Personnel services	3,080,430		3,430,430		3,579,491		(149,061)
Supplies	340,000		356,680		348,794		7,886
Contractual services	160,000		160,000		129,907		30,093
Other services and charges	328,180		311,500		301,239		10,261
Capital outlay	68,500		68,500		30,903		37,597
Total expenditures	 3,977,110		4,327,110	_	4,390,334		(63,224)
Change in net position	\$ (129,160)	\$	(479,160)		(18,872)	\$	460,288
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS							
Capital outlay					30,903		
Bad debt					(1,118,707)		
Depreciation					(36,752)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GAAP BASIS				\$	(1,143,428)		

City of Littleton, Colorado Budgetary Comparison Schedule South Metro Area Communication Center Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual Amounts		ariance with inal Budget	
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 1,074,370	\$	1,074,370	\$ 1,085,220	\$	10,850
Intergovernmental	 188,000		188,000	 132,986		(55,014)
Total revenues	 1,262,370		1,262,370	 1,218,206		(44,164)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services	1,215,380		1,215,380	1,216,811		(1,431)
Supplies	17,300		17,300	15,509		1,791
Contractual services	23,500		23,500	12,323		11,177
Other services and charges	72,880		72,880	47,653		25,227
Capital outlay	285,000		285,000	141,247		143,753
Total expenditures	 1,614,060		1,614,060	 1,433,543		180,517
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(351,690)		(351,690)	(215,337)		136,353
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	 351,690		351,690	 348,324		(3,366)
Change in net position	\$ 	\$		132,987	\$	132,987
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS						
Capital outlay				141,247		
Loss on sale of assets				(150,180)		
Depreciation				(22,200)		
				 /		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GAAP BASIS				\$ 101,854		

City of Littleton, Colorado Budgetary Comparison Schedule Geneva Village Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		riance with nal Budget
REVENUES	 			_			
Rental payments	\$ 126,000	\$	126,000	\$	119,922	\$	(6,078)
Investment earnings	1,000		1,000		993		(7)
Miscellaneous	1,000		1,000		1,551		551
Total revenues	 128,000		128,000		122,466		(5,534)
EXPENDITURES							
Contractual services	30,000		30,000		33,617		(3,617)
Other services and charges	103,000		146,425		139,360		7,065
Total expenditures	 133,000		176,425		172,977		3,448
Change in net position	\$ (5,000)	\$	(48,425)		(50,511)	\$	(2,086)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS							
Depreciation					(17,113)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GAAP BASIS				\$	(67,624)		

City of Littleton, Colorado Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2017

		Employee Insurance Fund	 Property & Liability Insurance Fund	 Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	4,947,083	\$ 580,668	\$ 5,527,751
Total current assets	_	4,947,083	 580,668	 5,527,751
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		176,976	-	176,976
Total noncurrent assets		176,976	-	176,976
Total assets	\$	5,124,059	\$ 580,668	\$ 5,704,727
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	96,832	\$ 66,300	\$ 163,132
Claims and judgments		1,362,868	96,890	1,459,758
Total liabilities	_	1,459,700	 163,190	 1,622,890
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Employee benefits		176,976	-	176,976
Unrestricted		3,487,383	417,478	3,904,861
Total net position	-	3,664,359	 417,478	4,081,837
Total liabilities and net position	\$	5,124,059	\$ 580,668	\$ 5,704,727

City of Littleton, Colorado Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

DPERATING REVENUES Charges for services		Employee Insurance Fund 14,878	\$	Property & Liability Insurance Fund 830,630	\$ Totals 845,508
Employer/employee contributions		9,096,321		-	9,096,321
		64,675	-	-	 64,675
Total operating revenues		9,175,874		830,630	 10,006,504
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Insurance		1,497,935		496,756	1,994,691
Benefits and claims		6,828,327		495,468	7,323,795
Other services and charges		461,986		99,300	561,286
Total operating expenses		8,788,248		1,091,524	 9,879,772
Operating income (loss)		387,626		(260,894)	 126,732
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
Investment earnings		41,946		(648)	41,298
Insurance recovery		-		349,232	 349,232
Total nonoperating revenues		41,946		348,584	 390,530
Change in net position		429,572		87,690	517,262
Net position - beginning		3,234,787		329,788	 3,564,575
Net position - ending	\$	3,664,359	\$	417,478	\$ 4,081,837

City of Littleton, Colorado Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Employee Insurance Fund		Property & Liability Insurance Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	44.070	•		•	0.45 500
Cash received from customers	\$	14,878	\$	830,630	\$	845,508
Cash received from other funds		9,096,321		-		9,096,321
Cash paid to suppliers		(8,449,509)		(1,060,483)		(9,509,992)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		661,690		(229,853)		431,837
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Insurance proceeds		-		349,232		349,232
Net cash provided by capital and related			_			
financing activities		-		349,232		349,232
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings		41,946		(648)		41,298
Net cash provided by investing activities		41,946		(648)		41.298
Net cash provided by investing activities		41,340		(040)		41,230
Net increase in cash and cash						
equivalents		703,636		118,731		822,367
				404 007		
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		4,420,423		461,937		4,882,360
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	5,124,059	\$	580,668	\$	5,704,727
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	387,626	\$	(260,894)	\$	126,732
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Decrease in current assets:						
Prepaid items		107,694		5,919		113,613
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(1,675)		(5,332)		(7,007)
Claims and judgments		168,045		(3,352) 30,454		198,499
Total adjustments		274,064		31,041		305,105
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	661,690	\$	(229,853)	\$	431,837
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents						
Unrestricted	\$	4 047 092	\$	590 669	\$	5 507 751
Restricted	Φ	4,947,083 176,976	Φ	580,668	Φ	5,527,751 176,976
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,124,059	\$	580,668	\$	5,704,727
וטומו למסוו מווע למסוו פינעווימופוונס	φ	3,124,039	φ	560,000	φ	3,104,121

City of Littleton, Colorado Budgetary Comparison Schedule Employee Insurance Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 700	\$	700	\$ 14,878	\$	14,178	
Employer/employee contributions	9,374,460		9,374,460	9,096,321		(278,139)	
Miscellaneous	13,000		13,000	64,675		51,675	
Investment earnings	37,500		37,500	41,946		4,446	
Total revenues	 9,425,660		9,425,660	 9,217,820		(207,840)	
EXPENDITURES							
Insurance	1,472,000		1,472,000	1,497,935		(25,935)	
Benefits and claims	7,162,960		7,360,440	6,660,282		700,158	
Other services and charges	536,480		539,000	461,986		77,014	
Total expenditures	 9,171,440		9,371,440	 8,620,203		751,237	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	254,220		54,220	597,617		543,397	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	 (250,000)		(250,000)	 		250,000	
Change in net position	\$ 4,220	\$	(195,780)	597,617	\$	793,397	
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS							
Incurred but not reported claims				 (168,045)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GAAP BASIS				\$ 429,572			

City of Littleton, Colorado Budgetary Comparison Schedule Property and Liability Insurance Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES				-				
Charges for services	\$	461,720	\$	461,720	\$	830,630	\$	368,910
Insurance recovery		50,000		50,000		349,232		299,232
Investment earnings		2,000		2,000		(648)		(2,648)
Total revenues		513,720		513,720		1,179,214		665,494
EXPENDITURES								
Insurance		482,000		532,000		496,756		35,244
Benefits and claims		303,120		453,120		465,014		(11,894)
Other services and charges		155,000		155,000		99,300		55,700
Total expenditures		940,120	_	1,140,120	_	1,061,070		79,050
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(426,400)		(626,400)		118,144		744,544
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		250,000		250,000		-		(250,000)
Change in net position	\$	(176,400)	\$	(376,400)		118,144	\$	494,544
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS								
Incurred but not reported claims						(30,454)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GAAP BASIS					\$	87,690		

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

City of Littleton, Colorado Balance Sheet Littleton Invests for Tomorrow

December 31, 2017

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 391,558
Receivables	164
Total assets	\$ 391,722
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 152,338
Due to primary government	150,000
Accrued interest	2,534
Total liabilites	 304,872
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property tax	164
Total deferred inflows of resources	 164
FUND BALANCE	
Unassigned	86,686
Total fund balances	 86,686
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	
resources and fund balances	\$ 391,722

City of Littleton, Colorado Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Littleton Invests for Tomorrow For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES	
Incremental property tax	\$ 156
Incremental sales tax	50,758
Investment earnings	4,008
Total revenues	54,922
EXPENDITURES	
General government	3,734
Total expenditures	3,734
NON-OPERATING EXPENDITURES	
Interest charges	(955)
Total non-operating expenditures	(955)
Change in fund balance	50,233
Fund balance - beginning	36,453
Fund balance - ending	\$ 86,686

City of Littleton, Colorado Budgetary Comparison Schedule Littleton Invests for Tomorrow For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES	•	500	•	~~~~~	•	150	•	(000.044)
Incremental property taxes	\$	500	\$	336,397	\$	156	\$	(336,241)
Incremental sales tax		24,000		24,000		50,758		26,758
Investment earnings		150		150		4,008		3,858
Total revenues		24,650		360,547		54,922		(305,625)
EXPENDITURES								
General government		295,259		633,641		3,734		629,907
Debt - Principal		150,000		150,000		-		150,000
Total expenditures		445,259		783,641		3,734		779,907
NON-OPERATING EXPENDITURES								
Interest charges		(1,190)		(1,190)		(955)		235
Change in fund balance	\$	(421,799)	\$	(424,284)		50,233	\$	474,517
Fund balance - beginning						36,453		
Fund balance - ending					\$	86,686		

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado



2017 CAFR

Statistical Section

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

Statistical Section

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inancial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
evenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the readers assess the factors affecting the city's ability to generate its property and sales tax.	
ebt Capacity	2
emographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
perating Information These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.)

City of Littleton, Colorado Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2008	2009	2010	2011			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 70,466,299	\$ 71,157,178	\$ 76,797,038	\$ 76,426,073			
Restricted	5,941,403	6,201,254	5,664,176	6,071,441			
Unrestricted	15,275,377	22,839,741	19,086,214	21,180,822			
Total governmental activities net position	91,683,079	100,198,173	101,547,428	103,678,336			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Net investment in capital assets	16,528,736	16,328,433	16,131,176	15,927,389			
Restricted*	-	-	-	-			
Unrestricted	54,676,153	43,861,361	43,754,732	43,121,194			
Total business-type activities net position	71,204,889	60,189,794	59,885,908	59,048,583			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Net investment in capital assets	86,995,035	87,485,611	92,928,214	92,353,462			
Restricted	5,941,403	6,201,254	5,664,176	6,071,441			
Unrestricted	69,951,530	66,701,102	62,840,946	64,302,016			
Total primary government net position	\$ 162,887,968	\$ 160,387,967	\$ 161,433,336	\$ 162,726,919			

* Years 2008-2012 not available.

	2012	2012 2013		2014		2015		2016		 2017
\$	77,559,003	\$	77,315,098	\$	78,701,746	\$	78,368,195	\$	85,040,318	\$ 88,309,978
	5,576,128		5,673,866		5,815,783		8,115,272		9,011,472	9,507,638
	23,021,495		22,422,781		25,144,246		28,130,360		26,826,951	30,882,450
	106,156,626		105,411,745		109,661,775		114,613,827		120,878,741	 128,700,066
	13,674,427		13,611,233		14,037,853		13,980,616		15,793,855	20,542,656
	-		4,060,005		4,130,004		4,843,904		5,027,661	5,044,290
	42,511,211		37,551,694		40,622,895		42,052,800		48,466,254	 49,427,676
	56,185,638		55,222,932		58,790,752		60,877,320		69,287,770	 75,014,622
	91,233,430		90,926,331		92,739,599		92,348,811		100,834,173	108,852,634
	5,576,128		9,733,871		9,945,787		12,959,176		14,039,132	14,551,928
	65,532,706		59,974,475		65,767,141		70,183,160		75,273,205	80,310,126
;	162,342,264	\$	160,634,677	\$	168,452,527	\$	175,491,147	\$	190,146,510	\$ 203,714,688

City of Littleton, Colorado Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year						
		2008		2009		2010		2011	
EXPENSES									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	12,632,366	\$	12,655,778	\$	12,996,864	\$	13,620,922	
Public safety	•	27,313,322	•	27,005,362	•	27,945,448	•	26,308,116	
Highways and streets		6,964,756		6,732,039		6,957,074		6,944,326	
Welfare		304,738		307,783		309,346		290,764	
Culture and recreation		5,199,576		5,314,622		5,387,860		5,227,921	
Interest on long term debt		29,552		50,858		42,276		51,238	
Total governmental activities expenses		52,444,310		52,066,442		53,638,868		52,443,287	
Business-type activities:									
Sewer Utility		10,086,201		12,279,515		15,298,747		13,770,635	
Water Utility		157,263		1,924		-		-	
Building Corporation		878,645		861,537		844,033		822,422	
Storm Drainage		775,519		722,265		736,667		747,416	
So. Metro Area Comm. Center		1,104,498		1,062,996		1,073,886		1,034,265	
Geneva Village		123,525		102,662		98,438		92,161	
Emergency Med. Trans		2,443,482		2,684,222		2,765,744		2,816,098	
Permit Plan Review		188,052		187,990		203,233		518,343	
Building Authority		215,249		208,917		192,906		162,905	
Total business-type activities expenses		15,972,434		18,112,028		21,213,654		19,964,245	
Total primary government expenses	\$	68,416,744	\$	70,178,470	\$	74,852,522	\$	72,407,532	
PROGRAM REVENUES									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$	2,938,179	\$	3,349,187	\$	4,144,441	\$	3,248,308	
Public safety		12,190,752		11,895,379		12,121,480		12,435,914	
Highways and streets		1,197,554		1,285,967		1,372,091		1,426,410	
Welfare		25,461		26,226		27,014		27,013	
Culture and recreation		1,282,286		1,240,487		1,326,727		1,428,209	
Operating grants and contributions		184,071		340,406		2,426,853		254,674	
Capital grants and contributions		761,359		528,268		2,572,781		3,424,995	
Total governmental activities program revenues		18,579,662		18,665,920		23,991,387		22,245,523	
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services:									
Sewer Utility		10,315,215		11,110,077		12,138,999		12,090,440	
Building Corporation		1,127,899		1,137,669		1,180,471		1,181,940	
Storm Drainage		577,350		580,441		570,287		571,770	
Emergency Med. Trans		2,914,418		2,975,949		3,263,251		3,475,562	
So. Metro Area Comm. Center		764,876		826,147		802,869		782,048	
Geneva Village		123,049		126,104		127,680		127,056	
Permit Plan Review		313,909		264,306		224,184		203,158	
Building Authority		238,626		238,741		238,150		215,522	
Capital grants and contributions		1,920,400		658,218		1,887,941		247,646	
Total business-type activities program revenues		18,295,742		17,917,652		20,433,832		18,895,142	
Total primary government program revenues		36,875,404	_	36,583,572		44,425,219	_	41,140,665	
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)									
Government activities		(33,864,648)		(33,400,522)		(29,647,481)		(30,197,764)	
Business-type activities		2,323,308	_	(194,376)		(779,822)		(1,069,103)	
Total primary government net expense	\$	(31,541,340)	\$	(33,594,898)	\$	(30,427,303)	\$	(31,266,867)	

	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	11,842,233	\$	12,116,159	\$	13,267,301	\$	14,285,728	\$	15,642,308	\$	15,549,725
	29,457,065		30,456,576		31,327,241		32,488,949		34,709,839		37,100,415
	7,559,532		7,796,145		7,750,455		7,232,289		8,112,334		8,958,729
	317,281		321,001		286,597		208,169		445,663		375,201
	5,499,602		6,111,665		6,065,902		8,520,522		6,659,154		6,961,335
	50,642		271,213		247,407		225,132		239,314		226,893
	54,726,355		57,072,759		58,944,903		62,960,789		65,808,612		69,172,298
	13,008,924		13,623,040		14,112,456		13,417,130		12,856,629		13,506,699
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	499,281		-		-		-		-		-
	770,380		714,510		772,222		901,218		808,619		837,033
	1,107,756		1,040,198		1,051,481		1,204,948		1,225,387		1,314,496
	91,265		99,751		105,069		132,198		148,263		190,090
	2,717,362		4,436,423		4,496,732		5,160,483		4,482,429		5,514,890
	140,953		- 135,899		- 129,263		- 124,088		- 122,842		- 115,125
	18,335,921		20,049,821		20,667,223		20,940,065		19,644,169		21,478,333
\$	73,062,276	\$	77,122,580	\$	79,612,126	\$	83,900,854	\$	85,452,781	\$	90,650,631
¢	1 212 021	¢	2 602 044	¢	E 007 004		1 00E ECE	C C	C 000 E40	¢	
\$	4,313,031 13,353,261 1,431,227	\$	3,692,044 13,309,756 1,402,203	\$	5,207,221 15,320,774 1,876,543	\$	4,985,565 15,614,747 1,448,608	\$	6,022,513 17,345,257 1,755,078	\$	4,390,875 19,268,570 1,813,495
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142	\$	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780	\$	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068	\$	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851	\$	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068	> 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851	> 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379	> 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 - 726,994	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855 575,037 3,216,497 824,591	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352 12,581,195 - 713,505 4,274,507 788,277	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379 12,906,994 - 717,957 4,560,243 789,106	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 - 726,994 5,237,415 920,521	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670 954,780	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641 - 787,950 4,371,462 1,218,206
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855 575,037 3,216,497	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352 12,581,195 - 713,505 4,274,507	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379 12,906,994 - 717,957 4,560,243	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 - 726,994 5,237,415	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641 - 787,950 4,371,462
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855 575,037 3,216,497 824,591	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352 12,581,195 - 713,505 4,274,507 788,277	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379 12,906,994 - 717,957 4,560,243 789,106	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 - 726,994 5,237,415 920,521	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670 954,780	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641 - 787,950 4,371,462 1,218,206
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855 575,037 3,216,497 824,591 126,644	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352 12,581,195 - 713,505 4,274,507 788,277 125,561	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379 12,906,994 - 717,957 4,560,243 789,106 126,720	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 5,237,415 920,521 127,408	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670 954,780 125,961	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641 - 787,950 4,371,462 1,218,206 121,473
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855 575,037 3,216,497 824,591 126,644 - 215,812	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352 12,581,195 - 713,505 4,274,507 788,277 125,561 - 217,879	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379 12,906,994 - 717,957 4,560,243 789,106 126,720 - 221,293	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 - 726,994 5,237,415 920,521 127,408 - 216,117	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670 954,780 125,961 - 224,895	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641 - 787,950 4,371,462 1,218,206 121,473 - 217,124
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855 575,037 3,216,497 824,591 126,644 - 215,812 954,580	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352 12,581,195 - 713,505 4,274,507 788,277 125,561 - 217,879 360,211	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379 12,906,994 - 717,957 4,560,243 789,106 126,720 - 221,293 4,555,148	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 5,237,415 920,521 127,408 - 216,117 2,233,287	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670 954,780 125,961 - 224,895 6,577,884	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641 - 787,950 4,371,462 1,218,206 121,473 - 217,124 6,239,561
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855 575,037 3,216,497 824,591 126,644 - 215,812 954,580 18,528,879 41,607,050	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352 12,581,195 - 713,505 4,274,507 788,277 125,561 - 217,879 360,211 19,061,135 40,433,487	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379 12,906,994 - 717,957 4,560,243 789,106 126,720 - 221,293 4,555,148 23,877,461 48,652,840	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 5,237,415 920,521 127,408 - 216,117 2,233,287 22,739,436 47,912,273	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670 954,780 125,961 - 224,895 6,577,884 26,637,011 58,788,439	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641 - 787,950 4,371,462 1,218,206 121,473 - 217,124 6,239,561 26,766,417 59,394,745
\$	13,353,261 1,431,227 27,013 1,125,891 183,347 2,644,401 23,078,171 12,363,863 251,855 575,037 3,216,497 824,591 126,644 - 215,812 954,580 18,528,879	\$	13,309,756 1,402,203 27,822 1,629,188 246,554 1,064,785 21,372,352 12,581,195 - 713,505 4,274,507 788,277 125,561 - 217,879 360,211 19,061,135	\$	15,320,774 1,876,543 26,142 700,780 203,068 1,440,851 24,775,379 12,906,994 - 717,957 4,560,243 789,106 126,720 - 221,293 4,555,148 23,877,461	\$ 	15,614,747 1,448,608 29,304 1,422,974 385,936 1,285,703 25,172,837 13,277,694 5,237,415 920,521 127,408 - 216,117 2,233,287 22,739,436	\$	17,345,257 1,755,078 30,182 2,255,929 451,102 4,291,367 32,151,428 13,388,538 - 773,283 4,591,670 954,780 125,961 - 224,895 6,577,884 26,637,011	\$	19,268,570 1,813,495 37,868 1,645,647 373,617 5,098,256 32,628,328 13,810,641 - 787,950 4,371,462 1,218,206 121,473 - 217,124 6,239,561 26,766,417

City of Littleton, Colorado Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
		2008		2009		2010		2011
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER								
CHANGES IN NET POSITION								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
Property	\$	3,948,218	\$	3,985,103	\$	4,082,829	\$	4,035,291
Sales and building use		24,745,896		23,533,463		23,612,739		25,303,662
Franchise		2,159,979		1,971,980		2,173,988		2,155,114
Other		531,214		483,015		469,971		457,585
Investment earnings		879,246		(1,864)		377,532		470,821
Miscellaneous		672,528		584,593		636,607		869,257
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		(1,085,418)
TABOR revenue refund		-		-		-		-
Transfers		745,985		11,359,326		(356,930)		122,360
		33,683,066		41,915,616		30,996,736		32,328,672
Business activities:								
Investment earnings		1,529,687		538,607		119,006		339,138
Miscellaneous		-		_		-		1,300
Gain on extinguishment of debt		-		-		-		-
Gain/loss on sale of capital asset		-		-		-		13,700
Transfers		(745,985)		(11,359,326)		356,930		(122,360)
Total business activities		783,702	-	(10,820,719)		475,936		231,778
Total primary government	_	34,466,768	_	31,094,897	_	31,472,672	_	32,560,450
CHANGES IN NET POSITION								
Governmental activities		(181,582)		8,515,094		1,349,255		2,130,908
Business-type activities		3,107,010		(11,015,095)		(303,886)		(837,325)
Total primary government	\$	2,925,428	\$	(2,500,001)	\$	1,045,369	\$	1,293,583

 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
\$ 3,903,353	\$ 3,899,646	\$ 3,952,851	\$ 3,980,867	\$ 4,602,678	\$ 4,712,762
26,778,043	27,781,755	30,150,752	32,289,132	33,972,607	34,365,867
2,145,188	2,239,171	2,454,564	2,250,414	2,247,202	2,281,822
470,852	490,924	501,609	517,886	577,608	605,036
226,151	228,913	229,210	244,799	273,309	357,797
464,062	587,286	1,345,692	738,631	336,163	452,432
44,285	-	-	-	194,600	-
-	-	-	-	(1,937,904)	1,937,904
 94,540	 (32,627)	 (215,124)	 (301,634)	 (344,166)	 (348,324)
34,126,474	35,195,068	38,419,554	39,720,095	39,922,097	44,365,296
94,000	32,181	142,458	204,342	159,982	260,624
-	-	-	-	-	-
430,281	-	-	-	-	-
(3,485,644)	-	-	-	-	(150,180)
 (94,540)	 32,627	 215,124	 301,634	 344,166	 348,324
 (3,055,903)	 64,808	 357,582	 505,976	 504,148	 458,768
 31,070,571	 35,259,876	 38,777,136	 40,226,071	 40,426,245	 44,824,064
2,478,290	(505,339)	4,250,030	1,932,143	6,264,913	7,821,326
(2,862,945)	(923,878)	3,567,820	2,305,347	7,496,990	5,746,852
\$ (384,655)	\$ (1,429,217)	\$ 7,817,850	\$ 4,237,490	\$ 13,761,903	\$ 13,568,178

City of Littleton, Colorado Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year						
	 2008		2009		2010		2011	
GENERAL FUND								
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,901	
Restricted	-		-		-		1,556,306	
Committed Assigned	-		-		-		- 270,607	
Unassigned	-		-		_		7,034,253	
Total general fund	 _						8,927,067	
Total general fund	 						0,021,001	
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS								
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted	-		-		-		4,515,135	
Assigned	-		-		-		8,534,180	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,049,315	
GENERAL FUND								
Reserved	\$ 2,133,570	\$	2,064,021	\$	2,176,602	\$	-	
Unreserved	 6,144,173		4,737,385		4,484,433		-	
Total general fund	 8,277,743		6,801,406		6,661,035		-	
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS								
Reserved	6,542,776		5,289,637		6,875,108		-	
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds	 2,688,238		12,851,304		6,988,576		-	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 9,231,014	\$	18,140,941	\$	13,863,684	\$	-	

In 2011, the GFOA instituted a new classification system for Fund Balances for governmental funds. Those changes are reflected starting in 2011.

 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
\$ 70,303 1,695,854	\$ 96,675 1,723,475	\$ 524,489 1,840,195	\$ 426,503 1,997,419	\$ 312,448 2,212,002	\$ 340,654 2,155,723
 - 211,946 6,972,032	 - 279,578 6,761,300	 - 396,190 6,743,067	 - 786,877 6,618,771	 - 1,149,471 5,476,452	 - 564,847 9,997,666
 8,950,135	 8,861,028	 9,503,941	 9,829,570	 9,150,373	 13,058,890
\$ 2,272 3,880,274	\$ - 3,693,068	\$ - 3,729,150	\$ - 2,055,263	\$ 255,902 2,165,079	\$ 255,902 2,603,576
\$ 11,489,851 15,372,397	\$ 12,234,617 15,927,685	\$ 15,371,517 19,100,667	\$ 18,816,370 20,871,633	\$ 17,827,957 20,248,938	\$ 17,261,412 20,120,890
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
 	 	 	 	 <u> </u>	
-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -

City of Littleton Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year	al Year		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 29,225,328	\$ 28,123,190	\$ 28,280,411	\$ 29,911,779	
Franchise	2,093,583	1,916,623	2,119,006	2,101,696	
Licenses and permits	757,601	860,878	970,769	684,187	
Intergovernmental	14,722,289	14,446,832	18,208,977	16,711,026	
Charges for services	1,225,745	1,377,102	1,397,958	1,233,613	
Fines and forfeitures	1,045,174	1,197,276	1,863,930	1,597,266	
Investment earnings	677,056	(63,317)	290,689	394,801	
Miscellaneous	941,610	656,388	557,580	1,175,226	
TABOR revenue refund	-	-	-	-	
Total governmental activities revenues	50,688,386	48,514,972	53,689,320	53,809,594	
EXPENDITURES					
General government	11,986,163	11,970,948	12,009,264	11,941,573	
Public safety	26,592,463	26,324,351	26,739,429	26,377,106	
Highways and streets	4,125,318	4,137,483	4,192,210	4,445,325	
Welfare	304,518	307,808	302,830	290,849	
Culture and recreation	4,777,724	4,881,268	5,177,368	4,808,319	
Debt service:		, ,	, ,		
Principal	131,753	233,854	242,436	183,990	
Interest	29,552	50,858	42,276	33,376	
Capital Outlay	4,422,611	4,514,141	9,044,202	4,399,753	
Total expenditures	52,370,102	52,420,711	57,750,015	52,480,291	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,681,716)	(3,905,739)	(4,060,695)	1,329,303	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	4,634,914	11,967,734	126,866	365,922	
Transfers out	(4,138,929)	(628,408)	(483,796)	(243,562)	
Interest charges	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from capital lease	755,000	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,250,985	11,339,326	(356,930)	122,360	
Net change in fund balance	<u>(430,731)</u>	\$ 7,433,587	\$ (4,417,625)	\$ 1,451,663	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.3%	0.6%	0.6%	0.5%	

2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
31,261,877	\$	32,275,301	\$	34,605,212	\$	36,787,885	\$	39,152,893	\$	39,683,665
2,088,897		2,190,084		2,454,564		2,250,414		2,247,202		2,281,822
933,808		764,213		1,414,909		1,556,099		1,896,766		1,400,381
16,529,618		15,608,226		18,150,342		18,683,333		19,861,078		22,062,066
1,802,150		1,778,433		2,106,442		2,872,470		6,117,195		3,652,237
1,892,067		1,737,866		1,350,540		1,232,811		826,438		775,722
186,490		162,750		120,646		188,027		240,527		316,499
942,456		687,686		2,163,221		1,226,837		1,054,878		1,049,903
-		-		-		-		(1,937,904)		1,937,904
55,637,363		5,520,459		62,365,876		64,797,876		69,459,073		73,160,199
11,082,834		11,146,138		12,386,345		13,575,230		15,129,512		15,064,734
27,747,617		28,458,072		29,881,588		31,493,354		34,101,160		35,743,424
4,512,866		4,697,958		4,688,740		3,924,775		4,819,952		5,658,689
307,531		306,996		279,222		363,014		405,259		350,236
4,879,812		5,324,362		5,363,323		5,907,257		5,883,424		5,984,113
630,893		920,238		1,019,532		1,000,181		932,852		1,287,089
26,473		280,282		255,393		231,684		202,506		212,240
14,218,117		3,571,705		5,156,557		6,026,710		11,024,231		6,234,291
63,406,143		54,705,751		59,030,700		62,522,205		72,498,896		70,534,816
(7,768,780)		498,808		3,335,176		2,275,671		(3,039,823)		2,625,383
2,712,743		2,970,488		3,520,177		4,358,806		1,400,000		1,937,904
(2,615,203)		(3,003,115)		(3,039,458)		(4,660,440)		(1,744,166)		(2,286,228
(2,010,200)		(0,000,110)		(0,000,100)		(1,000,110)		(7,390)		(2,200,220
-		-		-		122,558		194,600		103,410
10,020,930		-		-				1,894,887		1,400,000
10,118,470		(32,627)		480,719		(179,076)		1,737,931		1,155,086
<u> </u>	¢	· · ·	¢		¢	, <u> </u>	¢	<u> </u>	¢	
2,349,690	\$	466,181	\$	3,815,895	\$	2,096,595	\$	(1,301,892)	\$	3,780,469

City of Littleton, Colorado Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Highways and Streets	Welfare	Culture and Recreation	Debt Service	Capital Outlay	Total
2008	\$ 11,986,000	\$ 26,592,000	\$ 4,125,000	\$ 305,0	00 \$ 4,778,000	\$ 161,000	\$ 4,423,000	\$ 52,370,000
2009	11,971,000	26,324,000	4,138,000	308,0	4,881,000	285,000	4,514,000	52,421,000
2010	12,009,000	26,740,000	4,192,000	303,0	5,178,000	284,000	9,044,000	57,750,000
2011	11,942,000	26,377,000	4,445,000	291,0	4,808,000	217,000	4,400,000	52,480,000
2012	11,083,000	27,748,000	4,513,000	307,0	4,880,000	657,000	14,218,000	63,406,000
2013	11,146,000	28,458,000	4,698,000	307,0	5,324,000	1,201,000	3,572,000	54,706,000
2014	12,386,000	29,882,000	4,689,000	279,0	5,363,000	1,275,000	5,157,000	59,031,000
2015	13,575,000	31,493,000	3,925,000	363,0	5,907,000	1,232,000	6,027,000	62,522,000
2016	15,130,000	34,101,000	4,820,000	405,0	5,884,000	1,135,000	11,024,000	72,499,000
2017	\$ 15,065,000	\$ 35,744,000	\$ 5,659,000	\$ 350,0	00 \$ 5,984,000	\$ 1,499,000	\$ 6,234,000	\$ 70,535,000

SOURCE:

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

NOTES:

Amounts include General, Capital Projects and Special Revenue Funds, rounded to \$1,000.

			Ar	nnual Percentage	Change			
2008	-7%	4%	-27%	2%	-2%	0%	N/A	6%
2009	0%	-1%	0%	1%	2%	77%	2%	0%
2010	0%	2%	1%	-2%	6%	0%	100%	10%
2011	-1%	-1%	6%	-4%	-7%	-24%	-51%	-9%
2012	-7%	5%	2%	5%	1%	203%	223%	21%
2013	1%	3%	4%	0%	9%	83%	-75%	-14%
2014	11%	5%	0%	-9%	1%	6%	44%	8%
2015	10%	5%	-16%	30%	10%	-3%	17%	6%
2016	11%	8%	23%	12%	0%	-8%	83%	16%
2017	0%	5%	17%	-14%	2%	32%	-43%	-3%

City of Littleton, Colorado Governmental Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Taxes	 enses and Permits	Inter- Governmental Revenue		harges for Services	Fines and Forfeitures	Other		 Total
2008	\$ 29,225,000	\$ 758,000	\$	14,722,000	\$ 1,226,000	\$ 1,045,000	\$	3,712,000	\$ 50,688,000
2009	30,040,000	861,000		14,447,000	1,377,000	1,107,000		673,000	48,505,000
2010	30,399,000	971,000		18,209,000	1,398,000	1,864,000		848,000	53,689,000
2011	32,014,000	684,000		16,711,000	1,234,000	1,597,000		1,570,000	53,810,000
2012	33,351,000	934,000		16,530,000	1,802,000	1,892,000		1,128,000	55,637,000
2013	34,466,000	764,000		15,608,000	1,778,000	1,738,000		851,000	55,205,000
2014	37,060,000	1,415,000		18,150,000	2,107,000	1,351,000		2,283,000	62,366,000
2015	39,038,000	1,556,000		18,683,000	2,873,000	1,233,000		1,415,000	64,798,000
2016	41,400,000	1,897,000		19,861,000	6,117,000	826,000		1,296,000	71,397,000
2017	\$ 41,966,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$	22,062,000	\$ 3,652,000	\$ 776,000	\$	1,364,000	\$ 71,220,000

SOURCE: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

NOTES: Amounts include General, Capital Projects and Special Revenue Funds, rounded to \$1,000.

Prior to 2009, franchise fees were reported in "Other".

	Annual Percentage Change												
2008	1%	-7%	9%	-6%	0%	-1%	3%						
2009	3%	14%	-2%	12%	6%	-82%	-4%						
2010	1%	13%	26%	2%	68%	26%	11%						
2011	5%	-30%	-8%	-12%	-14%	85%	0%						
2012	4%	37%	-1%	46%	18%	-28%	3%						
2013	3%	-18%	-6%	-1%	-8%	-25%	-1%						
2014	8%	85%	16%	19%	-22%	168%	13%						
2015	5%	10%	3%	36%	-9%	-38%	4%						
2016	6%	22%	6%	113%	-33%	-8%	10%						
2017	1%	-26%	11%	-40%	-6%	5%	0%						

City of Littleton, Colorado Tax Revenue By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Property Taxes	(1)	Sa	es and Use Taxes	(1)	Specific wnership		garette Taxes	F	ranchise Fees	 Total
2008	\$ 3,948,000		\$	24,746,000		\$ 303,000	\$	228,000	\$	-	\$ 29,225,000
2009	4,107,000			23,533,000		283,000		200,000		1,917,000	30,040,000
2010	4,198,000			23,612,000		274,000		196,000		2,119,000	30,399,000
2011	4,151,000			25,304,000		255,000		202,000		2,102,000	32,014,000
2012	4,013,000			26,778,000		264,000		207,000		2,089,000	33,351,000
2013	4,003,000			27,782,000		281,000		210,000		2,190,000	34,466,000
2014	3,953,000			30,151,000		296,000		205,000		2,455,000	37,060,000
2015	3,981,000			32,289,000		311,000		207,000		2,250,000	39,038,000
2016	4,603,000			33,973,000		366,000		211,000		2,247,000	41,400,000
2017	\$ 4,713,000		\$	34,366,000		\$ 417,000	\$	188,000	\$	2,282,000	\$ 41,966,000

SOURCE: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

NOTES: Amounts include General, Capital Projects and Special Revenue Funds, rounded to \$1,000. Prior to 2009, franchise fees were not reported on this schedule. (1) Excludes Special Assessment collection and tax increment amounts.

		Ann	ual Percentage	Change		
2008	13%	0%	-5%	-5%	N/A	1%
2009	4%	-5%	-7%	-12%	N/A	3%
2010	2%	0%	-3%	-2%	11%	1%
2011	-1%	7%	-7%	3%	-1%	5%
2012	-3%	6%	4%	2%	-1%	4%
2013	0%	4%	6%	1%	5%	3%
2014	-1%	9%	5%	-2%	12%	8%
2015	1%	7%	5%	1%	-8%	5%
2016	16%	5%	18%	2%	0%	6%
2017	2%	1%	14%	-11%	2%	1%

City of Littleton, Colorado Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

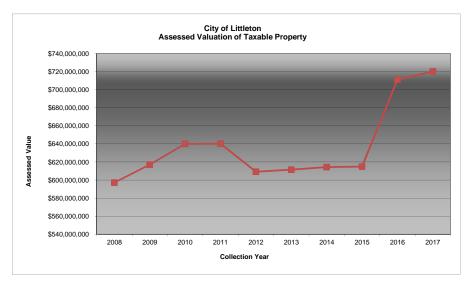
Collection Year	Levy Year	 Assessed Valuation	(1)	Es	timated Actual Value	Ratio of Assessed to Estimated Actual Value (%)	Direct Rate
2008	2007	\$ 597,233,409		\$	5,083,407,629	12	6.662
2009	2008	617,092,320			5,124,458,620	12	6.662
2010	2009	640,017,100			5,170,663,630	12	6.662
2011	2010	640,240,690			5,192,642,037	12	6.662
2012	2011	609,303,973			4,988,048,510	12	6.662
2013	2012	611,580,060			4,991,773,920	12	6.662
2014	2013	614,372,812			4,963,761,773	12	6.662
2015	2014	614,978,721			4,934,986,576	12	6.662
2016	2015	711,277,920			5,988,052,949	12	6.662
2017	2016	\$ 720,282,711		\$	6,046,242,387	12	6.662

SOURCE:

Arapahoe, Douglas, and Jefferson County Assessor's Offices.

NOTE:

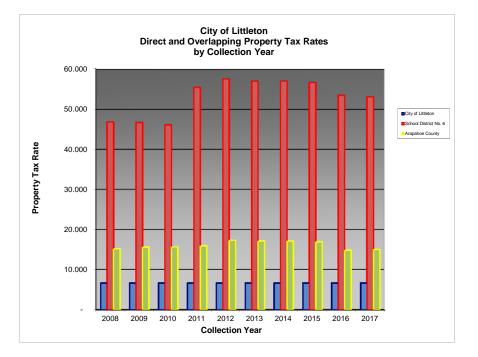
(1) Excludes Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District in Arapahoe County



City of Littleton, Colorado Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collection Year	City of Littleton	School District No. 6	Arapahoe County	Total Tax Rate
2008	6.662	46.791	15.217	68.670
2009	6.662	46.650	15.609	68.921
2010	6.662	46.081	15.672	68.415
2011	6.662	55.389	15.949	78.000
2012	6.662	57.530	17.316	81.508
2013	6.662	56.935	17.150	80.747
2014	6.662	56.985	17.130	80.777
2015	6.662	56.601	16.950	80.213
2016	6.662	53.424	14.856	74.942
2017	6.662	53.030	15.039	74.731

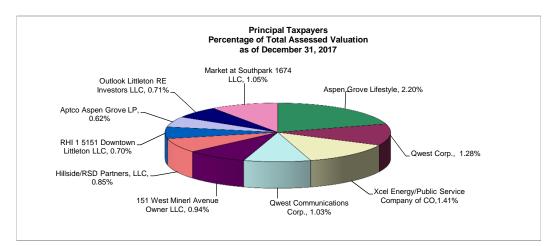
Collection Year	City of Littleton (Arapahoe County only)		School District No. 6		Ara	Arapahoe County		Total
2008	\$	3,826,597	\$	60,094,979	\$	116,228,978	\$	180,150,554
2009		3,909,791		60,746,582		120,767,945		185,424,318
2010		4,059,109		61,673,457		124,062,713		189,795,279
2011		4,055,040		75,489,815		126,407,310		205,952,165
2012		3,861,894		74,585,160		127,903,059		206,350,113
2013		3,877,128		74,709,969		127,106,787		205,693,884
2014		3,918,154		75,997,166		130,520,965		210,436,285
2015		3,902,538		74,846,890		128,307,842		207,057,270
2016		4,519,508		82,909,759		134,054,143		221,483,410
2017	\$	4,582,771	\$	82,661,695	\$	136,521,887	\$	223,766,353



Taxpayer	 07 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	20	17 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Aspen Grove Lifestyle	\$ 5,655,000	1.04%	\$	15,817,470	2.20%
Xcel Energy/Public Service Company of CO	8,021,450	1.48%		10,133,420	1.41%
Qwest Corp/US West Communications	9,879,700	1.82%		9,235,800	1.28%
Market at Southpark 1674 LLC	-	-		7,537,100	1.05%
Qwest Communications Corp.	3,058,210	0.56%		7,444,750	1.03%
151 West Minerl Avenue Owner LLC	-	-		6,800,066	0.94%
Hillside/RSD Partners, LLC	-	-		6,125,090	0.85%
Outlook Littleton RE Investors LLC	-	-		5,130,000	0.71%
RHI 1 5151 Downtown Littleton LLC	-	-		5,040,000	0.70%
Aptco Aspen Grove LP	-	-		4,435,200	0.62%
Littleton Village LLC	4,205,000	0.78%		-	-
Echostar Real Estate	3,936,010	0.73%		-	-
M & J Investors LLP	3,770,000	0.70%		-	-
Renco Properties VIII	3,625,000	0.67%		-	-
LMC Properties Inc.	 2,900,000	0.53%			
Total Assessed Value - Principal Taxpayers	\$ 51,588,590	9.51%	\$	84,195,931	11.69%
All Other Taxpayers	 490,616,619			636,086,780	
Total Assessed Value	\$ 542,205,209		\$	720,282,711	

SOURCE:

Arapahoe, Douglas and Jefferson County Assessor's Office

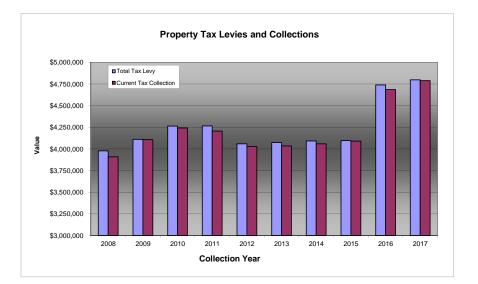


City of Littleton, Colorado **Property Tax Levies and Collections** Last Ten Fiscal Years

Levy Year	Collection Year	Total Tax Levy (1)		urrent Tax Collection ⁽²⁾	Curre	cent of nt Taxes llected	 ent of Tax Levy tstanding
2007	2008	\$	3,978,769	\$ 3,948,000	99	9.23%	0.77%
2008	2009		4,111,070	4,107,000	9	9.90	0.10
2009	2010		4,263,796	4,243,108	9	9.51	0.49
2010	2011		4,265,284	4,207,938	9	8.66	1.34
2011	2012		4,059,183	4,026,617	9	9.20	0.80
2012	2013		4,074,347	4,034,668	9	9.03	0.97
2013	2014		4,092,952	4,058,351	9	9.15	0.85
2014	2015		4,096,988	4,090,905	9	9.85	0.15
2015	2016		4,738,534	4,686,136	9	8.89	1.11
2016	2017	\$	4,798,523	\$ 4,788,838	99	9.80%	0.20%

NOTES:

Net of tax credits and tax abatements.
 Does not include penalties on delinquent taxes.



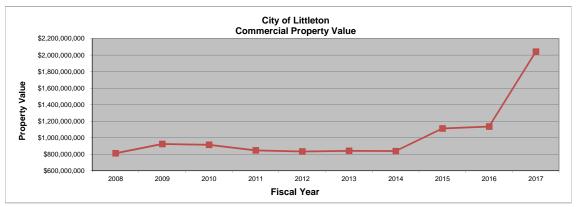
City of Littleton, Colorado Property Value and Construction Last Ten Fiscal Years

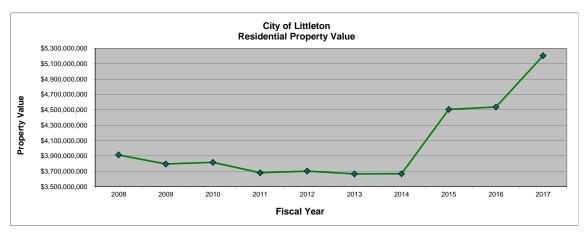
			New Resider	ntial Co	nstruction		Prope	rty Val	ue (1)
Fiscal Year	New Commercial ar <u>Construction Value</u>		Number of Units		Value	Commercial		Residential	
2008	\$	22,314,231	10	\$	3,738,169	\$	810,898,781	\$	3,911,777,373
2009		35,694,047	5		5,212,454		923,350,902		3,793,775,780
2010		40,569,446	2		1,150,000		913,085,036		3,815,538,394
2011		3,872,304	3		2,028,909		847,005,261		3,679,181,632
2012		28,196,376	7		2,676,167		831,746,406		3,701,657,400
2013		13,239,492	4		2,123,598		840,440,798		3,664,746,040
2014		30,526,127	38		52,047,662		837,494,334		3,667,056,307
2015		32,043,314	94		44,049,388		1,111,979,855		4,505,360,088
2016		53,353,782	203		79,105,642		1,135,453,003		4,536,465,955
2017	\$	15,952,498	85	\$	29,128,327	\$	2,041,524,121	\$	5,206,249,975

SOURCE: City of Littleton - Building Department

NOTE:

(1) Arapahoe County Assessor as converted by City of Littleton





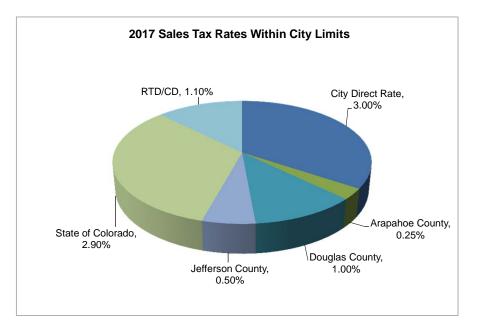
City of Littleton, Colorado Sales Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Arapahoe County	Douglas County	Jefferson County	State of Colorado	RTD/ CD/FD ⁽¹⁾
2008	3.00%	0.25%	1.00%	0.50%	2.90%	1.20%
2009	3.00	0.25	1.00	0.50	2.90	1.20
2010	3.00	0.25	1.00	0.50	2.90	1.20
2011	3.00	0.25	1.00	0.50	2.90	1.20
2012	3.00	0.25	1.00	0.50	2.90	1.10
2013	3.00	0.25	1.00	0.50	2.90	1.10
2014	3.00	0.25	1.00	0.50	2.90	1.10
2015	3.00	0.25	1.00	0.50	2.90	1.10
2016	3.00	0.25	1.00	0.50	2.90	1.10
2017	3.00%	0.25%	1.00%	0.50%	2.90%	1.10%

SOURCE: Colorado Department of Revenue

NOTES:

(1) Regional Transportation District (RTD), Cultural District (CD), Football Stadium District (FD) until 2012

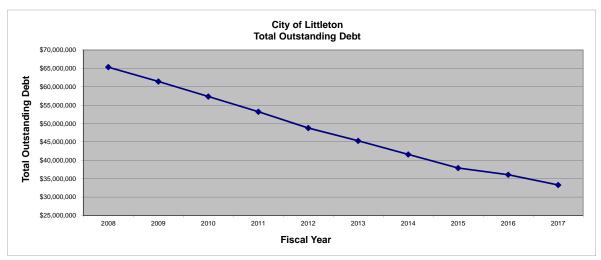


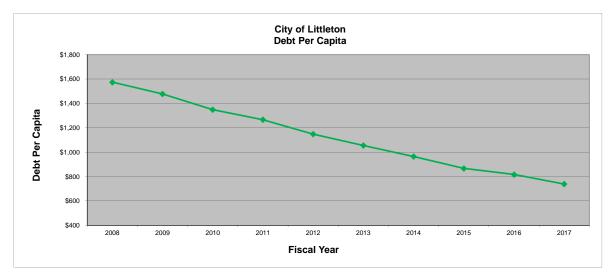
City of Littleton, Colorado Ratio Of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmen	tal Activities			ess-type vities				
Collection Year	Net Bonded G.O. Debt	Capital Leases	G.O. Loans/Bonds	Revenue Loans	Certificate of Participation	Assignment Cerficates	Total Outstanding Debt	Debt Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income
2008	\$-	\$ 1,373,976	\$ 2,356,837	\$ 46,580,912	\$ 15,030,000	\$-	\$ 65,341,725	\$ 1,574	4.31%
2009	-	1,140,122	1,786,178	44,208,068	14,300,000	-	61,434,368	1,478	4.14%
2010	-	897,686	1,174,874	41,733,997	13,550,000	-	57,356,557	1,349	3.61%
2011	-	713,696	520,030	39,156,832	10,550,000	2,270,000	53,210,558	1,266	3.78%
2012	-	10,103,193	-	36,556,656	-	2,130,000	48,789,849	1,148	3.57%
2013	-	9,146,416	-	34,172,030	-	1,985,000	45,303,446	1,055	2.98%
2014	-	8,090,345	-	31,672,404	-	1,830,000	41,592,749	965	2.69%
2015	-	7,053,625	-	29,172,792	-	1,675,000	37,901,417	867	2.37%
2016	-	7,979,121	-	26,570,017	-	1,510,000	36,059,138	817	2.15%
2017	\$-	\$ 8,055,493	\$-	\$ 23,908,315	\$-	\$ 1,345,000	\$ 33,308,808	\$ 739	1.82%

NOTES:

(1) See Table 19 for personal income and population data.





City of Littleton, Colorado Ratio Of Annual Debt Service For General Bonded Debt To Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Princ	ipal ⁽¹⁾	Intere	est ⁽¹⁾	 al Debt ervice	 tal General penditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Expenditures
2008	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 52,370,000	0.00
2009		-		-	-	52,421,000	0.00
2010		-		-	-	57,750,000	0.00
2011		-		-	-	52,480,000	0.00
2012		-		-	-	63,406,000	0.00
2013		-		-	-	54,706,000	0.00
2014		-		-	-	59,031,000	0.00
2015		-		-	-	62,522,000	0.00
2016		-		-	-	72,499,000	0.00
2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 70,535,000	0.00

NOTES:

Amounts include Government Funds (1) Excludes interest and principal on Littleton Building Authority

City of Littleton, Colorado Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2017

				Estimated Percentage ⁽¹⁾	A	Amount pplicable to
Government Entity		De	bt Outstanding	Applicable	Pr	imary Govt.
School District #6 Arapahoe County		\$	130,156,195	45.22	\$	58,856,631
South Suburban Park and Recreation District			6,715,000	33.19		2,228,709
Centennial Downs Metropolitan District	(2)		7,360,000	100.00		7,360,000
Aspen Grove Business Improvement District			6,500,000	100.00		6,500,000
Englewood School District #1			168,402,491	0.91		1,532,463
Highline Business Improvement District			2,269,135	100.00		2,269,135
Polo Reserve Metropolitan District			555,000	100.00		555,000
Sheridan School District #2			19,573,184	2.65		518,689
Subtotal, overlapping debt					\$	79,820,627
City of Littleton, direct debt	(3)	\$	8,055,493			8,055,493
Total direct and overlapping debt					\$	87,876,120

NOTES:

(1) Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit to valuation of property subject to taxation in reporting unit

 Centennial Downs Metropolitan District is located within the City; however, it only encompasses 2.1% or .29 square miles of the City's total 13.5 square miles. The assessed valuation of Centennial Downs Metropolitan District is \$47,454,000

(3) Excludes debt funded through Enterprise Funds.

DISCLAIMER:

Overlapping debt for Douglas and Jefferson Counties are not included because the assessed valuation of that portion of the City which is located in Douglas and Jefferson Counties is less than 1/2 of 1%

of the total assessed valuation.

City of Littleton, Colorado Computation of Legal Debt Margin December 31, 2017

Other than water and sewer

Assessed value (1)	\$ 720,282,711
Debt limit 3.7% of assessed value ⁽²⁾ Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	 26,650,460
Legal debt margin other than water and sewer	\$ 26,650,460
Water and sewer	
Assessed value (1)	\$ 720,282,711
Debt limit 5% of assessed value ⁽³⁾ Amount of debt applicable to legal limit	 36,014,136 -
Legal debt margin for water and sewer	\$ 36,014,136

NOTES: (1) Arapahoe, Douglas, and Jefferson Counties (2) City charter and subsequent bond election limitations (3) City charter limitation

			Cov	verage Ratio 1	Test fo	r Debt Servic	е				
Fiscal Year	Calculated Revenues	Revenue Transfers (to) from Rate Stabilization Account	Operating Total Revenues Expenses			Net Revenue for Debt Service		Total Debt Service Principal and Interest		Coverage	
2008	\$ 13,060,576	\$ -	\$	13,060,576	\$	7,189,000	\$	5,871,576	\$	4,601,000	1.28
2009	11,926,000	937,600		12,863,600		7,830,000		5,033,600		4,576,000	1.10
2010	14,098,000	-		14,098,000		8,660,000		5,438,000		4,575,000	1.19
2011	12,665,000	100,000		12,765,000		7,745,000		5,020,000		4,570,000	1.10
2012	13,171,000	-		13,171,000		7,294,000		5,877,000		4,300,000	1.37
2013	12,897,000	-		12,897,000		7,815,000		5,082,000		3,627,000	1.40
2014	17,046,000	-		17,046,000		8,871,000		8,175,000		3,578,000	2.28
2015	15,533,000	-		15,533,000		8,843,000		6,690,000		3,479,000	1.92
2016	18,301,000	-		18,301,000		8,326,000		9,975,000		3,532,000	2.82
2017	\$ 19,345,000	\$-	\$	19,345,000	\$	8,880,000	\$	10,465,000	\$	3,525,000	2.97

	Restricted Cash - Rate Stabilization Account											
Fiscal Year	St	jinning Rate abilization Account Balance		nsfers (to) 1 Revenues		ansfers (to) from nrestricted cash	S	Ending rate Stabilization Account Balance				
2008	\$	5,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000,000				
2009		5,000,000		(937,600)		937,600		5,000,000				
2010		5,000,000		-		-		5,000,000				
2011		5,000,000		(100,000)		100,000		5,000,000				
2012		5,000,000		-		-		5,000,000				
2013		5,000,000		-		(2,000,000) (1)		3,000,000				
2014		3,000,000		-		-		3,000,000				
2015		3,000,000		-		-		3,000,000				
2016		3,000,000		-		-		3,000,000				
2017	\$	3,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,000,000				

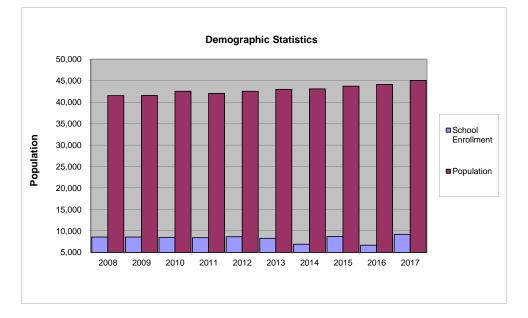
NOTES:

(1) Amendment made to loan documents to reduce Rate Stabilization Account amount.

City of Littleton, Colorado **Demographic Statistics** Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	(1)	Per Capita Personal Income	(1)	Median Age	(1)	School Enrollment	(2)	Unemployment Rate	(3)
2008	41,500	\$	36,505		41.7		8,565		4.4%	
2009	41,552		35,693		41.8		8,576		6.5	
2010	42,529		37,352		42.0		8,496		7.2	
2011	42,044		33,530		41.8		8,423		7.6	
2012	42,514		32,189		42.0		8,623		7.0	
2013	42,960		35,459		42.3		8,253		5.2	
2014	43,092		35,814		42.7		6,899		3.5	
2015	43,710		36,577		42.8		8,723		3.1	
2016	44,118		38,047		43.0		6,679		2.9	
2017	45,068	\$	40,574		43.3		9,185		2.8%	

SOURCE: (1) ESRI.com (2) Littleton Public Schools within Littleton City limits (3) BLS.gov



2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

City of Littleton, Colorado Principal Employers Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2008		2009		2010		2011
	Rank	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank	Employees
Century Link (Formerly Qwest)	1	1,950 (1)	1	1,950 (1)	3	1,663	1	1,663
Dish Network (EchoStar)	2	1,175	3	1,700	2	1,667	2	1,543
Littleton Adventist Hospital	3	1,020	4	1,020	4	967	3	967
Littleton School District	-	_ (2)	2	1,913	1	1,686	4	830
Arapahoe Community College	10	275	-	-	5	632	5	632
Arapahoe County	4	522	5	522	6	522	6	522
City of Littleton	5	404	7	404	7	403	7	396
Republic National Distributing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
McDonald Automotive Group	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Center Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Globus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arapahoe/Douglas Mental Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lockheed Martin Space Systems	6	370	8	370	9	300	8	300
Life Care Center of Littleton	-	-	-	-	10	280	9	280
Norgen	8	325	10	325	8	325	10	268
National Distribution	9	300	6	430	-	-	-	-
Ralph Schomp	7	369	9	332	-	-	-	-

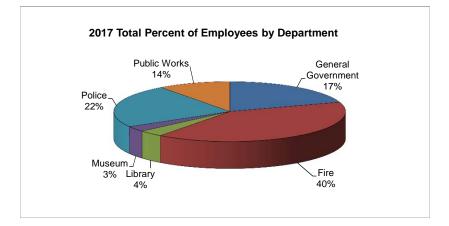
SOURCE: City of Littleton Economic Development - Information as reported by companies

NOTES: (1) Estimate (2) Within City Limits

	2012	:	2013	2	2014	2	2015	:	2016	2	2017
Rank	Employees										
1	1,663	1	1,800	1	1,663	1	1,663	1	1,663	1	1,663
2	1,543	2	1,543	2	1,543	2	1,543	2	1,500	2	1,543
3	1,035	3	1,242	3	1,243	3	1,243	4	759	3	1,242
4	830	4	830	4	830	4	830	3	830	4	830
5	632	5	632	5	632	5	632	-	-	5	706
6	522	6	522	6	522	6	522	5	522	6	522
8	417	7	404	7	406	8	412	6	437	7	455
7	425	7	425	7	425	7	481	7	425	8	425
9	320	9	360	9	360	9	396	8	360	9	360
-	-	-	-	10	320	10	320	9	320	10	320
-	-	10	320	-	-	-	-	10	299	-	-
9	320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

City of Littleton, Colorado City Government Employees by Program (Full-time Equivalent) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	20	08	20	09	20	10	201	1
	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time
General Government								
Admin Services	31	12	31	12	30	12	29	8
Attorney	5	-	5	-	5	-	4	-
Economic Development	4	1	4	1	4	1	4	1
City Manager	6	-	6	-	5	-	6	-
Community Development	15	6	15	6	15	7	15	7
City Council	-	7	-	7	-	7	-	7
Information Services	10	-	10	-	10	-	9.5	-
Finance	9	-	9	-	9	-	9	-
Fire								
ER/Paramedics	130	-	130	-	130	-	129	-
Support	25	3	25	3	25	3	24	2.5
Library	15	19	15	19	16	19	16	20
Museum	14	7	14	7	14	7	13	7
Police								
Officers	69	-	69	-	70	-	71	-
Support	27	-	27	-	26	-	24	1
Public Works								
Engineering	6	-	6	-	6	-	6	-
Sewer/Storm Drain	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2
Support	31	23	31	23	31	23	29	23
Total	404	80	404	80	403	81	395.5	78.5



20	12	20	13	20	14	20	15	20	16	20	17
Full Time	Part Time										
30	8	31	8	17	7	16	28	17	28	17	22
4	-	3	-	3	-	3	1	3	1	4	-
5	-	5	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	4	-
6	-	6	-	2	1	8	1	9	1	8	1
13	3	13	4	20	3	17	2	20	3	20	-
-	7	-	7	-	7	-	7	-	7	-	7
11	-	11	-	11	-	11	-	13	-	13	-
9	-	9	-	9	-	10	-	10	-	10	-
144	-	141	-	138	-	135	-	150	-	162	-
15	-	23	-	22	5	26	5	26	5	28	3
14	20	14	21	17	20	16	32	16	32	17	34
13	7	12	7	13	7	13	7	13	9	13	9
72	-	70	-	73	-	71	1	71	1	76	1
38	1	25	-	22	-	26	1	26	2	24	2
6	-	6	-	6	-	6	-	6	-	6	-
7	-	7	-	7	2	7	-	7	2	7	2
30	-	28	-	42	26	43	22	46	20	46	20
417	46	404	47	406	78	412	107	437	111	455	101

City of Littleton, Colorado Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Government				
Incoming calls	35,762	36,064	36,449	35,391
Littleton Center Visitors	6,106	5,486	5,905	5,341
Building permits processed	2,042	2,058	2,591	2,066
Building inspections conducted	7,127	6,747	8,447	7,359
Passports issued	35	1,038	1,211	1,151
New businesses (licensed/registered)	486	405	448	543
Fire				
Emergency responses	12,380	12,187	12,560	12,884
Fires extinguished	247	186	218	212
Inspections	1,449	1,966	2,335	1,263
Library				
Total circulation	483,067	500,029	523,451	545,187
Visitors	285,916	300,568	300,656	296,641
Registered borrowers	33,824	37,715	30,938	30,422
Programs	684	758	806	825
Program attendance	28,830	30,973	32,023	35,638
Volunteer hours	3,412	3,770	4,233	4,120
Voluneer nours	5,412	5,770	4,200	4,120
Museum				
Number of visitors	129,785	131,656	144,757	132,577
Gross sales for museum store	\$43,681	\$44,605	\$48,956	\$41,449
Events	45	42	53	49
Total volunteer hours	5,623	5,906	6,079	5,291
Police				
Number of crimes	1,602	1,593	1,501	2,660
Number of service request calls	52,103	52,372	52,139	56,213
Traffic citations	9,013	10,680	11,827	7,156
Traffic accidents	806	851	850	1,113
	000	001	000	1,110
Public Works				
Lane miles reconstructed	<1	<1	1	<1
Lane miles overlayed	8	9	6	7
Lane miles sealcoated	0	34	0	0
Transit				
Number of vehicles	4	4	4	4
Passengers	- 24,560	20,332	17,750	18,819
Fassengers	24,500	20,332	17,750	10,019
Utility				
New residential taps issued	104	98	74	26
New commercial taps issued	5	10	9	6
Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons)	10.5	10.5	10.9	11.0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
36,340	32,654	32,520	23,253	28,576	32,596
6,207	5,286	5,328	4,932	4,487	5,405
2,360	2,264	2,855	2,989	2,287	2,738
7,685	7,894	9,495	12,270	17,757	17,685
266	728	995	0	0	0
417	440	455	453	444	464
10 760	12 104	14 162	14 246	15 705	16 102
13,762 348	13,104 155	14,163 199	14,246 193	15,705 205	16,103 194
1,377	1,307	3,700	3,877	6,130	6,418
538,678	549,600	524,228	487,975	533,112	447,287
299,106	303,255	321,255	309,926	283,284	297,653
23,097	27,724	31,248	31,127	24,331	31,706
882	882	856	824	861	1,021
37,638	33,900	35,144	37,683	39,377	38,407
3,430	3,640	2,998	2,578	2,554	2,946
135,767	143,488	140,095	139,561	155,616	166,476
\$36,907	\$37,641	\$36,955	\$40,432	\$40,362	\$41,759
26	32	46	57	38	42
6,867	8,057	8,344	6,713	6,285	6,364
1,613	4,313	3,560	3,652	3,891	3,955
59,294	57,989	58,336	97,606	77,297	74,393
13,157	12,863	7,671	4,412	7,042	6,690
908	974	980	1,107	1,119	1,134
	0		.,	.,	.,
<1	1	0	<1	>1	0
11	12	10	10	7	5
2	0	0	0	0	3
2	0	0	0	0	5
	_	_		_	_
4	5	5	4	5	5
19,715	27,010	25,299	22,454	20,517	18,270
42	32	62	164	289	148
4	5	22	10	19	14
9.3	11.0	11.0	11.0	9.6	8.9

City of Littleton, Colorado Capital Asset Statistics by Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Fire				
Stations ⁽¹⁾	8	8	8	8
Licensed Vehicles (2)	57	56	54	56
Fleet				
Licensed Vehicles (2)	110	121	125	118
Library	1	1	1	1
Museum	1	1	1	1
Parks				
Developed (acres)	385	391	442	443
Undeveloped (acres)	816	836	836	831
Playgrounds	13	15	18	17
Baseball diamonds	11	13	22	22
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Licensed Vehicles ⁽²⁾	64	65	50	63
Public Works				
Streets (lane miles) (4)	616	616	350	350
Street lights	3,635	3,609	3,630	3,590
Traffic signals (3)	111	113	111	111
Sanitary sewers (miles)	130.8	128.3	128.3	128
Storm sewers (miles)	30.8	30.8	30.9	30.9
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	10.5	10.5	25	25
Transit				

NOTES:
(1) 2 Stations within City limits; Increased to 3 in 2016.
(2) Fleet varies due to timing of transfer of titles.
(3) Includes pedestrian signals, fire station signals and school flashers.
(4) A calculation error by the Highway Users Tax Fund was corrected in 2010.
(5) Includes City of Englewood. City of Littleton share is 25
(6) Number reported will now be "Licensed Rolling Stock".

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
8	8	8	8	9	9
55	55	55	57	65	60
122	123	130	130	249 (6)	254
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
443	443	443	443	443	443
825	920	920	920	920	920
18	17	17	17	17	17
22	22	22	22	22	22
1	1	1	1	1	1
63	61	67	63	63	64
352	351	351	352	352	353
3,609	3,637	3,637	3,750	3,765	3,637
60	60	60	60	60	60
128	128	128	128	128	129.1
31.2	31	31	31	31	32.6
50 (5	⁵⁾ 50 ⁽⁵⁾) 50 ⁽⁵⁾	50 ⁽⁵⁾	50 (5)	50 (5)
_	_	_		_	_
4	5	5	4	5	5

City of Littleton, Colorado Miscellaneous Statistics December 31, 2017

Date of incorporation Date charter adopted Form of government Elevation Area	1890 July 28, 1959 Council-Manager 5,389 Feet 13.85 square miles
Fire protection: Number of stations Emergency responses	9 (3 in City limits) 16,103
Police protection:	
Number of stations Number of sworn officers	1 76
Education - School District No. 6:	
Number of students Type and total number of schools:	15,264 (1)
Early Childhood Elementary	7 (2 in City limits) 13 (4 in City limits)
Middle School	4 (3 in City limits)
Senior High Charter	3 (2 in City limits)2 (2 in City limits)
Teacher/pupil ratio	1:24.5
Sanitary sewers	129.1 miles
Storm sewers	32.6 miles
Building permits issued:	
Number Value	2,738 \$107,807,510
Miles of streets	
Lane miles (10' wide)	353.44
Centerline miles	161.89
Recreation and culture:	
Libraries Museums	1 1
Parks: ⁽²⁾	
Area	405 acres
Swimming pools	9 (2 indoor)
Tennis courts	28
Ball fields	22
Shelters	14
Trail ways	98.6 miles
Greenbelt and open space	918.7 acres
SOURCE: City of Littleton	
NOTES: (1) Littleton Public Schools (2) Within City Limits	



2017 CAFR

Compliance Section

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Littleton, Colorado (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plant Joint Venture, a joint venture of the City, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. The financial statements of the Littleton/Englewood Wastewater Treatment Plant Joint Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anton Collins Mikhall CCP

Denver, Colorado June 27, 2018



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Littleton Littleton, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Littleton, Colorado's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.



Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anton Collins Mikhall CCP

Denver, Colorado June 27, 2018

CITY OF LITTLETON, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:		U	nmodi	fied	
Internal control over financial reporting:					
• Material weakness(es) identified?		Y	es _	Х	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified	ed?	Y	es	Х	None Reported
• Noncompliance material to financi noted?	al statements	Y	es_	X	No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
• Material weakness(es) identified?		Y	es _	Х	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified	ed?	Y	es _	Х	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on complian major programs:	ce for	U	nmodi	fied	
Any audit findings disclosed that are require to be reported in accordance with 2 Cl 200.516(a)?		Yo	es _	X	_No
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA/Contract Number_ 20.205	<u>Name of Federa</u> Highway Plann				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:			\$750,	.000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Y	es _	Х	No

CITY OF LITTLETON, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2017

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None.

Section IV – Prior Year Findings

No single audit was performed in the prior year, so there are no prior year findings to report.

City of Littleton, Colorado Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2017

Federal Grantor Program Title (pass through grantor) Grant Name	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Community Development Block Grants (pass through Arapahoe County) 2016 Arapahoe County Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Northeast Neighborhood Sidewalks	14.218	LTPF1608	\$ 119,010
Department of Justice			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant (Direct) Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Grant	16.607		4,947
Equitable Sharing Program (pass through Arapahoe County Sheriff's Office) South Metro Drug Task Force	16.922		12,806
Office of Community Oriented Police Services LPD School Resource Officer	16.710	2014UMWX0005	40,000
Total Department of Justice			\$ 57,753
Department of Transportation			
Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Federal Hazard Elimination (pass through CDOT) County Line and Broadway Intersection	20.205	SHE M810-009; SA #19143	605,295
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration DUI Enforcement (Pass through Colorado Department of Transportation) Law Enforcement Assistance Funds DUI Grant	20.601	411009578	5,391
DUI Enforcement (Pass through Colorado Department of Transportation) Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	411009327	5,144
DUI Enforcement (Pass through Colorado Department of Transportation) Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	411013221	3,581
Click It or Ticket (Pass through Colorado Department of Transportation) Click It or Ticket	20.616	411012718	2,500
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 621,911
Institute of Museum and Library Services			
Grants to States (pass through Colorado Department of Education/State Library) Career Online High School	45.310	LS-00-16-006-16	27,375
Department of Homeland Security			
Citizenship Instruction and Naturalization Application Services (Direct) Citizen and Integration Direct Services Grant Program	97.010	2016-CS-010-000024	106,981
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 933,030

See the accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

<u>NOTE I – BASIS OF PRESENTATION</u>

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB's *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, using the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in the financial statements.

NOTE II – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance, because the City does not use an indirect cost allocation.

1 1		ed to average 380 hours ann	ually.		Form # 350-050-36
		0	•	City or County:	
City of Littleton					
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT YEAR ENDING :					
December 2017					
			Kathleen Andriunas		
City of Littleton, Colorado			Phone:	303-795-3774	
I. DISPOSITION O	F HIGHWAY-USER	REVENUES AVAII	LABLE FOR LOCAL	GOVERNMENT EX	PENDITURE
		A. Local	B. Local	D. Receipts from	
ITEM		Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
		Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
 Total receipts available Minus amount used for col 	lastion ennerges				
3. Minus amount used for nor					
4. Minus amount used for ma					
5. Remainder used for highwa					
. Remainder abed för nign	ay purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR	ROAD AND STREE	Γ PURPOSES		BURSEMENTS FOR ND STREET PURPOS	
ITEM		AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sour	ces:		A. Local highway dis		
1. Local highway-user tax	es		1. Capital outlay (f		3,585,99
a. Motor Fuel (from Ite	em I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:		1,706,102
b. Motor Vehicle (from	n Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street		
c. Total (a.+b.)			a. Traffic contro		1,766,34
2. General fund appropriat		6,334,929	b. Snow and ice	removal	521,61
3. Other local imposts (fro		675,822	c. Other	1 \	2 207 07
 4. Miscellaneous local rec 5. Transfers from toll facil 	eipts (from page 2)	148,728	d. Total (a. thro	ugn c.) tration & miscellaneous	2,287,96
6. Proceeds of sale of bond				forcement and safety	601,63 1,224,47
a. Bonds - Original Issu			6. Total (1 through		9,406,172
b. Bonds - Refunding I			B. Debt service on lo		9,400,172
c. Notes	55465		1. Bonds:	cur obligations.	-
d. Total $(a. + b. + c.)$		0	a. Interest		
7. Total (1 through 6)		7,159,479	b. Redemption		
B. Private Contributions		15,873	c. Total (a. + b.)		
C. Receipts from State gove	ernment		2. Notes:		
(from page 2)		2,230,820	a. Interest		
D. Receipts from Federal G	overnment		b. Redemption		
(from page 2) E. Total receipts (A.7 + B +	$(\mathbf{C} + \mathbf{D})$	9,406,172	c. Total $(a. + b.)$ 3. Total $(1.c + 2.c)$		
E. Total receipts (A.7 + D +	C + D	9,400,172	C. Payments to State		
	D. Payments to toll facilities E. Total disbursements (A.6 + B.3 + C + I				
			E. Total disburseme	A = A + B + B + C + D	9,406,172
	IV.	LOCAL HIGHWA (Show all entri	Y DEBT STATUS	ats (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	9,406,17
	IV.	(Show all entri	Y DEBT STATUS es at par)		
A. Bonds (Total)	IV.		Y DEBT STATUS	nts (A.6 + B.3 + C + D) Redemptions	Closing Debt
1. Bonds (Refunding Po		(Show all entri	Y DEBT STATUS es at par)		Closing Debt
 A. Bonds (Total) 1. Bonds (Refunding Po B. Notes (Total) 		(Show all entri	Y DEBT STATUS es at par)		
1. Bonds (Refunding Po 3. Notes (Total)	rtion) V. LOC.	(Show all entri Opening Debt AL ROAD AND STR	Y DEBT STATUS es at par)	Redemptions	Closing Debt
1. Bonds (Refunding Po 3. Notes (Total)	rtion)	(Show all entri Opening Debt	Y DEBT STATUS es at par) Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt

Financial Planning 02/01

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

STATE: Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2017

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT]	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous le	ocal receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments		a. Interest on in		
b. Other local imposts:		 b. Traffic Fines 		
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Gara		
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	0	d. Parking Mete		
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surpl		
4. Licenses		f. Charges for S	Services	148,72
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	675,822	g. Other Misc.		
6. Total (1. through 5.)	675,822	h. Other (Local		
c. Total (a. + b.)	675,822	i. Total (a. thro	ugh h.)	148,72
(Ca	arry forward to page 1)			(Carry forward to page 1)
ITEM	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT
. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Fe		minoenti
1. Highway-user taxes	1,380,276			
2. State general funds	1,500,270	2. Other Federal ag		-
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service		
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	·	
b. Project Match		c. HUD		
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	160,591	d. Federal Trans	it Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - CDOT Agreemen	45,240	e. U.S. Corps of		
e. Other (Specify) - CDOT Grant	644,713	f. Other Federal	Lingineers	
f. Total (a. through e.)	850,544	g. Total (a. through f.)		
4. Total $(1. + 2. + 3.f)$	2,230,820	3. Total $(1. + 2.g)$		
	2,230,020	3. Total (1. + 2.5)		(Carry forward to page 1)
III. DISBURSEMENTS F	OR ROAD AND ST	TREET PURPOSES -	DETAIL	
		ON NATIONAL	OFF NATIONAL	
		HIGHWAY	HIGHWAY	TOTAL
		SYSTEM	SYSTEM	
		(a)	(b)	(c)
.1. Capital outlay:				
a. Right-Of-Way Costs				
b. Engineering Costs			778,933	778,9
c. Construction:				47.0
(1). New Facilities			15,873	15,8
(2). Capacity Improvements			724,599	724,5
(3). System Preservation			2,066,587	2,066,5
(4). System Enhancement & Operati			0	
		0	2,807,059	2,807,0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (2)$			2 5 9 5 00 2	2 5 9 5 0
	. + 1.c.5)	0	3,585,992	3,585,99 (Carry forward to page 1)

II.A.3.b.5 - Include Specific Ownership Tax of \$416,734 and County Road & Bridge Tax of \$259,088

II.C.3.e. - CDOT Grant - Project Number SHE M810-009 - Received only \$167,647.68 (remainder is billed but not received at 12/31/17)

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)